8-21-2012

U.S. Drought Monitor, August 21, 2012

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The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

Drought Impact Types:
- S = Short-Term, typically <6 months (e.g. agriculture, grasslands)
- L = Long-Term, typically >6 months (e.g. hydrology, ecology)

Intensity:
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Drought - Moderate
- D2 Drought - Severe
- D3 Drought - Extreme
- D4 Drought - Exceptional

Released Thursday, August 23, 2012
Author: Michael Brewer/Liz Love-Brotak NOAA/NESDIS/NCDC
U.S. Corn Areas Experiencing Drought

Reflects August 21, 2012
U.S. Drought Monitor data

Approximately 86% of the corn grown in the U.S. is within an area experiencing drought, based on historical NASS crop production data.

- Major areas combined account for 75% of the total national production annually.
- Major and minor areas combined account for 99% of the total national production annually.

Major and minor agricultural areas are derived from NASS county-level crop production data from 2006 to 2010. Additional information on these agricultural data can be found at: http://www.nass.usda.gov.

Mapped drought areas are derived from the U.S. Drought Monitor product and do not depict the intensity of drought in any particular location. More information on the Drought Monitor can be found at: http://www.drought.unl.edu/dm/monitor.html.
Approximate Percentage of Corn Located in Drought *
August 21, 2012

Crop production percentages and associated drought intensities

* Drought percentages were calculated from U.S. Drought Monitor (USDM) data for the above date. More information on the USDM is available at http://www.drought.unl.edu/dm/monitor.html.

State contributions to national production (percentages in parentheses) are based upon National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) 5-year averages from 2006-2010. More information on NASS data can be found at http://www.nass.usda.gov/.
U.S. Soybean Areas Experiencing Drought

Reflects August 21, 2012
U.S. Drought Monitor data

Approximately 83% of the soybeans grown in the U.S. is within an area experiencing drought, based on historical NASS crop production data.

Major and minor agricultural areas are derived from NASS county-level crop production data from 2006 to 2010. Additional information on these agricultural data can be found at: http://www.nass.usda.gov/.

Mapped drought areas are derived from the U.S. Drought Monitor product and do not depict the intensity of drought in any particular location. More information on the Drought Monitor can be found at: http://www.drought.unl.edu/dm/monitor.html.

- Major areas combined account for 75% of the total national production annually.
- Major and minor areas combined account for 99% of the total national production annually.

USDA Agricultural Weather Assessments
World Agricultural Outlook Board
Approximate Percentage of Soybeans Located in Drought *
August 21, 2012

Crop production percentages and associated drought intensities

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<th>State</th>
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<th>Severe Drought (D2)</th>
<th>Extreme Drought (D3)</th>
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* Drought percentages were calculated from U.S. Drought Monitor (USDM) data for the above date. More information on the USDM is available at http://www.drought.unl.edu/dm/monitor.html.

State contributions to national production (percentages in parentheses) are based upon National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) 5-year averages from 2006–2010. More information on NASS data can be found at http://www.nass.usda.gov.
U.S. Hay Areas Experiencing Drought

Reflects August 21, 2012
U.S. Drought Monitor data

Approximately 63% of the domestic hay acreage is within an area experiencing drought, based on NASS 2007 Census of Agriculture data.

- Major areas combined account for 75% of the total national acreage.
- Major and minor areas combined account for 99% of the total national acreage.

Major and minor agricultural areas are based on NASS 2007 Census of Agriculture data. Counties shaded in gray contain data that are not published by NASS, and hence were not used in delineating the major and minor agricultural areas. Additional information on these agricultural data can be found at: http://www.agcensus.usda.gov/.

Mapped drought areas are derived from the U.S. Drought Monitor product and do not depict the intensity of drought in any particular location. More information on the Drought Monitor can be found at: http://www.drought.unl.edu/dm/monitor.html.
Approximate Percentage of Hay Located in Drought *
August 21, 2012

* Drought percentages were calculated from U.S. Drought Monitor (USDM) data for the above date. More information on the USDM is available at http://www.drought.unl.edu/dm/monitor.html.

State contributions to national production (percentages in parentheses) are based upon National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) 2007 Census of Agriculture data. More information on NASS data can be found at http://www.nass.usda.gov/.
U.S. Cattle Areas Experiencing Drought

Reflects August 21, 2012
U.S. Drought Monitor data

Approximately 72% of the domestic cattle inventory is within an area experiencing drought, based on NASS 2007 Census of Agriculture data.

Major and minor agricultural areas are based on NASS 2007 Census of Agriculture data. Counties shaded in gray contain data that are not published by NASS, and hence were not used in delineating the major and minor agricultural areas. Additional information on these agricultural data can be found at: http://www.agcensus.usda.gov.

Mapped drought areas are derived from the U.S. Drought Monitor product and do not depict the intensity of drought in any particular location. More information on the Drought Monitor can be found at: http://www.drought.unl.edu/dm/monitor.html.

- Major areas combined account for 75% of the total national inventory.
- Major and minor areas combined account for 99% of the total national inventory.
Approximate Percentage of Cattle Located in Drought *
August 21, 2012

State contributions to the total national inventory (percentages in parentheses) are based upon National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) 2007 Census of Agriculture data. More information on NASS data can be found at http://www.nass.usda.gov/.

* Drought percentages were calculated from U.S. Drought Monitor (USDM) data for the above date. More information on the USDM is available at http://www.drought.unl.edu/dm/monitor.html.