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Frontmatter & Contents for Proceedings of the Fourth Eastern Pine and Meadow Vole Symposium, February 21-22, 1980

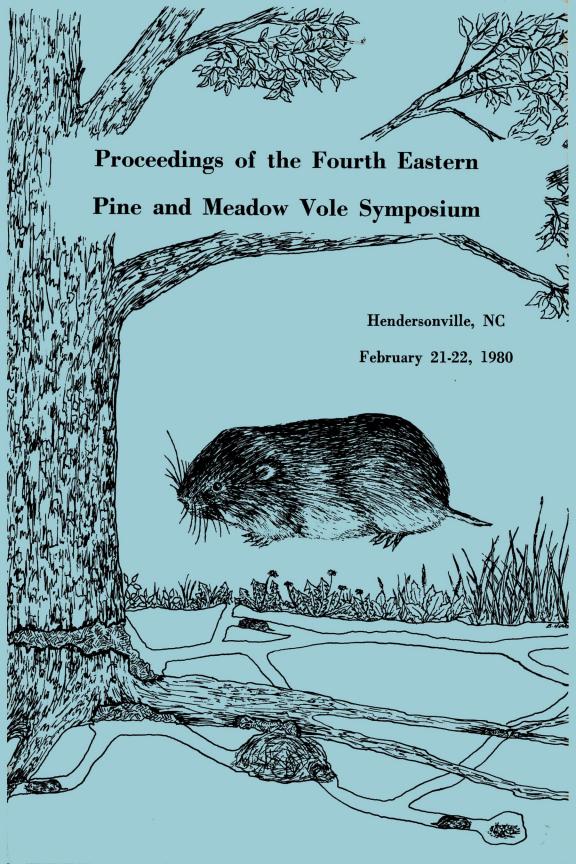
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PROCEEDINGS OF THE FOURTH EASTERN PINE AND MEADOW VOLE SYMPOSIUM

Hendersonville, NC February 21-22, 1980

EDITOR
ROSS E. BYERS

CONTENTS

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE FOURTH EASTERN PINE AND MEADOW VOLE SYMPOSIUM Ross E. Byers	rage
SESSION I. FRUIT GROWERS' VIEW OF THE CURRENT VOLE CONTROL METHODS	
Crumpacker, John E	1
SESSION II. ECONOMIC ANALYSIS, FEDERAL AND STATE GOVERNMENT CONTROL OF REGISTRATION AND FUNDING OF VOLE PROGRAMS	
Ferguson, Walter L	2
Ebner, Lawrence S. and Harvey S. Gold Disposition of the Endrin RPAR	9
SESSION III. RESEARCH PROGRAMS WITH EMPHASIS ON DAMAGE CONTROL	
Lochmiller, R. L., J. B. Whelan and R. L. Kirkpatrick Seasonal Forage Availability in Relation to Energy Requirements of Pine Voles in Two Orchard Types	12
Coyle, John F. and Alan R. Tipton Management Model for Pine Voles: Preliminary Report	15
Wysocki, Charles J., Gary K. Beauchamp and Susan Erisman Access of Compounds to the Vomeronasal Organ in Pine and Meadow Voles	20
Schadler, Margaret H. and Barbara J. Gauger	24
Cranford, Jack A., David H. Pistole and Terry L. Derting Initial Results of Chemical Inhibitors and Photoperiodic Influences on Growth and Reproduction in Microtus pennsylvanicus	28
Madison, Dale M Movement Types and Weather Correlates in Free-Ranging Meadow Voles	34
Geyer, Lynette A. and James N. Cummins	43
Pearson, Karen, J. N. Cummins and John Barnard Preliminary Field Observations of Meadow Vole	50

	Page
Hayne, Don W. and William T. Sullivan, Jr	55
Davis, David H., William T. Sullivan, Jr. and Don W. Hayne - Results of a Bioassay Technique for Ground-Sprayed Rodenticides	58
Sullivan, William T., Jr., Turner B. Sutton and Don W. Hayne	62
Young, Roger S	66
Byers, Ross E	68
Merson, Mark H. and Ross E. Byers	73
Richmond, Milo E. and Pamela N. MillerField Evaluation of Candidate Rodenticides	78
SESSION IV. CHEMICAL INDUSTRY POSITIONS ON DEVELOPMENT OF RODENTICIDES FOR ORCHARD USE	
Marshall, Edward FEffective Vole Control with ZP Rodent Bait AG	88
REGISTRATION LIST	90

Editor's note: The papers in the Proceedings appear as originally written.

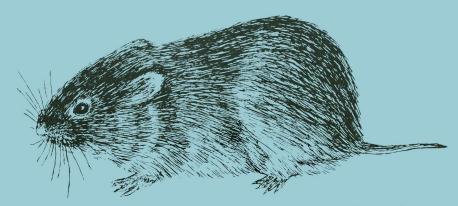
HIGHLIGHTS OF THE FOURTH EASTERN PINE AND MEADOW VOLE SYMPOSIUM

The Fourth Eastern Pine and Meadow Vole Symposium was held in Hendersonville, North Carolina February 21 and 22, 1980 for the primary purpose of assessing the current status of research and extension programs relating to the problem of vole damage to fruit trees. The meeting was designed to be informative and to create an atmosphere whereby growers and various agencies such as EPA, USDA, USDI, the chemical industry and university personnel could observe the current thrust of vole research programs and their potential impact on future control methods.

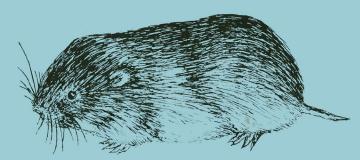
By the time of the 1980 meeting approximately \$1 million dollars in USDI contracts for vole research had been dispensed and research from this new funding base had resulted in new information being generated. The meeting provided an excellent opportunity for all attending to be informed concerning the breadth and depth of various research efforts.

Growers representing the North Carolina apple industry reiterated the great value of Endrin ground cover sprays for the control of orchard voles. Apparently the Endrin resistance problem has not been a serious problem as viewed by growers in that state. A tour of the North Carolina State University research plots by Dr. Donald Hayne and Mr. Bill Sullivan was well attended and local arrangements by Dr. Mel Kolbe were appreciated. In addition, the new vole research facilities were shown at the North Carolina State University Mountain Crops Research Station at Fletcher, North Carolina.

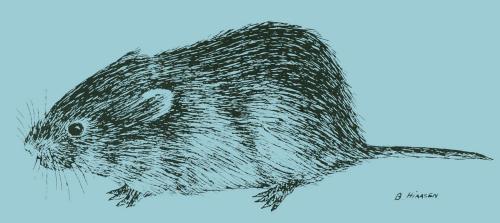
Within the geographic range of the pine vole, control measures used by growers are in a state of flux from one region to another. This appears largely due to differences in the Endrin resistance problem. Toxicants, however, appear to remain as the least expensive, most effective control method for controlling serious vole infestations. Supplemental cultural control methods (cultivation, herbicides, and mowing) have been found both beneficial and expensive. Reports on the federal clearance of a new and more effective Zn Phosphide formulation has resulted in a new use for an old toxicant.



Prairie vole - <u>Microtus</u> <u>ochrogaster</u> (Wagner)



Pine vole - Microtus Pitymys pinetorum (LeConte)



Meadow vole - Microtus pennsylvanicus (Ord)