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ARD News February 2003

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Agricultural Research Division News

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February 2003

Volume 36, Number 1

Comments from the Bean

Dear Colleagues:

The period from January 1 to March 15 is the most hectic time of the year for members of the IANR Deans Council. In addition to the normal amount of meetings, e-mail and correspondence, we are reviewing all of the Annual Reports of Faculty Accomplishments (ARFA), conducting Planning Sessions for all units, and writing performance evaluations of unit administrators. This is written as an explanation of why the Deans are not as available to you as they are normally and why a response from us may not be as timely as usual. It is refreshing to read ARFAs and Unit Planning Sessions reports that contain descriptions of the wonderful accomplishments of our faculty members. We all need a lift in spirits, given the budget situation, and I receive that from the enthusiasm evident in the ARFAs of many faculty members.

The federal funding situation continues to be murky. Prior to adjournment in December, Congress had passed only two of 13 FY2003 appropriations bills, although the fiscal year started October 1 . A series of continuing resolutions has provided funding to USDA agencies at levels no more than the FY 2002 appropriation. Congress has decided to package the remaining appropriations bills into an "Omnibus Appropriation" and has appointed a large Conference Committee to resolve differences in funding between the House and Senate versions of the appropriations bills. The Senate version of the USDA-CSREES appropriation is much more favorable than the House version. Included in the Senate version is a \$44 million increase in the NRI, a \$5.5 million increase in Hatch Act funding, and \$60 million for an IFAFS-like program. We are hoping that the Senate version prevails but the proposed tax cut, ballooning budget deficit and possibility of war may result in appropriations that are at the FY 2002 levels.

The President's budget for FY 2004 is very much status quo for agricultural research. The only encouraging sign was a recommendations that the NRI be funded at \$200 million — an \$80 million increase from FY 2002. Unfortunately, the President's budget did not fund IFAFS for FY 2004.

The University of Nebraska System is making strong efforts to obtain additional state-specific grants for our programs. I am proud that 10 ARD projects were among the requests presented to the Nebraska Congressional Delegation in January. Of these projects, five are collaborative efforts with other states in the region. We are hopeful that several of these large projects will receive funding. Although these state-specific projects do not eliminate the need for competitive grant awards, the proposed grants will allow ARD faculty to conduct research in highly important areas not currently listed in RFAs distributed by federal agencies.

Darrell W. Nelson

Dean and Director

Endeavors

For a number of years, Vicki Miller of CIT has written and coordinated printing of Endeavors, an important accomplishment reporting publication of the Agricultural Research Division. Endeavors provides short reports of significant research findings from ARD faculty. Each year, this eight-page document highlights the accomplishments of 25 to 30 research projects. The 2002-2003 publication features a broad range of research from alternative crops to the impacts of consolidation in the food processing industry.

Endeavors is the principal publication provided to members of the Nebraska Legislature to report on the impacts of Nebraska's investment in agricultural





research. Likewise, we use the publication in our meetings with the Nebraska Congressional Delegation and their staffs. It also has been used as the basis for discussions with IANR clientele and support groups. Copies are available for use by unit administrators and

faculty in their meetings with unit external advisory committees or other clientele groups. Please contact the ARD office if you would like copies.

Research Division was recently published. Although

this report is required by legislation that established

the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station on March 31, 1887, it is published primarily as a means to

The 116th Annual Report for the Agricultural

116th ARD Annual Report

decision makers. The publication also serves as a historical record of faculty accomplishments, active projects, faculty and graduate student recognition and outputs from the research program. The annual report is sent to a wide range of people including the Governor, members of the Nebraska

communicate faculty research accomplishments to key

Legislature, the Nebraska Congressional Delegation, University of Nebraska Board of Regents, NU and UNL administrators, state agency directors, USDA officials, ARS collaborators, experiment station direc-

tors in other states and selected IANR clientele. Copies of the annual report have been provided to each unit administrator for circulation to faculty. Anyone interested in having a personal copy of the report should

William G. Whitmore Student Travel Endowment

contact the ARD office at 2-2045.

The William G. Whitmore memorial fund was established at the University of Nebraska Foundation in 1980 as a memorial to William G. Whitmore, a member of the University of Nebraska Board of Regents from 1902-1916. The fund designates several potential uses. Additional donations and endowment income has

accumulated to a level that grants now can be made available. After discussions with the Agricultural Research Division Advisory Council, it has been

decided to use part of these funds to establish a travel grant program for graduate students within IANR whose advisor or co-advisor has an ARD research

given to graduate students who are personally presenting the results of their research and/or scholarly investigations.

The Whitmore Research Travel Committee makes grants for expenses, including transportation (which is not to exceed coach class airfare), registration, lodging meals, etc. Grants under this program are limited to a maximum of \$500 per individual per fiscal year.

Twenty-two students applied for the travel award. These five IANR students received the William G. Whitmore Memorial Award for travel during July 1 -December 31, 2002:

Brent J. Gortzen \$300.00 Institute of Behavior and Applied Management, Denver, CO — AgLEC

Kyle J. Vander Pol

Department \$500.00 American Society of Animal Science National Meeting, Quebec City, Canada — Animal Science

Derek Petry Congress on Genetics \$500.00

Applied to Livestock Production, Montpellier, France — Animal Science \$500.00 Congress on Genetics Applied to Livestock Production, Montpellier, France --- Animal Science

\$500.00 Annual Meeting of the American Society for Virology, Lexington, KY -Veterinary and Biomedical Sciences The following IANR students received the William

Travis B. Farran

Janice Rumph

Melissa A. Inman

G. Whitmore Memorial Award for travel during February 1 — June 30, 2003 as follows: \$430.00 Annual Meeting of the Midwestern Sections of the

American Society of Animal Science and Dairy Science Assn., Des Moines, IA., — Animal Science

Kimberly M. Hargrave \$500.00 Experimental Biology/ American Society for Nutritional Sciences in San Diego, CA — Animal Science

\$500.00

Bruce DeGroot Joint Annual Meeting of the American Dairy Science and American Society of Animal Science, Phoenix, AZ — Animal Science

appointment. In accordance with the donor instructions, this program will support attendance to professional society meetings in the fields of animal science, agricultural education and leadership, and veterinary and biomedical sciences. Priority for grants will be

How to State the Value of Your Research The December 2002 issue of ARD news contained an excerpt from a white paper sponsored by the National Association of State Universities and Land Grant Colleges (NASULGC), Experiment Station Committee on Organization and Policy (ESCOP). The paper is: McKenzie, David R.; How to State the Value of Your Research, Topic 1, Advocating for Science, a Series on Science Communication, March 2002. The following article is an additional excerpt from

the same paper giving additional points on how to

nizations as well as reporting value and impacts of

completed research to sponsors and supervisors.

relate to communicating with potential funding orga-

How to State the Value of Your Research

state the value of your research. These points can

\$500.00 Association for Research in

Sciences

The next call for these travel funds will be sent to

the unit administrators around the second week in

Ft. Lauderdale, FL -

Vision and Ophthalmology,

Veterinary and Biomedical

A Check List (of What to Include)

by David R. McKenzie

Cnao-Wei Chen

April.

Here is a check list of what should be found in a

But, every good statement on the value of one's research should: Name your donors: State your donors' names and repeat them as appropriate, especially when you are in a public setting. It never hurts to give your donors

statement on the value of a research project. I leave it

to you to figure out the logical flow of the information.

public recognition or to note their thoughtful wisdom by investing in your work. Thank your donors: It always pays to be grateful for the resources your donors have invested in you. This is usually given as money, but it also could be as in-kind donations (e.g., laboratory space, computer access) or human resources (e.g., technical advisors, student workers). And, if the money was given without restrictions, you have an even greater obligation to

point out how wisely the money has been invested. State your goals: In addition to taking into account your donor's goals, it is important to state up-front your project's goals. What are the intentions of the

State again the importance of your research: The

justification for investing in your project was no doubt based on some "Statement of Importance," or "Statement of Justification" found in your original proposal. You will need to clearly re-establish your topic's importance to the donor(s). Failing to do that convinc-

work in terms of outcomes and impacts? Exactly what

Attach your work to their goals: You must show

how working on your goals is contributing to complet-

ing your donor's goals. That is what they will want to see; the linkages of these two sets of goals, through

your work. You should already know why they chose

to invest in your project. Was it to alleviate poverty?

To make food safer? To reduce farmers' dependency on pesticides? Be sure to state the link between their

Describe your project's organization: A short

statement on how you have organized your activities is necessary to assure the donor(s) that you are not wasting their money through some organizational in-

Share your research strategies: Most research

activities have implicit, if not explicit, research strate-

gies. You should not assume that your donors would

easily guess your research strategies. You need to tell

them and explain why those strategies are important

State your accomplishments: Scientists tend to

they forget to state what has been accomplished so far.

When accomplishments are left unstated, the impres-

sion donors get is nothing has been done. That's a bad

been accomplished and what it means in terms of the donor's goals. Be sure to share credit with your part-

move. Spell out in a logical statement just what has

focus on what needs to be done next, and too often

are you trying to do?

goals and your goals.

efficiency.

to the project.

ners.

ingly may cost you the continuation of your funding. Verify the importance of your work: Quantitative information obtained in the course of conducting your research may be very useful for documenting the

importance. But, testimonials by the individuals

importance of the work. Measurement of effects and estimates of changes are most useful indicators of

impacted by your work are also worthwhile. Example are crop farmers who are grateful for no longer being dependent on daily pesticide sprays, or photos of children no longer exposed to pesticide drift. Describe your efficiencies: Everyone wants to hea

that his or her money is being well-spent. This axiom i especially true for donors. For example you might tell of how the costs of sample analysis were reduced through some innovation. Or you might have saved money by partnering with another institution. But be

sure you can document your claims. Tell of the actions taken: What implementation steps, corrective actions, mitigations, remedies or policy changes have been enacted to improve the operation of your research project? You will need to tell of changes under way, or anticipated improvements, even when research is not yet completed. The intent here is to provide assurances that proper attention to management principles is being observed.

State your discoveries: Scientifically disclosed facts that give new understanding, new knowledge revealed and what it means, or new technologies developed and how they can be used are but a few categories of research outputs that need to be clearly stated to your donors as your research discoveries. This should form the centerpiece of your presentation, and should clearly establish the research progress that has been made.

Describe the (anticipated) outcomes: Estimates of the return on investments (ROI), counterfactual analy-

ses, and cost-benefit and risk-benefit assessments, even when preliminary, are helpful for establishing the value of your research as outcomes. A \$250,000 research project that is showing the potential for saving millions of dollars in reduced pesticide costs is a great story to tell as a donor's "return on investment". And, for this example, the associated social, health, and environmental benefits of the reduced pesticide dependency should be described as well. Be sure to be clear on stating the outcomes that are ex ante (predicted) versus those that are ex post (actual).

direction), you should point out those changes to your donor(s). And you should be sure to spell out why the changes are being implemented, especially if it is intended to strengthen the project, or if it will use their money more effectively or more efficiently.

Give them a summary: The public speaking advice to "tell them what you are going to say; say it; and then tell them what you just said" has merit in most

Reveal your plans and next steps: If you are planning changes (e.g., to take on new partners, address

the next set of research objectives, change the project's

then tell them what you are going to say; say it; and then tell them what you just said" has merit in most applications. Telling them what you have just said, in a summary statement, is a very good way to leave them with your bottom line message. Your summary statement should list your accomplishments, link those accomplishments to their goals, and state where you are going from there. You should note the broad applicability of your research (if appropriate), and state the general applications of your current and anticipated research findings. Finally, you should do yourself a

favor by stating your need for continued (or more) resources, while hinting at how hard you are working.

Make a pledge: The final point to include in your statement on the value of your research should be your pledge to deliver the goods. Your donors view your

project as an investment, not a gift. You need to clearly pledge your commitment to their investment deci-

New or Revised Projects

sions.

2002

The following station projects were approved recently by the USDA Current Research Information System (CRIS):

NEB-12-293 (Agronomy and Horticulture) Assessing
Nitrogen Mineralization and Other Diagnostic

NEB-12-293 (Agronomy and Horticulture) Assessing Nitrogen Mineralization and Other Diagnostic Criteria to Refine Nitrogen Rates for Crops and Minimize Losses Investigator: Daniel T. Walters Status: New Hatch project that contributes to regional

project NC-218 effective October 1, 2001

NEB-13-157 (Animal Science) Management Systems to Improve the Economic and Environmental Sustainability of Dairy Enterprises

Investigator(s): Richard J. Grant and H. Douglas Jose

project NC-1119 effective October 1, 2002

NEB-14-123 (Veterinary and Biomedical Sciences)
Develop Pre-Harvest Version of the USDA-FSIS Fast
Antibiotic Screening Test and Antibiotic Residue
Avoidance Education
Investigator: Dickey D. Griffin
Status: New USDA Grant effective September 15, 2002
NEB-14-126 (Veterinary and Biomedical Sciences)

Status: New Hatch project that contributes to regional

Pathogenesis of Bovine Viral Diarrhea Virus and Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections Investigator: Clayton L. Kelling Status: New Animal Health Project effective October 1,

NEB-16-095 (Food Science and Technology) HACCP Training and Research to Assist Meat Processors with Process Deviations for Lethality and Stabilization Investigator(s): H. Thippareddi and Dennis E. Burson

Status: New USDA Competitive Grant effective September 19, 2002 NEB-17-079 (Entomology) Dynamic Soybean Pest Management for Evolving Agricultural Technologies and Cropping Systems

Investigator(s): Leon Higley and Tom Hunt Status: New Hatch project that contributes to regional project S-1010 effective October 1, 2002 NEB-21-069 (Plant Pathology) Characterization of

NEB-21-069 (Plant Pathology) Characterization of Wheat Leaf Rust Virulence in Nebraska and Its Implication for Breeding for Resistance

Investigator: John E. Watkins Status: Revised Hatch project effective October 1, 2002	Endowment via UN Foundation Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each	.14,000 74,352
NEB-40-017 (School of Natural Resource Sciences) Impacts of <i>Pinus ponderosa</i> Establishment on	Agricultural Research Development Center Duncan, Dan — Barta Bros. Fund via UN Foundation	30,000
Ecosystem Functions in the Sandhills of Nebraska Investigator(s): Tala N. Awada and David A. Wedin Status: New McIntire-Stennis project effective September 1, 2002	Animal Science Beermann, Donald — USDA/ARS through Colorado State University Erickson, Galen and Terry Klopfenstein — Cargill, Inc. Johnson, Rodger, John Weber, Fernando Osorio and Alan Doster — Nebraska Pork Board	28,939 24,375 21,000
NEB-40-018 (School of Natural Resource Sciences) Agrochemicals in Nebraska Ground Water: Occurrence, Trends, and Health Associations Investigator: Mary Exner-Spalding	Jones, Steve and Chris Calkins — National Cattlemen's Beef Association Miller, Phil — Nebraska Pork Board Scheideler, Sheila — Mussehl Poultry Research Endowment via UN Foundation	122,875 12,000 31,260
Status: New Hatch Project effective July 1, 2002	Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each	29,338
NEB-40-019 (School of Natural Resource Sciences) Evaluation and Remediation of Chemically Compromised Soil Environments Investigator: Pat Shea Status: New Hatch project effective July 1, 2002	Biological Systems Engineering Adamchuk, V.I. — John Deere Product Engineering Center Koelsch, Rick — Nebraska Pork Board Martin, Derrel and William Kranz — USDA/NRCS Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each	14,500 16,155 25,000 18,525
NEB-91-056 (Nutritional Science and Dietetics) Nutrient Bioavailability — Phytonutrients and Beyond Investigator: Judy Driskell	Biochemistry Banerjee, Ruma — NIH Stone, Julie — NSF Weeks, Donald — Consortium For Plant Biotechnology Research	1,486,317 35,000 78,000
Status: New Hatch project effective October 1, 2002, that contributes to regional project W-1002	Biometry Marx, David — USDA/ARS Marx, David — Rivers Corporation, Inc.	40,000 60,000
NEB-92-037 (Family and Consumer Sciences) Couple Relationships in the Latter Half of Life Investigator: Li-Wen Lin Status: New Hatch project effective August 1, 2002	Entomology Kamble, Shripat — Dow Agro Sciences, Inc. Siegfried, Blair — Consortium for Plant Biotechnology Research Inc.	15,000 47,000
Grants and Contracts Received	Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each Food Science and Technology Benson, Andrew — USDA/NRI Hutkins, Robert, Andrew Benson and Rod Moxley — USDA/NRI Zeece, Michael — Mussehl Poultry Research Endowmer via UN Foundation	60,595 260,236 38,150 nt 14,500
December 2002 and January 2003	Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each Northeast Research and Extension Center Shelton, David P. — Alan and Irene Williams Endowment via UN Foundation Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each Nutritional Science and Dietetics Lewis, Nancy — USDA/ARS Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each	14,991 36,900 40,000 3,000
Agricultural Economics Perrin, Richard and Jim Roberts — USDA/ARS \$90,000 Royer, Jeff — Farm Credit Services via UN Foundation Supalla, Ray — USDA/ARS 20,000 Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each 5,050	Panhandle Research and Extension Center Baltensperger, David — High Plains Grass Seed Association Harveson, Robert M. — Anna H. Elliott via UN Foundation Harveson, Robert M. — Western Sugar Company Hibbert Grantes — Pophendle Chicago Company	39,000 10,000 28,000
Agronomy/Horticulture Cassman, Ken — USDA/ARS 100,000 Dobermann, A. — Foundation for Agronomic Research via UN Foundation 25,000 Russell, W. Kenneth — Anna H. Elliott Fund via	Hibberd, Charles — Panhandle Chicory Growers Association Wilson, Robert — BASF Corporation Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each	15,675 20,000 111,600
UN Foundation 15,000 Schacht, Walter, Lowell Moser and Jerry Volesky —	Plant Pathology Vidaver, Anne K. — USDA/ARS Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each	92,490 15,800
Nebraska Department of Roads 61,912 Specht, James — USDA/ARS 59,748 Wortmann, Charles — Alan and Irene Williams	School Natural Resource Sciences Hoagland, Kyle — NPS/CESU Kuzelka, Bob — The Groundwater Foundation Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each	12,000 10,000 3,000

West Central Research and Extension Center Ecophysiological Determinants of Corn - Velvetleaf Adams, Don C. — Helen Porter Van Spronssen via UN Foundation Competition for Nitrogen and Light — \$234,136 10,000 Payero, Jose O. — UN Foundation 70,000 Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each 14,721 Robert G. Wilson, Gary L. Hein and Robert M. Grand Total \$4,179,648 **Harveson** — USDA/NRI — Use of Patterns of Fructar Metabolism in Roots of Canada Thistle to Develop Integrated Control Strategies in Cropland and Range Proposals Submitted for Federal Ecosystems — \$200,646 Grants Emily J.H. Ross — USDA/NRI — Transcriptional Regulation of Programmed Cell Death (PCD) in Plant The following is a listing of proposals that were Development — \$90,000 submitted the past few months by faculty for federal grant programs. While not all grants will be funded, Julie M. Stone and Martin B. Dickman — USDA, we are appreciative of faculty members' outstanding NRI — Identification and Characterization of Genes efforts in submitting proposals to the various agencies. Conferring Resistance to the Fungal Toxin Fumonisin B1 — \$377,976 Lloyd Bullerman and Dojin Ryu — USDA/NRI Naturally Occurring Antifungal Agents from Lactic Raul G. Barletta and Charles J. Czuprynski — Acid Bacteria — \$227,017 USDA/NRI — Molecular Analysis of a Mycobacterium paratuberculosis Colony-morphology Attenuated Madhavan Soundararajan, Timothy J. Mutant — \$298,864 Arkebauer, John P. Markwell and Daniel T. Walters — USDA/NRI — Nonstructural Carbohydrate Han H. Asard — USDA/NRI — Biochemical Accumulation and Mobilization in Field-Grown Maize Properties and Physiological Function of Plant **-- \$282,086** Cytochromes b561 — \$311,647 Lilyan E. Fulginiti — USDA/NRI — Resources Osvaldo Jorge Lopez and Fernando A. Osorio and Functionings: Well-Being and Inequality in Rural USDA/NRI --- A Sub-Unit Vaccine and Diagnostic Nebraska — \$163,789 Tests for Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Virus (PRRSV) — \$211,052 Konstantinos Giannakas — USDA/NRI — Truthful Adoption of Agricultural Conservation Subramaniam Srikumaran — USDA/NRI — Practices in the Presence of Auditor and Producer MHC Class 1 Down-Regulation by Bovine Herpesviru Uncertainties — \$97,983 1: Viral Proteins Involved, and Underlying Mechanisms --- \$288,895 Roger Elmore, James R. Brandle, Robert M. Caldwell, Qi Steven Hu, Lenis A. Nelson and Fred Clayton L. Kelling, Amelia R. Woolums, W. Roeth — USDA/NRI — Early-Season Wind Effect Subramaniam Srikumaran, Ruben Donis and Bruce on Corn Leaf Placement, Plant Growth, and Brodersen — USDA/NRI — Apoptosis and Cellular Development — \$296,196 Immunity in BVDV and BRSV Co-Infection — \$346,944 Azzeddine M. Azzam, John R. Schroeter and J. David Aiken — USDA/NRI — State Corporate Amit Mitra — USDA/NRI — Utilization of Direct Farming Restrictions and Industry Structure — \$28,258 Repeat-Induced Gene Silencing in Plant Functional Genomics — \$233,252

38,350

185,746

98,460

29,596

200,000

865

Donald J. Lee and Alex R. Martin — USDA/NRI

Gene Sequencing and Expression of Glyphosate's

Target Enzyme (EPSPS) in Weed Species — \$197,449

Terry Mader, Anne Parkhurst and John

John L. Lindquist — USDA/NRI ---

Climatic Challenges — \$299,826

Harrington — USDA/NRI — Cattle Responses to

South Central Research and Development Center

Griffin, Dickey Dee, Susanne Hinkley, Henry Cerny

Kelling, Clayton — Schering-Plough Animal Health

Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each

and Roy Spalding - USDA/NRI

Lou, Marjorie - NIH through UNMC

Miscellaneous Grants under \$10,000 each

Osorio, Fernando A. — USDA/NRI

Veterinary and Biomedical Sciences

Corporation

Karl J. Reinhard — NSF — Evaluating the Role of Diet and Parasitism as Causal Factors for Anasazi Porotic Hyperostosis: Analysis of Coprolites from Antelope House, Arizona and Salmon Ruin, New Mexico — \$539,194

Xiao Chen Zeng and Dennis Diestler — ONR — Multiscale Computational Studies of Tribological Systems — \$225,000

Walter Schacht — University of Nebraska-Omaha through U.S. DOI and USDA — Quantifying the Effect of Fire on Grazed Nebraska Sandhills Prairie: Response of Plants and Effect on Soil Surface Stability — \$104,345

Stephen D. Danielson, James R. Brandle and Erin E. Blankenship — USDA/NRI — Habitat Enhancement for Predatory Insects of Alfalfa Pests —

\$295,765

Arkebauer, A. Dobermann, A.A. Gitelson, K.G. Hubbard, J.M.H. Knops, D.C. Rundquist, D.T. Walters, E.A. Walter-Shea and Haishun Yang — DOE/EPSCoR — Carbon Sequestration and Global Climate Change — \$975,000

S.B. Verma, R. Ballinger, K.G. Cassman, T.J.

James Stubbendieck — National Park Service — Restoration of Threadleaf Sledge — \$29,940

Terry L. Mader and Q. Steven Hu — NIGEC — Evaluating Models Predicting Livestock Output Due to Climate Change — \$270,000

Raul Barletta — US-Israel BARD — Identification and Characterization of Mycobacterium paratuberculosis Virulence Genes Expressed in vivo by Negative Selection — \$180,087

Susan Tunnell and James Stubbendieck — USEPA — Grazing as an Alternative Method for Wetland Restoration — \$100,018

Mark Kuzila — USGS — Rural and Urban Geologic Mapping of Nebraska — STATE MAP — \$220,008 **Donald A. Wilhite** — NATO — Drought as a Limiting Factor of Cereal Production — \$25,000

Galen Erickson and Rick Koelsch — USDA/NRI — Managing Phosphorus in Beef Feedlot Operations — \$29,396

P.S. Baenziger, H. Aziz, W. Schacht and J. Peake
 — ICARDA — Restoring Wheat Production and
 Grazing Land Productivity in Afghanistan — \$199,985

Janos Zempleni — NSF — Oxidative Folding of Secretary Proteins Depends on Flavins — \$221,168

Robert G. Wilson, Gary L. Hein and Robert M. Harveson — USDA-IPM — Use of Patterns of Fructan Metabolism in Roots of Canada Thistle to Develop Integrated Control Strategies in Cropland and Range Ecosystems — \$98,880

John B. Campbell — USDA/IPM through Kansas

State University — Management of Stable Fly Populations Developing in Feeding Sites of Round Bales — \$17,280 C.A. Hibberd, H. Aziz, C. Burkhart-Kriesel, J.

Peake and A. Etling — ICARDA — Training of Afghanistan Agricultural Research and Extension Scientists to Transfer Technology to Afghan Farmers and Livestock Producers — \$200,000

Ruma Banerjee — NIH — H-Tunneling in Methylmalonyl — CoA Mutase — \$37,200

Karl J. Reinhard — NSF — Evaluating the Floral Base of Chinchorro Diet: Collection of Plant and Diatom Samples — \$366,225

Diane says

Too many sound arguments are all sound.

2002 Graduate Student Survey

Graduate student data represents enrolled and non-enrolled students for the Fall 2002 semester. Only non-enrolled students actively pursuing graduate degrees within the time limit for granting degrees established by the Office of Graduate Studies are considered. The graduate program in the Agricultural Research Division (College of Agricultural Sciences and Natural Resources and the College of Human Resources and Family Sciences) increased 7.7% from the Fall Semester, 2001 to the Fall Semester, 2002. Fifty-four and 5/10 percent of the graduate students in CASNR majors are supported by assistantships (state-appropriated GRA's and GTA's; grants; fellowships; and international agency or foreign country support). Thirty-four and 7/10 percent of the students in the College of Human Resources and Family Sciences are supported. Thirty-two percent of our graduate students are not enrolled in IANR graduate majors on the sixth day of the semester.

		M.S.			Ph.D.				Total				2001 to 2002
		GTA	Other*	Self	GRA	GTA	Other*	Self	99	00	01	02	% chg
Major/Unit						•	·						
•		Co	ollege of A	Agricult	ural Scier	ices and	Natural R	esources					
Agricultural Economics	13		1	12.5	6		1	2	26	36	37	35.5	-4.1%
Agricultural Leadership, Education (1)	9	1		48	4	3		19	35	46	63	84	33.3%
Agronomy	23		2	15	18.5		6.5	10	119	98	82.5	75	-9.1%
Animal Science	25		2	13	20		10	9	88	87	85.5	<i>7</i> 9	-7.6%
Biochemistry	3			1	28	1			31	28	36	33	-8.3%
Biological Systems Engineering (2)	6		1	4.5	5.5		3	1	26	30.5	30	21	-30.0%
Biometry	11	7	1	10	1.5				15	17	15	30.5	103.3%
Entomology	9	1		66	10	0	2	6	64	<i>7</i> 5	95	94	-1.1%
Food Science and Technology	10			8	17		1	5	44	48	43.5	41	-5.7%
Horticulture (3)	3.5			5	7				15	19	12	15.5	29.2%
Master of Agriculture				10					ł			10	
Mechanized Systems Management	4			2					7	7	5	6	20.0%
Plant Pathology (4)	2		1	2	5		2		8	16	9	12	33.3%
School of Natural Resource Sciences (5)	26.5			26.5	21			14	44	64.5	57.5	88	53.0%
Veterinary and Biomedical Sciences (6)	14			7	8.5			2	36	33	40	31.5	-21.3%
Total .	159	9	8	230.5	152	4	25.5	68	558	605	611	656	7.4%
Grand Total		40	6.5		;	249.5			558	605	611	656	7.4%
			College o	f Huma	n Resour	ces and	Family Sc	iences					
Family and Consumer Sciences	17		·	26			•		35	40	36	43	19.4%
Nutritional Science and Dietetics	11	9	2	17					41	32	36	39	8.3%
Textiles, Clothing and Design - MA/MS	7	1		18					10	12	23	26	13.0%
nterdepartmental Nutrition	1				3		2	9	9	13	12	15	25.0%
nterdepartmental HRFS				24	4.5	2.5		19	36	52	52	50	-3.8%
Γotal	36	10	2	85	7.5	2.5	2	28	131	149	159	173	8.8%
Grand Total		1	.33			40			131	149	159	173	8.8%
Grand Total CASNR & HRFS	195	19	10	315.5	159.5	6.5	27.5	96	689	754	770	829	7.7%

^{*}Other includes grant support, international agency or foreign country support, and fellowships

^{(1) =} Ph.D. students obtain degrees in Teachers College.

^{(2) =} Engineering degrees are offered through the College of Engineering and Technology.

^{3) =} The Ph.D. program is in the Horticulture and Forestry major.

^{(4) =} Degrees obtained through the School of Biological Sciences.

^{(5) =} The Ph.D. program is in the Horticulture and Forestry major, or other departments.

^{(6) =} Ph.D. degrees are offered through UNMC.