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Crop Producer Risk Management Survey: A Preliminary Summary of Selected Data

A Report from the Understanding Farmer Risk Management Decision Making & Educational Needs Research Project

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Abstract

Changes in the risk environment and tools available to manage risk have resulted in an increased need for risk management skills among farmers and ranchers. In response the USDA initiated a risk management education competitive grants program in the spring of 1998. This is the first report from one of the grant-funded projects. The project's primary objective is to provide supporting research that will contribute to the design and implementation of effective risk management education programs, policies and tools. This report provides selected summary statistics, without analysis, from a survey of crop producers conducted as part of the first phase of the project. Over 1,800 usable producer responses from Mississippi, Texas, Indiana, and Nebraska are summarized. Major subject categories reported include: perceptions of various risks and the effectiveness of risk management tools; perceptions of farm policy alternatives; crop insurance participation; participation in and desire for risk management education; and use of pre- and post-harvest pricing techniques.

Keywords: Risk Insurance Marketing Policy

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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

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Crop Producer Risk Management Survey: A Preliminary Summary of Selected Data

Changes in the risk environment and tools available to manage risk have resulted in an increased need for risk management skills among farmers and ranchers. In response to this need the Risk Management Agency (RMA) and Cooperative State Research, Education and Extension Service (CSREES) of the USDA initiated a risk management education competitive grants program in the spring of 1998. The objectives of this program were to (a) deliver risk management education programs to producers and related agribusiness operators, (b) develop risk management educational curricula and materials and (c) provide supporting research that leads to improved risk management strategies and decision aids for agricultural producers. The information reported in this bulletin is an output of one of 17 projects funded through the competitive grants program. The central objective of this project is to provide supporting research that will contribute to the development of a knowledge base to guide in the design and implementation of effective risk management education programs, policies and tools. The first phase of the project is directed toward identifying the risk management objectives of agricultural producers and their perceptions and understanding of alternative risk management tools and strategies. Institutions participating in the project are Mississippi State University, Texas A&M University, Purdue University and the University of Nebraska.

This report provides selected summary statistics, without analysis, from a survey of crop producers conducted as part of the first phase of the project. Given the significant attention risk management is currently receiving, we are providing this preliminary summary of survey responses because we believe they provide useful information on producers' perceptions and views and on how those perceptions and views vary across regions.

Major subject categories reported in this summary include:

- Perceptions of the potential for various risks to affect farm income and the effectiveness of • various risk management tools to mitigate risk
- Perceptions of selected farm policy alternatives
- Crop insurance participation and factors which influence participation
- Use of pre- and post-harvest pricing techniques
- Participation in risk management educational activities and desired content and delivery of future risk education
- Attitudes influencing risk management decisions

The survey was conducted in the four participating states: Mississippi, Texas, Indiana, and Nebraska. Two major crops were chosen for particular emphasis in each state. The selected major crops emphasized in each state are as follows:

Mississippi	Cotton and soybeans
Texas	Cotton and grain sorghum
Indiana and Nebraska	Corn and soybeans

Mail surveys were sent to a stratified sample of crop producers prior to the planting season (spring of 1999) in each of the states. After excluding small non-commercial farms estimated to generate less than \$25 thousand in gross farm income, the sample was stratified across four categories of gross farm income:

\$25-100 thousand \$100-250 thousand \$250-500 thousand Greater than \$500 thousand

A total of 1,812 usable questionnaires were returned. The distribution of responses by state and strata is given in the following table.

	NASS Estimated 1998 Gross Income (\$1,000) of Respondents						
State	25-99 100-249 250-499 500 and > Total						
IN	109	95	111	137	452		
MS	57	118	128	201	504		
NE	51	76	85	88	300		
ТХ	126	138	123	169	556		

Only selected summary statistics are presented in this report. Due to stratified sampling, summary statistics reported are representative of the survey sample only, not of the population of crop producers in the four states. Furthermore, at this preliminary stage, we do not provide analysis of the data in this report. Thus, we avoid drawing conclusions regarding the causes or interrelations among the reported data. Further analysis, which is currently in progress, will address these issues.

Crop Producer Risk Management Survey: A Preliminary Summary of Selected Data

Preliminary tabulations of sample means and frequencies of selected variables. The number of observations and percent distribution of responses is presented for categorical responses. Means are presented for most continuous variables. Because of stratified samples and differential response rates, means calculated from the tables do not represent population means.

Evaluation of Risk and Risk Management Tools

1. In terms of their potential to affect your farm income, how would you rate the following sources of risk?

Risk Source			<u>Pc</u>	otential Effe	<u>ct</u>	
Changes in government farm programs		Low				High
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	438	6.6	11.0	32.2	27.9	22.4
MS	479	5.0	4.0	16.9	24.0	50.1
NE	288	4.9	11.1	26.4	31.9	25.7
TX	535	3.2	4.3	16.6	32.5	43.4

Risk Source		_	<u>Pc</u>	otential Effe	<u>et</u>	
Changes in enviro	Low				High	
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	437	6.6	11.7	22.7	30.2	28.8
MS	478	5.6	12.3	24.3	26.8	31.0
NE	288	4.9	11.8	26.4	30.9	26.0
TX	524	5.2	9.5	25.8	25.2	34.4

Risk Source		Low	<u>Pc</u>	otential Effe	<u>et</u>	High
Crop yield variabi	ility		_			
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	433	1.2	3.2	23.3	35.6	36.5
MS	478	1.9	3.1	14.6	24.5	55.9
NE	285	0.7	4.2	21.4	36.5	37.2
TX	534	1.9	4.1	16.9	27.0	50.2

Risk Source			<u>Pot</u>	tential Eff	<u>ect</u>	
Crop price vari	rice variability Low		.High			•••••
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	439	0.9	1.6	6.4	28.5	62.6
MS	479	1.5	1.9	3.1	18.4	75.2
NE	288	0.7	2.4	7.3	20.8	68.8
TX	532	1.1	0.6	4.3	17.1	76.9

Ris	Risk Source		Potential Effect			
Changes in input costs (seed, pesticides, etc.)		Low			•••••	
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	441	1.4	9.1	30.2	36.5	22.9
MS	478	0.6	4.6	23.6	34.7	36.4
NE	289	0.7	6.2	33.2	38.8	21.1
TX	534	2.2	4.7	25.8	29.4	37.8

Risk Source			<u>Po</u> 1	tential Eff	ect	
Changes in land	d rents	Low			•••••	
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	427	16.4	11.2	28.3	24.4	19.7
MS	470	9.8	13.4	29.6	22.1	25.1
NE	284	13.0	13.7	26.4	28.5	18.3
TX	514	24.9	18.7	25.3	15.0	16.1

2. Because each operation is different, risk management takes many forms from operation to operation. Consider the following risk management strategies and indicate how effective you believe each is in reducing **your** risk.

Risk Management Strategy			<u>]</u>	Effectiveness		
Diversification of farming enterprises		Low			-	High
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	434	8.8	13.1	39.4	27.6	11.1
MS	468	5.6	9.6	37.0	29.9	17.9
NE	285	4.6	11.9	36.8	34.4	12.3
TX	524	8.4	10.7	31.9	30.5	18.5

Risk Management Strategy		-]	Effectiveness		
Being a low-cost producer		Low				High
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	433	3.0	9.5	30.3	39.7	17.6
MS	478	2.3	7.5	24.7	35.6	29.9
NE	287	2.8	7.3	30.3	38.0	21.6
TX	525	3.4	8.8	25.3	29.3	33.1

Risk Management Strategy			<u>]</u>	Effectiveness		
Forward pricing all or part of production		Low				High
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	432	8.3	14.1	36.1	32.9	8.6
MS	471	4.5	7.4	36.7	36.5	14.9
NE	282	11.7	17.7	32.3	27.3	11.0
TX	519	9.1	13.3	35.8	29.3	12.5

Risk Management Strategy			<u>]</u>	Effectiveness		
Multiple peril crop yield or revenue insurance		Low				High
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	433	23.6	27.7	24.2	16.6	7.9
MS	471	28.7	20.8	29.5	11.5	9.6
NE	283	13.4	25.8	25.1	19.8	15.9
TX	528	11.9	13.3	19.9	23.5	31.4

Risk Management Strategy]	Effectiveness					
Off farm investments		Low	LowH						
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5			
IN	431	17.9	22.5	27.6	20.4	11.6			
MS	473	21.8	19.7	27.3	17.8	13.5			
NE	282	21.3	21.3	29.1	19.5	8.9			
TX	518	21.6	20.8	23.9	18.9	14.7			

Risk Management Strategy			<u>]</u>	Effectiveness		
Off-farm employment		Low	-		-	High
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	425	31.3	14.4	17.2	20.2	16.9
MS	472	39.2	18.6	19.3	10.6	12.3
NE	280	38.9	13.9	18.9	15.4	12.9
TX	517	39.1	15.5	16.4	12.2	16.8

Risk Management Strategy			<u>]</u>	Effectiveness		
Maintaining financial/credit reserves		Low		•••••		High
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	433	7.6	6.0	26.1	39.0	21.2
MS	472	5.9	5.9	23.3	33.1	31.8
NE	283	8.1	10.2	25.8	32.5	23.3

TX 526 6.5 7.2 19.8 33.7 32.

Agricultural Policy Issues

1. For each of the following statements about agricultural policies, please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree.

a. Subsidies should be increased on higher crop insurance coverages rather than increasing the level of catastrophic coverage.

State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	420	11.7	28.6	17.1	6.9	35.7
MS	461	18.4	32.1	19.1	7.6	22.8
NE	278	13.3	30.9	18.0	9.7	28.1
ТХ	508	21.3	40.7	12.0	5.5	20.5

b.	Eliminate	transition	payments	and go	back to	deficiency	payments.
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State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	418	10.8	23.9	27.3	12.4	25.6
MS	463	21.0	32.2	16.0	8.2	22.7
NE	279	14.7	26.5	22.9	14.0	21.9
ТХ	505	27.9	32.7	13.7	7.1	18.6

c. Raise loan rates rather than increase crop insurance funding.

State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	424	18.9	33.5	20.3	10.1	17.2
MS	469	34.5	32.6	15.6	4.0	13.4
NE	282	31.9	30.5	11.0	13.8	12.8
ТХ	511	11.2	9.2	20.9	27.2	31.5

State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	422	15.2	35.8	20.6	8.1	20.4
MS	462	12.3	31.8	23.4	14.5	18.0
NE	279	19.7	35.8	16.8	11.1	16.5
ТХ	511	13.5	24.7	28.8	16.0	17.0

d. Provide insurance premium subsidies rather than make disaster payments.

e. Expand export assistance programs rather than raise loan rates.

State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	425	27.8	40.5	12.9	4.2	14.6
MS	464	18.8	31.0	22.2	9.7	18.3
NE	280	25.4	28.9	17.1	12.5	16.1
ТХ	514	31.5	27.2	20.0	9.2	11.2

Crop Insurance

1. In 1998 or 1999 did you, or will you, purchase catastrophic coverage (CAT), multiple peril crop insurance (MPCI), crop revenue coverage (CRC), income protection (IP), revenue assurance (RA) or group risk plan (GRP) insurance?

State	OBS	Yes	No
IN	434	57.1	42.9
MS	476	27.4	72.6
NE	291	82.5	17.5
TX	537	93.5	6.5

2. Indicate in the table below what type of crop insurance you purchased in 1998 and what coverage you have purchased or plan to purchase in 1999?

(Percentages calculated using total number of farmers who purchased some type of crop insurance.)

	Crop insurance purchased	Insuran SOYBEAN	ce taken on S/SORGHUM	Insurance taken on CORN/COTTON	
		1998	1999	1998	1999
Cata	strophic (CAT) coverage	-	•		•
IN	(Soybeans/Corn)	39.0	35.5	26.8	25.0
MS	(Soybeans/Cotton)	72.9	63.4	81.3	75.1
NE	(Soybeans/Corn)	24.3	16.0	25.6	19.8
TX	(Sorghum/Cotton)	32.6	22.0	18.4	11.2
Mul	tiple Peril Crop Insurance (MP	CI) (coverage ab	ove the catastrop	hic level)	-
IN	(Soybeans/Corn)	40.8	33.2	45.6	34.3
MS	(Soybeans/Cotton)	24.5	29.1	18.1	17.8
NE	(Soybeans/Corn)	46.9	44.4	45.4	42.2
ΤХ	(Sorghum/Cotton)	60.5	62.1	76.2	78.6
Reve	enue Insurance (CRC, IP, RA)				
IN	(Soybeans/Corn)	13.6	22.8	18.9	32.2
MS	(Soybeans/Cotton)	1.4	7.3	1.0	4.9
NE	(Soybeans/Corn)	27.3	39.1	27.2	37.2
TX	(Sorghum/Cotton)	6.2	14.7	5.4	9.7
Gro	up Risk Plan (GRP) area yield in	surance			
IN	(Soybeans/Corn)	6.6	8.6	8.8	8.5
MS	(Soybeans/Cotton)	1.5	0.9	0	0.4
NE	(Soybeans/Corn)	0.5	0.5	1.8	0.8
TX	(Sorghum/Cotton)	0.7	1.2	0	0.5

3. As compared to having no crop insurance, how does the crop insurance you purchased influence your use of forward pricing?

2

MORE LIKELY TO FORWARD PRICE 1

LESS LIKELY TO FORWARD PRICE

State	OBS	1	2	3	4
IN	280	18.6	2.9	58.9	19.6
MS	420	10.5	2.4	57.9	29.3
NE	234	23.5	3.4	55.1	17.9
TX	501	8.0	5.8	49.9	36.3

3 THE SAME CHANCE OF FORWARD PRICING 4 DON'T KNOW

4. If you purchased 65% crop yield insurance coverage on your irrigated and dryland crops every year for 20 years, in how many of those years would you expect to collect on a loss?

Сгор	State	OBS	Irrigated	OBS	Dryland
Soybeans	IN	92	1.09	313	2.28
Soybeans	MS	233	1.15	373	3.41
Soybeans	NE	143	2.10	198	3.15
Grain Sorghum	TX	189	3.08	313	5.49
Corn	IN	88	1.03	316	2.77
Corn	NE	184	2.38	218	3.38
Cotton	MS	148	0.85	242	2.04
Cotton	TX	231	3.85	321	6.62

5. How would you describe your lender's attitude toward your use of crop yield or revenue insurance?

RECOMMENDS CROP INSURANCE 1

3 **DOES NOT CARE** 2 DISCOURAGES CROP INSURANCE 4 DON'T KNOW

State	OBS	1	2	3	4
IN	407	33.2	2.0	29.0	35.9
MS	458	33.0	4.1	31.4	31.4
NE	276	55.4	2.5	20.7	21.4
ТХ	500	68.4	0.6	13.3	17.8

6. For each of the following statements about crop insurance, please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree.

State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	426	8.5	27.5	29.8	10.8	23.5
MS	468	26.1	41.5	16.2	4.9	11.3
NE	281	6.8	23.1	35.9	16.4	17.8
ТХ	519	19.7	29.9	26.2	10.8	13.5

a. Crop insurance rates are driven up because some farmers manage less carefully when they insure.

b. Crop insurance rates for high risk farms are more favorable than for low risk farms.

State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	426	12.2	31.0	17.4	6.1	33.3
MS	469	25.6	30.0	17.5	8.3	18.8
NE	280	9.3	27.9	26.1	11.8	25.0
TX	506	10.9	25.5	27.7	13.0	22.9

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Marketing

Crop	State	OBS	0%	1-5%	6-10%	10-25%	25-50%	>50%
Soybeans	IN	433	54.7	2.1	6.9	13.6	13.6	8.8
Soybeans	MS	425	45.2	0	4.7	7.3	19.0	23.8
Soybeans	NE	227	61.2	1.3	6.6	10.6	11.5	8.8
G. Sorghum	ТХ	360	85.6	0	0.5	2.2	3.6	8.1
Corn	IN	430	49.5	2.8	10.2	14.7	14.2	8.6
Corn	NE	282	53.5	2.5	4.6	15.3	13.1	11.0
Cotton	MS	228	37.7	0.4	1.3	4.8	15.3	43.1
Cotton	TX	385	68.1	0.5	0.2	2.9	8.8	19.5

1. About what percent of your crop production for 1998 did you price before harvest?

2. Which pricing techniques did you use to price **before harvest** in the 1995 through 1998 crop years?

Driving Technique Used	Check all that apply		
r neng reennique Oseu	Soybeans/Sorghum	Corn/Cotton	
Contracts in which you <i>DIRECTLY</i> took a position in the futures/options markets.			
Forward pricing contracts such as cash forward contracts, basis contracts, hedge-to-arrive contracts and minimum price contracts.			
Contracts in which you market your crop through a pool. (Include mill sales and call pools).			

Producers were allowed multiple responses. Totals may sum to greater than 100%.							
			Before Harvest				
Сгор	Crop State		Direct Futures/Options	Indirect Forward Contract	Pool		
Soybeans	IN	296	34.5	86.8	0		
Soybeans	MS	311	43.4	78.8	0		
Soybeans	NE	119	35.3	84.9	0		
Grain Sorghum	TX	118	29.7	83.1	0		
Corn	IN	298	38.9	85.2	0		
Corn	NE	162	43.8	86.4	0		
Cotton	MS	242	30.6	37.7	67.4		

Cotton TX	260	22.3	39.6	61.2
-----------	-----	------	------	------

3. In the table below, indicate all of the pricing techniques you used to price **at or after** harvest in the 1995 through 1998 crop years.

Driving Technique Used	Check all that apply		
r nemg reennique Oseu	Soybeans/Sorghum	Corn/Cotton	
Contracts in which you <i>DIRECTLY</i> took a position in the futures/options markets.			
Forward pricing contracts such as cash forward contracts, basis contracts, deferred price/price later contracts, hedge-to-arrive contracts and minimum price contracts.			
Contracts in which you market your crop through a pool. (Include mill sales and call pools).			

Producers were allowed multiple responses. Totals may sum to greater than 100%.									
	State			At or Post-Harvest					
Сгор		OBS	Direct Futures/Options	Forward Contract	Pool				
Soybeans	IN	323	34.1	87.9	0				
Soybeans	MS	311	43.7	79.4	0				
Soybeans	NE	124	40.3	82.3	0				
Grain Sorghum	TX	118	35.6	78.0	0				
Corn	IN	317	35.6	87.7	0				
Corn	NE	160	44.4	84.4	0				
Cotton	MS	226	26.1	36.7	65.5				
Cotton	TX	258	19.8	31.0	67.4				

4. Considering your	Considering your 1999 production, what percent do you believe you with most fikely price before harvest?							SL?
Сгор	State	OBS	0%	1-5%	6-10%	10-25%	25-50%	>50%
Soybeans	IN	412	33.3	0.5	6.8	17.2	29.1	13.7
Soybeans	MS	391	34.3	0.3	1.3	6.2	32.5	25.6
Soybeans	NE	219	41.6	0	5.9	14.1	27.4	11.0
Grain Sorghum	ТХ	294	67.7	0.3	1.4	3.7	17.0	9.9
Corn	IN	417	26.9	1.2	5.8	18.9	31.9	15.3
Corn	NE	270	36.7	0	3.7	11.1	32.2	16.3
Cotton	MS	211	34.1	1.0	0.9	2.8	17.5	43.6
Cotton	TX	356	44.7	0.5	1.1	4.3	19.6	29.8

what percent do you haliave you will most likely price hafene hamvest? Considering ways 1000 m

5. If you price any of your 1999 production **before harvest**, which pricing technique is likely to be the primary technique you use?

Pricing Technique Used	Check only one per column			
	Soybeans/Sorghum	Corn/Cotton		
Contracts in which you <i>DIRECTLY</i> take a position in the futures/options markets.				
Forward pricing contracts such as cash forward contracts, basis contracts, hedge-to-arrive contracts and minimum price contracts.				
Contracts in which you market your corp through a pool. (Include mill sales and call pools).				

100%.											
Сгор		6 F G	Before Harvest								
	State	OBS	Direct Futures/Options	Forward Contract	Pool						
Soybeans	IN	333	25.5	74.5	0						
Soybeans	MS	276	28.3	71.7	0						
Soybeans	NE	138	23.9	76.1	0						
Grain Sorghum	TX	98	23.5	76.5	0						
Corn	IN	330	27.9	72.1	0						

165

199

268

22.4

11.1

14.6

77.6

23.1

26.9

0

65.8

58.6

Producers gave multiple responses The summary reflects this so totals may sum to greater than

6. How many times during the marketing year do you typically sell part of your crop?

NE

MS

ΤХ

Corn

Cotton

Cotton

Сгор	State	OBS	0-1	2	3-4	5	6-9	10	>10
Soybeans	IN	408	9.3	14.5	31.6	13.2	18.1	7.6	5.6
Soybeans	MS	394	14.7	29.2	42.1	4.6	5.0	2.8	1.7
Soybeans	NE	210	12.4	24.8	30.0	12.4	13.8	4.3	2.3
Grain Sorghum	TX	307	59.6	21.5	15.0	1.6	1.3	0.3	0.7
Corn	IN	406	11.3	14.3	23.4	10.1	18.0	10.8	13.1
Corn	NE	260	15.0	10.8	28.4	11.2	16.9	8.1	9.6
Cotton	MS	181	33.7	30.9	23.8	6.6	3.4	0	1.7
Cotton	TX	344	55.5	23.3	16.3	2.0	0.6	1.7	0.6

7. Do you have a written marketing plan for your major crop commodities?

State	OBS	Yes	No
IN	433	14.8	85.2
MS	465	19.6	80.4
NE	275	18.5	81.5

TX 501 12.8 87.2	87.2
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8. Which of the following best describes your primary lender's attitude toward your use of forward contracting, futures and options?

4

RECOMMENDS FORWARD PRICING 1

2 DISCOURAGES FORWARD PRICING

3 **DOES NOT CARE**

DON'T KNOW

State	OBS	1	2	3	4
IN	414	26.6	1.2	32.6	39.6
MS	457	34.4	0.2	31.1	34.4
NE	270	38.5	1.5	33.3	26.7
TX	489	27.6	1.4	32.3	38.7

9. For each of the following statements about forward pricing, please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree.

State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	431	32.9	48.3	9.5	1.2	8.1
MS	469	38.4	46.5	8.1	1.0	6.2
NE	278	25.9	50.0	10.4	4.0	9.7
ТХ	513	18.5	48.9	16.0	2.3	14.2

a. Pre-harvest marketing strategies will on average result in a higher price than always selling at harvest.

b. Planting time futures market prices are an accurate predictor of the harvest time price.

State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	429	0.5	9.3	47.8	31.0	11.4
MS	468	2.1	11.3	49.2	25.3	12.4
NE	279	1.1	7.5	43.4	34.1	14.0
TX	507	2.4	10.1	47.5	23.3	16.8

c. My primary marketing goal is to reduce risks rather than raise my net sales price.

State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	425	2.8	31.5	41.9	13.9	9.9
MS	459	6.3	40.1	36.8	7.8	8.9
NE	280	5.0	28.2	41.1	17.5	8.2
ТХ	507	7.5	36.3	36.1	11.0	9.1

d. I am willing to accept a lower price to reduce price risk.

State	OBS	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Not Sure
IN	426	0.9	29.3	46.2	14.3	9.2
MS	463	1.9	38.4	37.6	11.9	10.2
NE	277	1.4	28.9	39.0	23.1	7.6
ТХ	511	3.7	30.1	38.2	17.8	10.2

Risk Management Education

- 1. During the past three years, have you attended any educational programs to learn more about using alternative pricing mechanisms (such as forward contracting, futures and options) to market agricultural commodities?
 - a. How many total hours of this training did you attend? HOURS
 - b. About what percent of this training was taught by

Alternative pricing mechanisms	OBS	% Attended	Hours	% Teaching Extension Involved
State				
IN	436	38.8	14.1	52.8
MS	484	37.4	10.0	35.0
NE	286	49.3	17.0	23.3
TX	530	46.0	13.6	53.4

PERCENT University Extension personnel?

2. During the past three years, have you attended any educational programs to learn more about the use of alternative crop yield or revenue insurance programs?

- b. About what percent of this training was taught by University Extension personnel?

Alternative crop/revenue insurance	O DG			% Teaching Extension	
State	OBS	% Attended	Hours	Involved	
IN	435	28.3	5.6	32.1	
MS	482	23.9	5.9	26.4	
NE	282	37.6	5.9	14.2	
ТХ	529	32.1	6.8	45.1	

- 3. During the past three years, have you attended any educational programs to learn more about other aspects of agricultural and financial risk management?

 - b. About what percent of this training was taught by University Extension personnel?

PERCENT

Agricultural and financial risk management State	OBS	% Attended	Hours	% Teaching Extension Involved
	407	26.0	10.4	(0.1
118	427	26.9	10.4	60.1
MS	478	23.0	10.3	38.4
NE	276	26.4	18.1	35.4
ТХ	528	34.3	12.0	51.5

Risk Man Cash and other forv	Risk Management Tool sh and other forward contracting		k Management Tool Not at all er forward contracting			cor	Very nfortable
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5	
IN	422	14.5	4.5	22.7	27.0	31.3	
MS	465	10.1	8.3	18.5	26.2	37.0	
NE	280	16.8	10.7	16.8	22.9	32.9	
TX	497	28.0	12.9	22.3	17.3	19.5	

1	How comfortable are	1011 in 110ing 000	h of the following	rick management toole?
4.		vou in using eac		ISK management tools?
		J = J =		,

Risk Man Futures and options	Not at all comfortabl	com	Very Ifortable			
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	419	32.2	18.1	25.8	14.6	9.3
MS	452	28.3	21.9	23.9	14.8	11.1
NE	280	30.4	17.1	21.1	18.6	12.9
TX	498	40.0	20.5	21.7	10.0	7.8

Risk Management Tool		Not at all				Very
Crop yield insuranc	e	comfortabl	e		com	ifortable
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	413	25.7	20.6	26.4	17.7	9.7
MS	458	33.0	17.7	27.1	13.3	9.0
NE	280	15.5	18.2	28.2	21.4	16.8
TX	509	10.8	9.4	26.7	27.1	25.9

Risk Management Tool		Not at all				Very
Crop revenue insurance		comfortabl	e		com	ifortable
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	403	30.0	24.1	27.0	11.9	6.9
MS	444	36.3	21.2	25.0	11.5	6.1
NE	272	19.1	21.0	24.6	21.3	14.0
TX	487	24.4	22.6	29.2	13.3	10.5

Risk Management Tool		Not at all				Very
Financial management		comfortabl	e	_	cor	nfortable
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	410	14.6	12.4	27.8	29.8	15.4
MS	452	8.2	10.4	29.9	33.4	18.1
NE	280	10.7	9.6	33.9	30.0	15.7
TX	497	14.5	10.7	30.8	27.6	16.5

Risk Man	agement Tool	Not at all				Very
Renting/leasing arrangements		comfortabl	e		cor	nfortable
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	413	12.8	6.8	28.6	36.3	15.5
MS	457	8.8	6.6	26.9	33.5	24.3
NE	276	12.3	7.2	25.7	36.2	18.5
TX	497	13.5	7.8	26.4	30.4	21.9

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5. How would you rate your interest in obtaining additional information or education on each of the following risk management tools?

Risk Manag	gement Tool	Low		Strong		
Cash and other forward contracting		interest				interest
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	418	20.3	9.3	23.9	25.1	21.3
MS	462	13.6	7.1	27.1	27.9	24.2
NE	281	16.4	11.7	22.8	27.0	22.1
TX	512	22.3	9.2	22.5	22.7	23.4

Risk Management Tool		Low				Strong
Futures and options		interest				interest
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	413	18.6	8.2	23.0	27.1	23.0
MS	458	14.8	7.0	23.4	30.1	24.7
NE	279	17.6	11.8	20.8	29.7	20.1
TX	507	23.5	8.5	21.5	20.5	26.0

Risk Manag	gement Tool	Low				Strong
Crop yield insurance	-	interest				interest
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	412	25.0	18.4	30.3	17.7	8.5
MS	450	19.8	13.1	26.9	24.9	15.3
NE	278	15.5	18.0	32.7	21.9	11.9
TX	514	17.5	8.2	25.7	23.7	24.9

Risk Manag	gement Tool	Low S			Strong	
Crop revenue insura	nce	interest			••••••	interest
State	Ν	1	2	3	4	5
IN	409	25.4	17.1	25.9	19.8	11.7
MS	451	19.3	11.8	25.9	25.1	18.0
NE	278	17.6	20.1	27.7	22.3	12.2

TX 493 18.1 8.3 28.6 22.9 22.	
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Risk Mana	gement Tool	Low S interestin				
Financial manageme	nt				-	
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	412	17.5	11.2	24.3	26.2	20.9
MS	454	12.8	5.3	22.9	33.7	25.3
NE	278	14.4	9.7	30.6	29.5	15.8
ТХ	504	19.0	6.9	24.4	25.4	24.2

Risk Manag	gement Tool	Low				Strong
Renting/leasing arran	ngements	interest				interest
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	413	21.3	11.6	27.1	26.9	13.1
MS	452	16.4	11.1	27.9	27.7	17.0
NE	280	18.2	13.9	30.0	25.4	12.5
TX	501	25.5	14.0	25.5	18.0	17.0

L In-depth training by	Learning MethodsLow preferenceining by risk management experts			Strong		
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	415	23.9	13.7	28.0	23.1	11.3
MS	449	18.3	10.9	30.7	23.4	16.7
NE	269	20.1	17.1	24.9	25.3	12.6
TX	493	21.9	13.6	22.7	22.3	19.5

6. How do you prefer to learn about risk management tools?

L In-depth materials to	Learning MethodsLow preference> study on your own time		Low preferencepr		St pref	rong erence
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	418	13.6	14.4	31.8	28.0	12.2
MS	447	12.8	11.4	29.1	30.6	16.1
NE	269	15.2	18.6	29.4	26.0	10.8
TX	499	17.6	14.6	26.7	25.1	16.0

L	earning Methods	Low			S	trong
Farm magazines/new	sletters	preference		enceI		erence
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	421	10.2	15.7	40.6	25.2	8.3
MS	457	9.0	14.4	34.4	28.9	13.3
NE	275	9.8	16.4	32.0	28.4	13.5
TX	499	14.4	15.2	33.9	24.2	12.2

Learning Methods		Low			S	trong
Internet or other com	puter-based education modules	preferenceprefe		erence		
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	411	38.4	22.1	21.2	13.1	5.1
MS	441	35.6	17.5	24.9	15.9	6.1
NE	268	32.2	19.8	22.4	18.3	3.4

TX 483	40.8	16.4	19.5	18.4	5.0
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Learning Methods		Low			S	Strong
Marketing clubs or o	ther groups of producers	preferencepr		pref	erence	
State	OBS	1	2	3	4	5
IN	413	33.2	21.1	23.7	15.3	6.8
MS	443	27.3	16.3	26.9	21.4	8.1
NE	268	30.2	20.9	23.1	20.9	4.9
TX	490	29.2	14.1	24.3	22.2	10.2

7. In 1998, approximately how much did your operation spend on:

The services of professional far	m managers?	1		DOLLAR	S
State	OBS	\$0	<\$500	\$500-999	\$1000 or more
IN	388	92.0	2.1	1.5	4.4
MS	440	81.9	1.1	0.9	16.1
NE	269	91.1	2.0	1.2	5.7
TX	503	91.3	1.2	0.8	6.7
The services of marketing cons	ultants?			DOLLAR	S
State	OBS	\$0	<\$500	\$500-999	\$1000 or more
IN	392	81.1	5.6	4.1	9.2
MS	442	80.3	3.2	0.9	15.6
NE	274	79.2	7.0	3.8	10.0
TX	501	93.8	3.8	0.8	1.6
Computerized information servex example:DTN, ACRES, Brock	vices (For Report)?			DOLLAR	8
	OBS	\$0	<\$500	\$500-999	\$1000 or more
IN	400	46.0	12.5	27.8	6.7
MS	445	62.5	7.8	16.2	13.5
NE	276	55.1	12.1	22.4	10.4
ТХ	498	77.3	12.1	6.2	4.4