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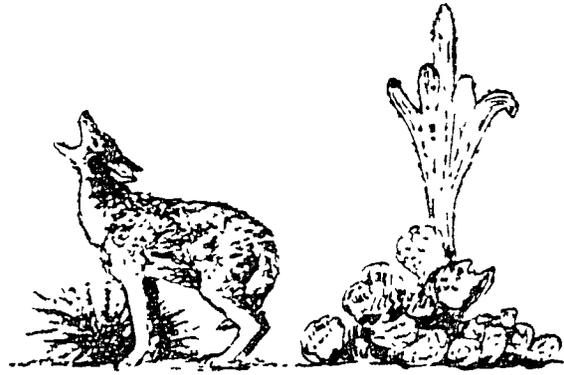


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THE PROBE



National Animal Damage Control Association

No. 26

November, 1982

THE STATE OF THE UNION

President Rost should give this, but as usual he is out of town so this flunkey will have to take over (do I sound too much like former Secretary of State Haig ?) as this will be the last pitch to those of you who do not sign up for 1983.

As of this writing, we have 182 members paid up for 1983, which is 43% of the total 1982 membership. This includes several new members, particularly more students who we are very happy to welcome. The "over-the-hill" gang can only do so much. It is those coming into the wildlife profession we would like to interest in ADC. Our finances again do not compare with those of the FUND FOR ANIMALS - - only \$2,821.08 in the kitty, but this is all free and clear as we do not have any fancy offices, unlimited expense accounts, and overpaid executives to blow it on.

Our accomplishments during the year have not been earth-shaking, but considering NADCA is run by a volunteer Executive Board that hasn't gotten the support it deserves from the profession it is championing, I think what has been done is very commendable:

1. The first annual NADCA meeting was held in conjunction with the California Vertebrate Pest Conference in Monterey last February. All the Board members attended, some at considerable personal expense, in order to redefine the objectives of NADCA.
2. NADCA furnished support for the Pacific Legal Fund in its attempt to get 1080 reregistered for use in predator control. Background materials and witnesses were provided for hearing sites. The expertise of NADCA members was most instrumental in influencing the trial judge to rule in favor of reregistration of this toxicant.
3. A Symposium on Predation was held in San Angelo, Texas, in September. The arrangements were made and the session chaired by a Board member aided by other

NADCA members. Publication of the papers presented at this meeting are being printed and will be sold at cost to anyone desiring this information.

4. Letters were sent to all Congressmen from NADCA headquarters requesting their support for the "Common Sense Amendments" to the Endangered Species Act. These amendments were passed and thus have undone the harm suffered bobcat trappers by unreasonable judicial decisions.
5. A letter writing campaign was launched to alert members about an attempt to railroad an anti-trapping bill through Congress. We feel our efforts helped as the bill died in Committee.
6. Letters were also sent to all Congressmen affected warning them of the proposed cuts in ADC monies for next Fiscal Year by unsympathetic Department of the Interior administrators.
7. Various stockmen meetings like the National Woolgrowers Association as well as individual State and local meetings were attended by Board members who furnished input when requested. NADCA was also represented at several USFWS hunter conferences.
8. Vocal and printed presentations have been made around the country listing NADCA as the sponsoring agency. Board members have also personally communicated with their legislators on ADC matters.
9. Most Board members have joined State trapper associations in an effort to get their support for ADC principles and to assist trappers and sportsmen in the common fight against legislative harassment in various states.
10. This is the ninth newsletter (THE PROBE) published this year. Over 100 pages of informative material (modesty forbids me from saying just how good they are) have been distributed in an effort to keep ADC professionals acquainted with developments in the field.

And that's that. If you haven't done so already would you please give us your support and enlist the support of others who stand to benefit by a stronger organization? *S/T Bill Fitzwater*

Diets are for people who are thick and tired of it !

DEATH IN THE EVERGLADES ?

How's that title grab you ? Just some more background on the deer problem in the Everglades where environmental mismanagement and publicity seeking animal "lovers" groups combine to louse up the situation [PROBE No. 25, pg. 2]. In the area north of Alligator Alley where the hunt was stopped, it is estimated 948 deer have died in the high waters last month and not too much hope has been given for the rest of the herd estimated at 1,500. In the area south of Alligator Alley, 807 deer were taken (723 by hunters) from an estimated herd of 4,000. It appears this reduction sufficiently relieved competitive pressure for food so only 4% of that herd has died compared to 64% for the northern herd.

Even the professionals engaged in the recapture project have agreed that such an operation is impractical when so many animals are involved. Jack Kassewitz, Jr., National Wildlife Rescue Team (NWRT), stated in court he could rescue 2,000 animals in 8 days, but now admits probably less than 50 animals would be an acceptable target for using capture and relocation as a management tool. He figures the Everglades operation cost \$8,000 making "...it about \$500 per surviving deer. If you include all the helicopters and the press, it works out to about \$10,000 per deer, I imagine." Incidentally, the media with its penchant for overkill scored low points. Vic Heller (Florida Bureau of Wildlife Land Management) says the media covered it as though it was the first deer hunt ever held in Florida. In an average year licensed hunters take out 60,000 deer from a herd ten times that size.

Our dear friend, Cleveland Amory (FUND FOR ANIMALS), has been quick to cash in on the Everglades disaster. Jack Kassewitz is a little huffy about Amory's actions. Jack claims that Amory has put out a brochure with a deer on the front and a title "FUND Stops Everglades Deer Kill". This goes on to claim how Amory saved the deer. According to Kassewitz, Amory never laid a hand on one deer. In fact Amory's choppers cost \$2,000 and Amory gave him a check for only \$1,500 so NWRT subsidized Amory's efforts. Here are some quotes from Kassewitz that I think need repeating to emphasize what a four-flusher Amory is.

"He (Amory) talks about how he negotiated the end of the hunt, which he did not do at all...It was Col. Brantley (Florida Game & Freshwater Fish Commission) who stopped the hunt (for biological, not political reasons)...The brochure is riddled with inaccuracies and I suspect lies. Not only do I suspect lies, but lies that come very close to fraudulent accusations. For example, it says in here, 'Col. Brantley, after the lawsuit was over, turned to Mr. Amory and suggested he try to take out a hundred animals.' He never did it that way...(the lawyers put me in charge, not Amory)...On the final page it talks about how expensive it was for the FUND to save all of these deer and how he needs the support of the people because of these expenses. I think that's a lie. He spent \$1,500 on direct services. Where has all that money gone that he has supposedly spent? As of last Friday (Aug. 20), they were still asking me to pay his part in the lawsuit. He hasn't even paid the \$189 necessary for the lawsuit. This seems to be a pattern of his as a media hound: to come in here, rip off the press and leave the people holding the bag who really do the work."

Amory has also charged that some hunters were roaring drunk and because of that condition were unable to make clean kills. When asked if he had observed any drunken hunters in the Everglades, Kassewitz responded: "No...80% of our catch crews were hunters. To tell you the truth, they were our best catchers. They were out there busting their butts, putting their airboats and their lives on the line...But Amory's national policy of hate hunters is known...That's what he feeds on: people's need to hate. I think it's a sickness."

Kassewitz went on to cite the Half Track Club of Dade County (a hunting organization) that is giving \$2,000 to establish a permanent fawning area so that when fawns are brought into southern Florida there would be a place for them. He said in working beside hunters in this project he came to the conclusion that most of

them are conservationists and he felt their actions had improved their image in the State.

Regarding columnist Harriet Van Horne's claim that it was only because of the political clout of hunters that the hunt was allowed, Kassewitz pointed out the federal judge who made the decision, Judge Spellman, was a conservationist and said it was the most difficult thing he was doing but it was for the sake of the herd. With regard to the media in general, Kassewitz says: "It's like yellow journalism to me. How do you fight a guy who lies?...If Amory and his people want to fight over an issue, why aren't they fighting over lowering the water in that area? That's the real issue...That's what we're fighting for down here with groups like the Half Track Club and the Florida Wildlife Federation. That's the real issue. It's not hunter versus anti-hunter - unless, of course, you're trying to make money off it." Gee, I wish I'd said all that!

The Wildlife Management Institute (WMI) notes the Humane Society is proposing to ban future emergency deer hunts. I guess they would much rather let the deer feed the alligators and buzzards than productively harvest them. As Hair of WMI points out, the problem is not whether hunting is right or wrong, but is in the severe degradation of the area's water system by the dredging, filling, and channelization during the last 100 years. - - *Thanx to Harry Pratt, National Rifle Association Reports from Washington, Wildlife Legislative Fund of America Newsletter, and Wildlife Management Institute News Release.*

A reformer is someone who wants his conscience to be your guide.

HELP !!!!

Bob Schmidt who is now at the University of California-Davis would like some help on a survey he is conducting on mammal problems at airports. He is interested in the mammal species that could be involved, the type and extent of damage, specific or general management procedures, problems, information on seasonal influences, etc. If you have any information along these lines would you please write to Robert Schmidt, Wildlife:Fisheries Biology, Univ. of Calif., Davis, CA 95616 ?

Bob also got sucked in doing the revision of the section on shrews for the Great Plains ADC Handbook. He would appreciate any suggestions or references you might have on managing these animals [YE ED also was assigned the House Sparrow for the same Handbook and would appreciate any information on this species.]

A man with holes in his socks usually has a wife who doesn't give a darn !

FALCONHURST

Like the soap opera of the same name, a recent scandal in Bucks County, PA ended up in an out of court settlement. Bear Blazick overcoming several physical obstacles placed in his way managed to seduce I. P. Leavens. The circumstances surrounding the birth of an unusually large number of offspring was so traumatic that the mother had to have a hysterectomy. The out of court settlement of only \$350 (Ms Leavens was suing for \$20,000) included child support, dog food, and

veterinarian care [oh! did I mention that Bear was a black Laborador and I. P. (Ice Princess) was a purebred Alaskan malamute?]. Well I guess lawyers just like to keep busy. *Albuquerque Tribune, 23 Sept. 82*).

Prayer should never be taken out of school. That's the only way I got through.

ENDRIN IN ORCHARDS

Milt Webster (Mercer Island, WA) sent me a clipping from the *Seattle Times* (29 Aug 82) speaking out against the use of endrin in orchard mouse control. The article points out that almost 17,000 gallons of the stuff were sprayed in State orchards last year to kill meadow voles attacking orchard trees. A number of dead quail, owls, and hawks found near orchard areas had high levels of endrin in their systems. This is a toxic material (LD50 for pigeons is 2-6 mg/kg) and a very persistent one. The editorial repeated the endrin incident in Montana where 125,000 acres of wheatland sprayed with an insecticide resulted in very high levels in waterfowl.

At the risk of being branded a traitor to the ADC cause, I have never felt endrin was a legitimate orchard mouse control measure (Milt agrees with this philosophy). One of the arguments I always used in EPA was vertebrate pest control, in general, posed little danger to humans or the environment. While the toxicants are deadly against vertebrates, they are used in much smaller amounts and areas than insecticides or herbicides. Endrin was the only possible exception when used as a ground spray that I was aware of. While I have no experience with the Washington meadow vole problem I am well acquainted with its eastern cousins. Even in the "old days" we got sufficient protection for orchards using that old standby, zinc phosphide, if it was properly used. I feel if we are to be rated as professionals, we must stand up and be counted sometimes when we feel control measures are potentially creating more problems than they solve.

One of the best ways for a woman to catch a man is to keep her trap shut.

ANYBODY NEED A PET BEAVER ?

The Rupert Beaver Farms (Heyburn, ID) had to declare bankruptcy as it was costing too much to feed their beavers and the price of fur had dropped (so what else is new?). Instead of attempting to liquidate the assets, Humane Society Director Max Finch has been trying to give them away as "pets"! As Max says: "People are sympathetic to beavers. They're a terrific animal. Why would you want to kill a nice animal like that?" I wonder what Max will say when he finds his bathtub running over behind the dam built with his coffee table legs? There might also be a problem in convincing a 50-pound rodent it is not a lap dog and it should not make castor scent piles on the dining room table.

Jeff Kelly of Station KPSI, Palm Springs, CA (whereelse?) said it right when he advertised the beavers' plight: "People out there are fanatics about things like that. They'll save anything." All too true. An Idahoan has offered to turn over 150 acres into a home for the 750 beavers. That's 0.2 acre per beaver and if it's timbered, it is probably all juniper. It would look like a Manhattan subway

at 5:00 PM. We wish them luck on the project and hope they continue to devote their time and money to more such outstanding projects as this. *Thanx to Joe Packham and Harry Pratt (this item even made the Atlanta papers).*

Pins are crazy - - they're pointed one end and headed the other.

ALASKA

The Wildlife Legislative Fund of America (WLFA) latest newsletter has an alert for some upcoming legislation in Congress of a more positive nature for a change. After the election, the Alaskan congressmen are introducing bills to overturn some injustices of the 1980 legislation which closed vast areas to sport hunting in that State. Senator Ted Stevens (R-AK) emphasizes the bill would affect only hunting rights and not open these areas to commercial exploitation or interfere with tourist-use as claimed by the anti-hunters. The intent is to change these areas from "park" to "park/preserve" status. This would permit sport hunting, but not cutting, drilling, or mining. Subsistence hunting is permitted today in these areas. WLFA points out this is a big bill for sportsmen even if you never expect to hunt in Alaska. How well they can persuade Congress to go along with their views will indicate the fate of other anti-bills which will eventually crop up in Congress in the future. *WLFA Newsletter, Sept. 1982.*

Political conventions consist of a donkey, an elephant, and a lot of bull.

DOUBLESPEAK

Outside of an addiction to acronyms of government agencies because I'm a lazy typist, YE ED is hopefully not guilty of such gems of Washington bureaucracy as: "The purpose of the program is to develop an analytical structure which will permit the optimum allocation of funds among the possible components of a war on poverty and to design a client profile analysis and feedback mechanism that will permit the optimum program mix." [YE ED thinks that means: Get a system to get the money to the really needy.] My favorite people, politicians and Howard Cosell, revel in confounding their audiences by using five words where one would do. For example, California Gov Jerry Brown when asked if his 1976 presidential campaign wasn't really aimed at 1980 replied: "My equation is sufficiently complex to admit of various outcomes." [I'll take whatever I can get.] Jimmy Carter's public relations manual urges campaign workers to "...organize spontaneous cheering."

Another guilty group includes the economist reporting on a 10% rise in food prices: "It doesn't indicate things are getting worse; but it cancels out the hope that things are getting better!" [I don't know what it means!] The military in covering up their operations use "limited air interdiction" [bombing] and "hostile refugees" [women and children forced from their homes by military actions.] Corporations say "...a new commitment to socially desirable objectives." [We are forced to change our practices to conform with new air pollution regulations.] and "...eliminating recent redundancies in the human resources area." [We've got to fire a few people.] The nuclear power industry downplays the dangers with "abnormal evolution or normal aberration" [a reactor accident], "rapid oxidation" [fire], or "energetic disassembly" [explosion]. My point is life would be simpler and cheaper if we could get people

to communicate in simple messages rather than hiding behind "doublespeak". *Modern Maturity* 25:5:63-4 (1982)

The difference between gossip and news is whether you hear it or tell it.

ERADICATE, SUPPRESS, DESTROY

That's the title of an article by Jim Doherty [AUDUBON, Sept. 1982, pg. 101-7] and it sets the tone for what you might expect. Despite his avowed neutralist stance and his quoting ADC people, he carefully arranges rebuttal material directly behind any positive statements. Like most writers (present company included), he has an exaggerated opinion of his effectiveness as he coyly remarks that the appearance of this "...strange new varmit (over 6 feet, 150 pounds, yellow hair, big teeth, and blue notebook) posed a real threat to trappers, Rightmire (USFWS State Supervisor, Montana) warned in a staff memo." Lee Overcast was one of his problems by refusing to show the dude around suggesting instead he ought to do a story on some of the writers who had misquoted Lee in the past. He wasn't too happy with Bill Rightmire either, but admitted he had been warned in Washington (Whose side are those people on anyway?) that a hostile attitude towards the press "at the state and local level" was to be expected. So he whines about accountability as though it was a one-way street.

As he states it, this "war" has killed "...millions of coyotes, thousands of wolves, mountain lions and bears galore..." He feels the ADC program escalated year by year because "...few people realized how indiscriminate and widespread the slaughter was. Throughout the forties and fifties, government trappers threaded their way back and forth across the West on horseback like so many toxic Johnny Appleseeds, sowing their baits..." (real objective little critter, ain't he?). This resulted in "...screwing up things for other creatures..." He mentions a whole list of sacred cows including "...pet dogs were disappearing, and some ranchers even began to fret about their kids... Thus ADC people became sufficiently alarmed about the die-off of nontarget animals to issue strict restrictions on the use of thallium sulfate in the field. A number of trappers went right on doing business as usual. Bringing them to heel proved to be such a difficult task that thallium sulfate eventually had to be dropped altogether."

But then that horrible 1080 entered the scene. "Since there is no evidence 1080 bait stations even made a serious dent in industry-wide losses, a reasonable person might ask why sheep industry spokesmen insist it is just the thing for what ails them. 'Because it's the code of the hills!' exclaims a disgruntled wildlife biologist (get that man's name, rank and serial number!) 'Face it - - 1080 has become one of the great myths of the West, and for that reason the battle over it today is as symbolic as it is real.'" (that I have to agree with). Doherty ends with a warning from that great biologist, Cynthia Wilson, that poisoning is not accepted by the general public and if 1080 is released the public will rise against it. *Thanx to Don Spencer.*

I just take one day at a time - - that's all I can afford.

TALK ABOUT A MOUTHFUL

A 14-year old boy herding his father's goats in Natal, South Africa was suddenly surrounded by a python. With his hands occupied, he apparently grabbed the python's neck in his teeth and hung on until the python expired before it could crush him. According to the article, he showed up in Pinetown with his family carrying the python in a crate big enough for 35 dozen eggs. [In my calculations that might add up to a 13-foot python about 4 inches in diameter.] He's lucky he was in Africa. In this country, Cleveland Amory would have sued him for taking food out of the python's mouth. *Albuquerque Tribune, 18 Oct 1982.*

There's absolutely no truth to the rumor that Congress has been asked to appear on "That's Incredible."

NEWS GETS AROUND

Dr. Mike Godfrey, downunder in New Zealand, sent me a clipping from the local paper reporting on a BBC programme (the way they put extra syllables on things, Doublespeak in "English" should really blow your mind!). In it, it credits Bill Pursell (Spencer, IN) using donkeys to protect his sheep from dogs and coyotes. He put a donkey and a new born foal in with his 35 ewes and reports as the mild mannered sheep were not threatening the donkey, it adopted the whole flock. For a bonus payment of extra hay, Pursell claims he has a biting and kicking protector that chases other animals away from the flock. I'll bet he hasn't had a tiger attack recently either.

Inflation is one reason you can't take it with you. It goes before you do.

THANX

The New Mexico Cattle Grower's Association gave us a hand in their September 8, 1982 newsletter: "NADCA - If you haven't heard of them and you are interested in animal damage control, you are really missing the boat. It is a non-profit professional organization incorporated in the State of New Mexico in 1979 by retired U.S. FWS employees. It promotes ADC as a wildlife management profession. Yes, those great expert witnesses speaking on behalf of the livestock industry during the recent 1080 hearings are the leaders of this association (George Rost, Bill Fitzwater, both of Albuquerque). If you want to receive a most informative and controversial newsletter concerning ADC, we suggest you ...(join). *Gracias Laverne Piper.*

I sure surprised my wife on our anniversary - - I mentioned it.

NOT NOISY ENOUGH FOR THE RATS

The latest release from the Denver Wildlife Research Center (USFWS) indicates their preliminary trials of various commercial ultrasonic rodent repellent devices were unsuccessful. Repellency to the sounds lasted only 3-4 days followed by rapid habituation from a closed colony of 12 wild Norway rats. This study is being conducted with the cooperation (money) of EPA. We will try to keep you posted on this study as it hopefully will give a definitive answer on the utility of these devices.

Middle age is when it takes you longer to get over a good time than to have it.

OL' TIMER'S CORNER

Monty Dodson (Cookson, OK) called to say John Pickens was in the Memorial Hospital, Altus, OK with cancer in the liver and not expected to live more than a month. John was a big, humorous, tobacco-spitting, bib-overalled, Okie trapper who knew a coyote's thoughts before the coyote could think them himself. When Monte and Marge visited him, he was complaining about the bobcats taking his trap and drag for several miles in that open country. Monty told him he ought to stake his traps down, John replied: "Well ! the ol' lady needs the exercise."

Bob Isaac (Ft. Collins, CO) says he had a big year for an "ol' timer": Golden wedding anniversary (he rather grudgingly gives Beth part credit for that too); 50-year class reunion (Class '32) at the University of Wyoming homecoming in October; and 30 years as an Elk (not the hunted type) which means no more dues to pay.

Jim Lilley (Pawnee, OK) "I have enjoyed your news letter for some time. I am a Gov. trapper here in Oklahoma. I have met you several times. I think you fellows are doing a fine job keeping us informed on what is going on. The old coyotes are still after the watermelon and things, the Beaver are still cutting trees, the Pigeons still painting the sidewalks, but it is still good to be in America and have good health and lots of good friends. Keep up the good work and may God Bless and Keep you. Tell all hello." *Thanks and Amen to that, Jim.*

Bill Moffatt (Brady, TX): "Am no longer with the Texas Dept., but am helping one or two govt. trappers in their work, cleaning equipment, etc. I am still very active in trapping. Buddy, keep up the good work. I think you do a wonderful job on the PROBE." *Thank you, Bill.*

Ads say to eliminate static cling - - hell ! that's all that's keeping me together.

CANDIDATE FOR THE RARE AND ENDANGERED LIST ?

Don Fryda (Chadron, NE) sent me a beautifully illustrated recreational map of the Pine Ridge area in Nebraska put out by the Nebraska Game & Parks Commission and the U.S. Forest Service. Right in the centerfold (I always look at that section first) is a picture of a snarling coyote talking to another coyote. The caption says: "Coyotes are fairly rare in region due to extermination programs." Certainly wish we could do as good a job as the antis- give us credit for !

Trouble with many is they never open their mouths unless they have nothing to say.

NEWS FLASH ???

The trial judge has sent his recommendations on to Anne Gorsch, EPA Director. He recommends the reregistration of 1080 for use in the toxic collar and in single dose baits. Chances are EPA will approve these as the climate isn't the same as when Ruckleshaus turned down the recommendations by his man on DDT. However, we'll have to wait and see.

Environmentalists are increasingly embarrassed by animal rights' groups. They fear the latter will wreck the movement's hard-won image of responsibility. The ARs

opposition to hunting in Maine, deer hunting in Florida, and the National Zoo trying to rid its exotic animal preserve of intruding domestic deer threatens to wreck the alliance.

The Humane Society is trying to block the feds from approving a hunting season for black ducks. National Wildlife Federation has lined up with the government, arguing there's no environmental crisis warranting the stopping of hunting black ducks.

New Jersey is a real problem state for sportsmen. They have introduced bills that would grant members of humane groups power to make arrests for what they consider violations of state cruelty to animals laws. They also have two anti-trap bills (AB 1645 and SB 1575) which would prohibit the manufacture, sale, possession, and use of leghold traps in the State. Watch out, boys!

Never trust a woman who tells her real age. A woman like that will tell everything.

NOMINATIONS

Inasmuch as there have been no nominations to replace the current members of the Executive Board up for reelection (Vice President, Regional Directors for Washington, 2 and 5) and the incumbent officers have (reluctantly in some instances) agreed to continue in those positions, it has been decided to forego the time and expense of holding an election this year. The Executive Board thus will continue with the following officers until the next election in 1983:

President - G. S. Rost	Reg. 3 - N. R. Miner
V. Pres. - H. S. Ford	Reg. 4 - M. Caroline
Sec/Treas - W. D. Fitzwater	Reg. 5 - W. R. Jones
Wash. DC - D. A. Spencer	Reg. 6 - J. C. Jones
Reg. 1 - W. E. Nelson	Reg. 7 - H. A. Merrill
Reg. 2 - C. R. Madsen	

If God had intended for people to have money, he never would have invented Congressmen.

A SYMPOSIUM ON PREDATION

NADCA Regional Director Milt Caroline arranged "A Symposium on Predation" to be held on September 10 at the Texas Research and Extension Center in San Angelo, TX. This was attended by approximately fifty persons, many of whom are not regularly found at predator control meetings, such as those held by the Texas Sheep & Goat Raisers. Considerable interest was shown by the press, radio, and TV. The success of this operation was partly due to the fine cooperation of Center Director Dr. Carl Menzies and Extension Service Agricultural Communications representative Steve Byrns.

This experience strengthened our belief that a Symposium or Conference on ADC basics is needed. Such a meeting will draw from a new variety of speakers rather than those who are usually more qualified to speak on the "how-to" of management problems caused by wild birds and mammals.

Considerable interest was shown in the publication of the Proceedings and it is felt this will be a good reference when available. While the publication deadline is uncertain at this time, it is hoped the manual will be ready before the first of 1983. We have optimistically set the price at \$4.00 for NADCA members and \$5.00 for non-members. We will fill any orders received before December 1st at these prices, but after that prices will be set somewhat higher on the basis of our actual costs. The proposed contents will include:

Dr. Carl Menzies (Director, Texas Agricultural Experiment Station, San Angelo, TX)
OPENING REMARKS

George S. Rost (President, National Animal Damage Control Association, NM)
PURPOSE OF THE SYMPOSIUM

W. Bert Dennis (President, Texas Animal Damage Control Assoc., Gail, TX)
THE NEED FOR AN UNDERSTANDING OF PREDATION

Dr. Dale A. Wade (Wildlife Extension Specialist, San Angelo, TX)
Dr. Milo Shult (Wildlife Extension Specialist, College Station, TX)
PREDATION AS A WAY OF LIFE - A NATURAL PHENOMENON

Charles Winkler (Texas Parks & Wildlife Department, Austin, TX)
Dr. Dean Chamrad (Range Specialist, Texas Agricultural Extension Serv., Uvalde, TX)
L. C. Howard (Director, Texas Animal Damage Control Association, Meridan, TX)
ROLE OF PREDATORS IN WILDLIFE, LIVESTOCK & RANGE MANAGEMENT

Dr. Maurice Shelton (Geneticist, Texas Agricultural Exper. Sta., San Angelo, TX)
William D. Fitzwater (Sec/Treas, National Animal Damage Control Assoc., Albuquerque, NM)
THE WILD ANIMAL DAMAGE ENIGMA

Milton Caroline (Regional Director Reg. 4, Nat. Animal Damage Control Assn., TX)
Alvin Ashorn (Asst. Director, Department of Agriculture, Austin, TX)
LEGAL AND SOCIAL ASPECTS OF WILD ANIMAL DAMAGE

Dr. Robert Kensing (Economist, Texas Agricultural Ext. Serv., Can Angelo, TX)
ECONOMIC EFFECTS OF PREDATION ON THE FAMILY, THE COMMUNITY AND THE COUNTRY

George S. Rost (President, National Animal Damage Control Assn., Cedar Crest, NM)
Donald H. Hawthorne (Texas State Supervisor, ADC, USFWS, San Antonio, TX)
HOW AN ANIMAL DAMAGE CONTROL PROGRAM DEVELOPS AND WORKS

Dr. Dale A. Wade (Wildlife Extension Specialist, San Angelo, TX)
SUMMATION OF THE SYMPOSIUM

If you think you'll ever need a copy, please order it now and make my life a little easier.

THIS PUBLICATION IS INTENDED AS AN INFORMAL NEWSLETTER TO MEMBERS AND SUPPORTERS OF NADCA. IT IS NOT AN OFFICIAL DECLARATION OF NADCA POLICY OR CONSENSUS IN ALL INSTANCES. YE ED - *William D. Fitzwater*

We had intended to comment on the retirement of NADCA members, Eric Peacock and Bob Quiroz, before this as they retired in July, 1982. We may finally have to go through the Freedom of Information Act, but we promise to divulge the juicy facts of life on these two in the next issue of THE PROBE.

In case you haven't been listening - - this is the last issue you'll get unless you send in your dues for 1983. If the next line is marked in yellow this means you !!!

YOU ARE NO LONGER A MEMBER OF NADCA

Adios, *Adios*

To my fellow sufferers:



National
Animal
Damage
Control
Association



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