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CC107 General Fertilizer Recommendations for Western Nebraska

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Nebraska

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK
IN AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS


W. V. Lambert, Director, Lincoln
General Fertilizer Recommendations for Western Nebraska
(Nonirrigated land)

Rate of Application

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Following alfalfa, clover, or 4-8 tons of manure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Following grass or grain crops</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recommended pounds of available nitrogen, phosphate, potash per acre

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corn</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>30-40</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grain sorghum</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>30-40</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheat</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None**</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>30-40</td>
<td>None**</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring grains</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None**</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>30-40</td>
<td>None**</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grass seed production*</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>40-60</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Applies especially to cool season grasses such as brome, intermediate wheatgrass, etc.

** Soils containing free lime--apply 40-60 pounds of available phosphate per acre.
**Time and Method of Application**

Farmers trying commercial fertilizers for the first time should place fertilized and unfertilized strips side by side in the field, in order to observe by direct comparison whether it pays to use the fertilizer.

**A. Phosphate Fertilizers**

1. Small grains--The phosphate fertilizer should be applied at the time of planting with a combination drill or broadcast and disked into the soil prior to planting. If the phosphate is broadcast and disked in before seeding apply 10-15 pounds of additional available phosphate per acre.

2. Legumes--Broadcast and disk into the soil before planting.

**B. Nitrogen Fertilizers**

1. Corn or grain sorghums--Best applied with an attachment on the cultivator. The nitrogen fertilizer may be broadcast between the rows prior to the second cultivation.

2. Wheat--Broadcast in the spring before the grain is 6 inches tall. If a mixed fertilizer is used it should be applied in the fall before planting.

3. Oats and barley--Broadcast at planting or within 2 weeks after planting.

4. Bromegrass seed production:

   Solid stands--Broadcast in the fall (September or October) or early spring (before March 15.)

   Rows--Apply in the fall with an attachment on the cultivator or broadcast in the fall as a top-dressing.
C. Mixed Fertilizers

Mixed fertilizers should be broadcast and disked in before planting. On land that is low in fertility a mixed fertilizer containing some nitrogen and the recommended amount of phosphate is desirable, especially on legume and small grain seedings.

D. Potash

The soils of Nebraska are usually well supplied with potash. In experimental work over the state with commercial fertilizers, potash has usually not given a profitable response on most crops, except in isolated fields where the soil is sandy, acid, and deficient in potash.