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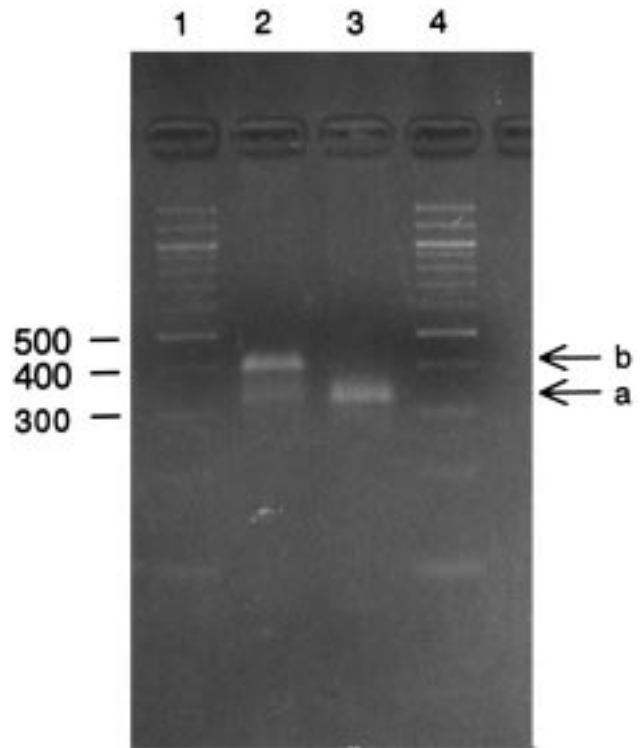


Fig. 1. Heterozygote (a/b; lane 2) and homozygote (a/a; lane 3) for kit SNP. Size standards (100 bp ladder, NEB) are in lanes 1 and 4.

A single nucleotide polymorphism in the bovine kit oncogene (Hardy-Zuckerman 4 feline sarcoma viral (v-kit) oncogene homolog)

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Source/description: Oligonucleotide primers were designed from the bovine Kit cDNA sequence (acc. D16680). Exon and intron boundaries were determined by comparison with the human KIT genomic sequence (acc. U63834).

PCR conditions and SNP analysis: Twelve microliter reactions were performed in microtiter plates with the following conditions: 80 ng genomic DNA, 50 mM KCl, 2.5 mM MgCl₂, 10 mM Tris-HCl pH = 9.0, 30 μM each of unlabeled dNTP, 0.4 μM each of two oligonucleotide primers, and 0.35 units of *Taq* polymerase. The PCR profile was 3 min at 92°C, followed by 35 cycles of 92°C for 30 s, 58°C for 30 s, and 72°C for 30 s. PCR products were digested with restriction endonuclease *Pst*I for 1 h after amplification using specifications provided by the supplier. Resulting DNA fragments were electrophoresed through 3.0% agarose gel, stained with ethidium bromide, and photographed.

Polymorphism: Two alleles have been identified ('a' and 'b', Fig. 1).

In a survey of 26 unrelated animals, allele 'b' was identified in one animal, which was heterozygous (therefore, frequencies of 'a' and 'b' are 0.98 and 0.02, respectively).

Inheritance: No deviation from codominant Mendelian inheritance was observed in 36 meioses.

Chromosomal location: KIT has been localized to bovine chromosome 6 by previous linkage (RFLP)¹ and somatic cell hybrid analysis². This reported SNP has been used to place KIT on bovine chromosome 6, between BM4621 and BM415. Based on the limited number of meioses, CRIMAP was unable to determine the more likely order between BM4621-KIT-CA028-BM415 and BM4621-CA028-KIT-BM415.

References

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- Zhang N. *et al.* (1992) *Genomics* **14**(1), 131–6.

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