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A. Tumasyan

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Search for medium effects using jets from bottom quarks in PbPb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV

The CMS Collaboration ^{*}

CERN, Geneva, Switzerland

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ABSTRACT

The first study of the shapes of jets arising from bottom (b) quarks in heavy ion collisions is presented. Jet shapes are studied using charged hadron constituents as a function of their radial distance from the jet axis. Lead-lead (PbPb) collision data at a nucleon-nucleon center-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV were recorded by the CMS detector at the LHC, with an integrated luminosity of 1.69 nb^{-1} . Compared to proton-proton collisions, a redistribution of the energy in b jets to larger distances from the jet axis is observed in PbPb collisions. This medium-induced redistribution is found to be substantially larger for b jets than for inclusive jets.

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1. Introduction

A hot dense partonic state of strongly interacting matter was discovered in relativistic heavy ion collisions over two decades ago [1–4]. Since then, its properties have been under intense study. One of the most exciting windows into this system (commonly called the quark-gluon plasma, QGP), and its properties, is revealed by using jets as tomographic probes of the created medium. Jets, collimated streams of particles produced by hadronization of hard-scattered partons, have long been studied in proton-proton (pp) collisions. In the case of lead-lead (PbPb) collisions, energetic partons are known to lose energy while traversing the QGP, leading to modified jet spectra as compared to those from pp collisions. Similarly, interactions of the initial hard-scattered and the fragmentation partons with the medium have been found to modify the final-state jet showers [5–8]. These phenomena, collectively called “jet quenching”, provide invaluable input to theoretical calculations of medium properties. Substantial progress has been made in understanding the experimental results. Of particular interest are unsettled questions involving details of the jet quenching, specifically the color-charge, flavor and parton mass dependence of the energy loss. There are also open questions about the details of the medium response to the evolving jet. Thus, jets initiated by bottom quarks (b jets) provide unique experimental means to investigate the mass and parton flavor dependence of quenching effects.

Recent measurements show that the suppression of heavy-flavor mesons and jets in heavy ion collisions, with respect to a pp collision reference scaled by the average number of binary nucleon-nucleon interactions per PbPb collision, is different from that from inclusive (all flavors) measurements [9–11]. These results confirm theoretical expectations that the energy loss depends on the type of parton involved. As jet shapes are especially sensitive to the details of the parton shower evolution, such measurements for b jets provide an opportunity to further explore parton transport and energy loss in the medium.

The transverse momentum profile of charged particles in the jets is defined as

$$P(\Delta r) = \frac{1}{\Delta r_b - \Delta r_a} \frac{1}{N_{\text{jet}}} \sum_{\text{jets}} \sum_{\text{trk} \in (\Delta r_a, \Delta r_b)} p_T^{\text{trk}}, \quad (1)$$

where the radial distance between a track and the jet axis is defined in pseudorapidity (η) and azimuthal angle (ϕ) as $\Delta r = \sqrt{(\eta^{\text{jet}} - \eta^{\text{trk}})^2 + (\phi^{\text{jet}} - \phi^{\text{trk}})^2}$, Δr_a and Δr_b are the edges of rings in Δr , defining the radial binning for the analysis, and p_T^{trk} is the charged particle's transverse momentum (p_T) with respect to the beam. This profile is normalized to unity within the measured range of $\Delta r < 1$ to produce the jet shape:

$$\rho(\Delta r) = \frac{P(\Delta r)}{\sum_{\text{jets}} \sum_{\text{trk} \in (\Delta r < 1)} p_T^{\text{trk}}}, \quad (2)$$

which indicates how the p_T of charged particles is distributed with respect to the jet axis. Jet shapes are measured by the jet-track

^{*} E-mail address: cms-publication-committee-chair@cern.ch.

correlation technique, which can reliably separate the jet structure from the underlying event (UE) and extend the measurement from the jet cone region ($\Delta r < 0.4$) to a larger Δr region ($0.4 < \Delta r < 1$) [6,12].

This Letter reports the first bottom-quark jet shape measurement with charged particles studied in the QGP environment created by relativistic heavy ion collisions. The study is performed using PbPb collisions at a center-of-mass energy per nucleon-nucleon pair of $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV. Data, corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 1.69 nb^{-1} , were collected in 2018 using the CMS detector [13–15] at the CERN LHC. Results reported in this Letter are also compared with shapes of inclusive jets, and with b jet shapes measured in pp collisions at the same center-of-mass energy [16]. Tabulated results are provided in the HEPData record for this analysis [17].

2. CMS detector

The CMS apparatus is a multipurpose, nearly hermetic detector, designed to trigger on [18,19] and identify electrons, muons, photons, and charged and neutral hadrons [20–23]. A global reconstruction “particle-flow” (PF) algorithm [24] combines the information provided by the all-silicon inner tracker and by the crystal electromagnetic, and brass and scintillator hadron calorimeters, operating inside a 3.8 T superconducting solenoid, with data from gas-ionization muon detectors interleaved with the solenoid flux-return yoke, to build τ leptons, jets, missing transverse momentum, and other physics objects [25–27]. Events of interest are selected using a two-tiered trigger system: a hardware-based level-one trigger, and High-Level Trigger, which uses partial online event processing for relevant physics objects (such as jets, in this case) [18,19]. The primary vertex (PV) is taken to be the vertex with the highest particle multiplicity, evaluated using tracking information alone, as described in Section 9.4 of Ref. [28]. The hadron forward (HF) calorimeter uses steel as an absorber and quartz fibers as the sensitive material. The two halves of the HF are located 11.2 m from the interaction region, one on each side, and together they provide coverage in the range $3.0 < |\eta| < 5.2$. The HF calorimeters are azimuthally subdivided into 20° modular wedges and further segmented to form 0.175×0.175 ($\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi$) “towers”. They also serve as the luminosity monitors.

3. Event selection and analysis technique

The PbPb data used in this analysis were selected with two calorimeter-based triggers that use an anti- k_T jet clustering algorithm [29,30] with a radius parameter of $R = 0.4$. These two triggers require at least one jet with p_T greater than 80 GeV or 100 GeV, respectively, after subtracting the UE background contribution iteratively [31]. The data selected by these two triggers combined are used to extract the $P(\Delta r)$ signals. Additional data collected with a minimum bias trigger [32] are used to correct for the limited jet and track acceptance via an event mixing technique, which correlates jets with tracks from different events and thus produces a reference correlation containing only detector and acceptance effects [6]. Vertex and noise filters [33,34] are applied to reduce contamination of noncollision events, including calorimeter noise and beam-gas collisions. These filters require that at least one HF tower on each side of the interaction point have energy above 4 GeV and that the PV position along the beam direction lies within 15 cm of the nominal interaction point. The collision centrality, expressed as a percentile of the total inelastic hadronic cross section, is determined based on the total energy deposited in both HF calorimeters [34]. The events with 0% centrality have the largest overlap of the two colliding nuclei.

Monte Carlo (MC) simulated event samples are used to evaluate the performance of the event reconstruction, the track reconstruction efficiency, and the jet energy response and resolution. The PYTHIA (version 8.226) event generator [35] with the CP5 tune [36] and parton distribution function set NNPDF3.1 at next-to-next-to-leading order [37] was used to simulate the hard scattering, the parton showering, and the hadronization of the partons, as well as the UE. For comparison to PbPb data, these PYTHIA events are embedded into samples from the HYDJET event generator [38] to simulate the background contribution for heavy ion events. The jet flavors in simulations are determined at the event generator level by the presence of b or c hadrons in the jet cone [39]. Those jets containing at least one b hadron are defined as b jets, therefore, the jets from the gluon splitting processes (GSP) which generate bb pairs are also considered as b jets. The GEANT4 [40] toolkit is used to simulate the CMS detector response. An additional reweighting procedure is performed to match the distribution of the PV along the beam direction to that observed in the data to ensure the best possible agreement between data and simulations.

In both data and simulation, charged particles are reconstructed using an iterative tracking method [23] based on hit information from the silicon subdetectors, permitting the reconstruction of charged particles within $|\eta| < 2.4$. The tracking efficiency ranges from approximately 60 to 90%, depending on kinematic region and collision centrality, with higher values in more peripheral events and for higher p_T particles. Tracks with $p_T > 1$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.4$ are used in this study.

Jets are reconstructed offline from PF candidates [24], clustered using the anti- k_T algorithm with a radius parameter of $R = 0.4$ and a constituents merging scheme that sums their 4-momentum directly (E-scheme). Simulation-derived corrections have been applied to the reconstructed jets to correct for the measured energy distortion arising from the limited detector resolution [26,41]. Dedicated background subtraction iterations are applied to subtract the soft UE from the measured jet energy in PbPb collisions [42]. Furthermore, a different jet axis definition, known as the “winner-takes-all” (WTA), is used for the jet shape analysis. The WTA axes are defined primarily by the leading constituents and reconstructed by reclustering the E-scheme jets using the WTA combination rules [43,44]. The default E-scheme axis definition is not optimal for studying jet-track correlations because of an artificial feature that results in a substantial depletion of particles just outside the jet cone radius. The choice of the WTA axis definition avoids the need to correct for this artifact, thereby leading to smaller uncertainties.

A combined secondary vertex (CSV) discriminator is used to select b jet candidates from the inclusive jets that have $p_T > 120$ GeV and $|\eta| < 1.6$. This discriminator is a multivariate classifier that makes use of information of reconstructed secondary vertices and the associated tracks to discriminate b jets from charm and light-flavor quark jets, as well as gluon jets [23,39,45]. The working point selected for this analysis leads to an overall 75% b jet selection efficiency and 45% purity (i.e. true b jet fraction of the tagged sample) as determined from an inclusive multijet sample. The selection is motivated by the balance between statistical and systematic uncertainties.

The b jet shapes $\rho_b(\Delta r)$ are extracted following the jet-track correlation method [16] for six bins of p_T^{trk} with boundaries 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 12, and 300 GeV, which are the same as the binning scheme used in Ref [16]. Corrections for detector and jet-track pair acceptance effects are derived by using the event-mixing technique. The background is then subtracted from measured correlations in a data-driven manner using the measured signal in a data sideband far from the jet axis in a large- $\Delta\eta$ region [6]. The purity of the b jets is evaluated using MC simulations with adjustment by a data-to-MC difference evaluated from a negative-tagging tech-

Table 1

Systematic uncertainties in percentage for jet shape measurements for the various sources and collision centralities. Columns correspond to different centrality selections as marked. Where an uncertainty range is given, the upper edge of the range corresponds to the bin with the smallest p_T^{trk} values. The sources from the decontamination and tagging bias are exclusive for b jets.

Sources	b jets Centralities			Inclusive jets Centralities		
	30–90%	10–30%	0–10%	30–90%	10–30%	0–10%
Trigger efficiency	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Tracking efficiency	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8
Tagging bias corrections	5.0	5.0	5.0	—	—	—
Decontamination procedure	8.0	8.0	8.0	—	—	—
Jet energy scale/resolution	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2
Pair-acceptance corrections	1.0–2.0	1.0–4.0	1.0–5.0	1.0–2.0	1.0–3.0	1.0–4.0
Background subtraction	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	2.0	3.0
Total	12.3–12.4	12.3–12.9	12.3–13.2	7.8–8.0	7.8–8.3	7.8–8.7

nique [39]. The residual contamination of light-flavor and c jets mistagged as b jets is removed using the templates derived from the measured inclusive jet shape signals $\rho_{\text{incl}}(\Delta r)$, as described in Ref. [16]. Inefficiencies and nonlinearities in the tagging algorithm result in differences between the samples of all b jets and tagged b jets. The effects of this selection bias are estimated as functions of p_T^{trk} , Δr , and centrality using the MC samples, and the resulting three-dimensional weighting is used to correct the raw b jet shapes. Finally, simulation-based corrections are derived and applied following the method described in Refs. [6,46] to account for the jet axis resolution, tracking reconstruction efficiency, and background fluctuations.

4. Systematic uncertainties

Several sources of systematic uncertainties are considered, including trigger efficiency, tracking efficiency, b tagging bias corrections, light flavor decontamination procedure, jet reconstruction, pair acceptance corrections, and underlying event background subtraction. The systematic uncertainties, summarized in Table 1 as a function of centrality, are treated as uncorrelated, and the total systematic uncertainty is calculated by adding the contributions from individual sources in quadrature. The evaluation of each source of uncertainty is discussed below.

The jet trigger is not fully efficient for jets with $p_T < 160$ GeV and about 5% of jets with $120 < p_T < 160$ GeV are lost in PbPb collisions. To estimate the uncertainty due to this trigger inefficiency, the analysis was repeated by using the data selected by a trigger with a threshold at 60 GeV. A 3% uncertainty, which is the maximum observed difference relative to the nominal jet shape results, is assigned for this source.

Comparing the tracks associated with inclusive jets, more tracks from b jets are far from a PV, which caused at most 4% worse tracking reconstruction efficiency for b jets. The full magnitude of the observed difference is assigned as a conservative estimate of the tracking reconstruction uncertainty. An additional uncertainty of 4% accounts for data-to-simulation track reconstruction differences, and is estimated from a study of D meson decays [47]. These two tracking-related uncertainties are added in quadrature, leading to a combined value of 5.8%.

The fraction of b jets originating from the gluon splitting mechanism in MC is less than what was observed in data by 15–20% [39,48]. This is the dominant source of uncertainty for correcting the bias induced by the CSV discriminator. Varying the GSP fraction in the jet candidates by 20% leads to less than a 5% difference in the results, which is propagated as the uncertainty. Using the negative-tagging method, the uncertainty in the purity scale factor, caused by differences between data and simulated events, is estimated and ranges between 10–20%, depending on the jet p_T region. This uncertainty is propagated to the final observables,

resulting in an 8% uncertainty for the decontamination procedure described in Ref. [16]. The overall jet energy scale (JES) is sensitive to the sample's relative fraction of quark and gluon jets. The differences of the JES for quark and gluon jets were studied, and the jet energy scaling for inclusive jets has been varied by the largest observed differences in the JES corrections. For b-tagged jets, the largest observed difference between inclusive and tagged jets was used. The differences found in the measured correlation distributions, defined by Eq. (2), are assigned as the systematic uncertainties due to this quark/gluon effect. These uncertainties are found to be below 3%, since the in-jet multiplicity and the jet fragmentation function change slowly with the jet p_T . A similar procedure is used for the b-to-inclusive jet shape ratios, and the observed 1.5% difference is assigned as the JES uncertainty. The jet energy resolution (JER) data-to-simulation difference, based on γ +jet studies [41], is 20% or below. The corresponding uncertainty was evaluated by smearing the reconstructed jet p_T to worsen the JER by the maximum value of 20% and repeating the study. The resulting yield variation compared to the nominal results was found to be below 3%. A similar study is made for b-to-inclusive jet shape ratios. It shows that the JER uncertainty is fully correlated and hence is canceled in the ratios. In total, the JES- and JER-related systematic uncertainties assigned for the b jet shapes (extracted using the particle yields) and b-to-inclusive ratios are 4.2 and 1.5%, respectively.

The uncertainties of the pair acceptance correction are estimated from the difference between positive and negative $\Delta\eta$ sideband regions. Theoretically, there should be no $\Delta\eta$ dependence in the regions $1.5 < |\Delta\eta| < 2.5$, which are far away from the jet axis. Any deviations from this expectation are used to quantify the related systematic error. This uncertainty amounts to 1.0–5.0%, depending on the centrality, the track p_T^{trk} bin, and the Δr bin. Uncertainties associated with the background subtraction are evaluated by considering the variations between the two sideband regions ($1.5 < |\Delta\eta| < 2.0$ and $2.0 < |\Delta\eta| < 2.5$) on each side of the detector after the background subtraction. The statistical uncertainties on the background level determination are also added in quadrature to get the final background subtraction uncertainty ranging from 1.0 to 3.0%, depending on the centrality.

5. Results

The shapes of b jets and inclusive jets, measured using charged particles with $p_T^{\text{trk}} > 1$ GeV from PbPb collisions, are shown in the upper row of Fig. 1. For comparison, the results from pp collisions in Ref. [16] are also shown in each panel. The b jets are observed to have a broader shape than that of inclusive jets. In PYTHIA studies, this difference could be primarily explained by contributions from the GSP producing b jet pairs. The ratios of jet shapes measured in PbPb collisions to those from pp data from Ref. [16] are

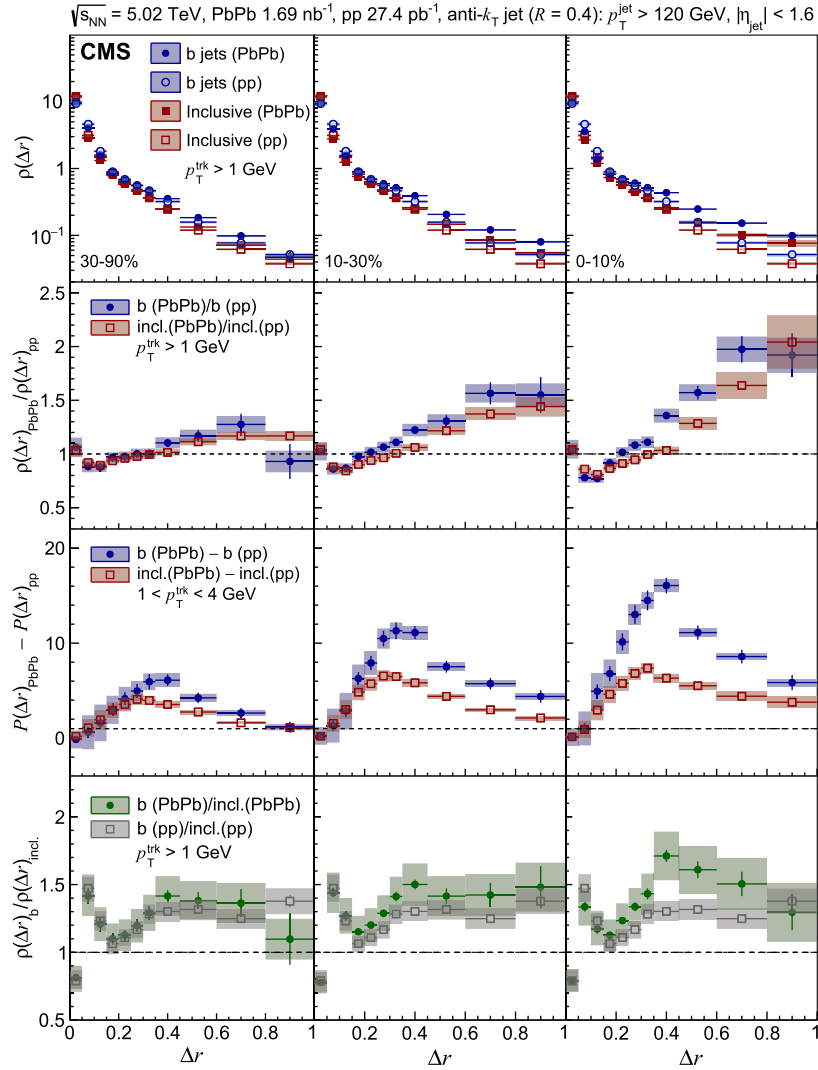


Fig. 1. Upper row: jet shape distributions $\rho(\Delta r)$ for inclusive (solid red squares) and b jets (solid blue circles) with $p_T > 120$ GeV in three centrality bins (left to right) for PbPb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV, as well as in pp collisions (open red and blue symbols) from Ref. [16], which are identical in all three panels. Second row: ratio of PbPb to pp jet shape results for inclusive (red) and b jets (blue). Third row: the difference between the charged-particle transverse momentum profile, defined by Eq. (1), between PbPb and pp collisions for $1 < p_T^{\text{trk}} < 4$ GeV for inclusive (red) and b jets (blue). Lower row: ratio of b to inclusive jet shapes for several PbPb centrality bins (green), as well as pp collisions from Ref. [16] (gray), which are identical in all three panels. In all panels, the vertical bars and shaded boxes represent the statistical and systematic uncertainties, respectively.

shown in the second row of Fig. 1. Both the b and inclusive jet shape ratios show a redistribution of the transverse momentum of jet constituents from small to large distances from the jet axis. This is evident in the depletion of charged-particle tracks in the range of about $0.05 \lesssim \Delta r \lesssim 0.4$, followed by a strong enhancement above $\Delta r \approx 0.4$ seen for both ratios. For PbPb collisions, the observed large Δr enhancements are centrality dependent and are most significant in central collisions, consistent with expectations based on jet-medium interactions for partons traversing the QGP. Fig. 1 shows an even larger PbPb to pp ratio for b jets than for inclusive jets in the large- Δr region. This QGP-induced excess of transverse momentum at large Δr could result from the response of the medium to the propagating jet, with the excited portion of the medium hadronizing into additional particles around the jet direction. The presented measurement may then imply that b jets can cause a larger medium response than inclusive jets. We find that charged particles with $1 < p_T^{\text{trk}} < 4$ GeV carry almost all of the observed momentum excess. The differences of the transverse momentum profiles (as opposed to the ratios of the shapes) between the PbPb and pp measurements characterize the magnitude of the measured excess momentum and are plotted in the third row of

Fig. 1 for both the b and inclusive jets. Unlike b-to-inclusive jet shape ratios, which could be affected by the changes in both the numerator and denominator, the difference of the momentum profiles represents an absolute change in the momentum from pp to PbPb data. A more significant absolute momentum excess in PbPb collisions with respect to the pp reference is found for b jets than for inclusive jets.

To quantify the difference between the shapes of b and inclusive jets within a given system, the lower row of Fig. 1 presents the shape ratios for b jets divided by inclusive jets for both pp and different centralities of PbPb collisions. Previous studies in pp collisions [16] have demonstrated that the b jet shapes are broader than inclusive jet shapes in the case of vacuum fragmentation (no QGP). For comparison, PbPb ratios are overlaid with the pp baseline measurement from Ref. [16]. These ratios also show a centrality-dependent enhancement of the large- Δr distributions for b over inclusive jets. The small Δr region shows another interesting finding: a depletion is seen in the b to inclusive jet ratios for roughly $\Delta r \lesssim 0.05$ for all centrality bins without apparent centrality dependence. It is argued that in pp collisions this dip could be interpreted as a manifestation of the “dead-cone” effect, result-

ing from a larger suppression of collinear parton radiation from a heavy bottom quark than from light partons [16]. Comparing PbPb to pp results, no significant difference is seen in this small Δr dead-cone-like structure at any centrality.

6. Summary

In summary, the first jet shape measurements for bottom quark (b) jets in lead-lead (PbPb) collisions at a nucleon-nucleon center-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV are presented. A jet-track correlation technique was used with b jets of $p_T > 120$ GeV and charged particles of transverse momenta $p_T^{\text{trk}} > 1$ GeV to measure jet shapes as a function of radial distance Δr between the jet axes and particle tracks. The measured b jet shapes show a depletion of transverse momenta at small radial distances from the jet axis compared to inclusive jet shapes. This depletion is already present in proton-proton (pp) events at the same center-of-mass energy and does not notably change looking at PbPb collisions at different centralities. This observation may provide a quantitative measurement of the expected dead-cone effect for b jets. Comparisons of jet shapes from PbPb and pp data show that the presence of the quark-gluon plasma modifies the energy flow around b jets. These modifications include a depletion of the transverse momenta in the range of about $\Delta r \lesssim 0.4$ and an enhancement at larger radial distances from the jet axis. Furthermore, the large Δr enhancement is found to be greater than that previously reported for inclusive jets in PbPb collisions. This observation is consistent with an increased medium response to the propagation of a heavier quark. The enhancement is centrality dependent and is largest in the most central collisions. This measurement provides new constraints for theoretical calculations of parton flavor dependence of energy loss and jet-medium interactions in the quark-gluon plasma.

Declaration of competing interest

The authors declare that they have no known competing financial interests or personal relationships that could have appeared to influence the work reported in this paper.

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The CMS Collaboration

A. Tumasyan¹

Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia

W. Adam, J.W. Andrejkovic, T. Bergauer, S. Chatterjee, K. Damanakis, M. Dragicevic, A. Escalante Del Valle, P.S. Hussain, M. Jeitler², N. Krammer, L. Lechner, D. Liko, I. Mikulec, P. Paulitsch, F.M. Pitters, J. Schieck², R. Schöfbeck, D. Schwarz, M. Sonawane, S. Templ, W. Waltenberger, C.-E. Wulz²

Institut für Hochenergiephysik, Vienna, Austria

M.R. Darwish³, T. Janssen, T. Kello⁴, H. Rejeb Sfar, P. Van Mechelen

Universiteit Antwerpen, Antwerpen, Belgium

E.S. Bols, J. D'Hondt, A. De Moor, M. Delcourt, H. El Faham, S. Lowette, S. Moortgat, A. Morton, D. Müller, A.R. Sahasransu, S. Tavernier, W. Van Doninck, D. Vannerom

Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussel, Belgium

B. Clerbaux, G. De Lentdecker, L. Favart, D. Hohov, J. Jaramillo, K. Lee, M. Mahdavihorrani, I. Makarenko, A. Malara, S. Paredes, L. Pétré, N. Postiau, L. Thomas, M. Vanden Bemden, C. Vander Velde, P. Vanlaer

Université Libre de Bruxelles, Bruxelles, Belgium

D. Dobur, J. Knolle, L. Lambrecht, G. Mestdach, M. Niedziela, C. Rendón, C. Roskas, A. Samalan, K. Skovpen, M. Tytgat, N. Van Den Bossche, B. Vermassen, L. Wezenbeek

Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium

A. Benecke, G. Bruno, F. Bury, C. Caputo, P. David, C. Delaere, I.S. Donertas, A. Giammanco, K. Jaffel, Sa. Jain, V. Lemaître, K. Mondal, A. Taliercio, T.T. Tran, P. Vischia, S. Wertz

Université Catholique de Louvain, Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium

G.A. Alves, E. Coelho, C. Hensel, A. Moraes, P. Rebello Teles

Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Físicas, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

W.L. Aldá Júnior, M. Alves Gallo Pereira, M. Barroso Ferreira Filho, H. Brandao Malbouisson, W. Carvalho, J. Chinellato⁵, E.M. Da Costa, G.G. Da Silveira⁶, D. De Jesus Damiao, V. Dos Santos Sousa, S. Fonseca De Souza, J. Martins⁷, C. Mora Herrera, K. Mota Amarilo, L. Mundim, H. Nogima, A. Santoro, S.M. Silva Do Amaral, A. Sznajder, M. Thiel, F. Torres Da Silva De Araujo⁸, A. Vilela Pereira

Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

C.A. Bernardes⁶, L. Calligaris, T.R. Fernandez Perez Tomei, E.M. Gregores, P.G. Mercadante, S.F. Novaes, Sandra S. Padula

Universidade Estadual Paulista, Universidade Federal do ABC, São Paulo, Brazil

A. Aleksandrov, G. Antchev, R. Hadjiiska, P. Iaydjiev, M. Misheva, M. Rodozov, M. Shopova, G. Sultanov

Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia, Bulgaria

A. Dimitrov, T. Ivanov, L. Litov, B. Pavlov, P. Petkov, A. Petrov, E. Shumka

University of Sofia, Sofia, Bulgaria

S. Thakur

Instituto De Alta Investigación, Universidad de Tarapacá, Casilla 7 D, Arica, Chile

T. Cheng, T. Javaid⁹, M. Mittal, L. Yuan

Beihang University, Beijing, China

M. Ahmad, G. Bauer¹⁰, Z. Hu, S. Lezki, K. Yi^{10,11}

Department of Physics, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China

G.M. Chen⁹, H.S. Chen⁹, M. Chen⁹, F. Iemmi, C.H. Jiang, A. Kapoor, H. Kou, H. Liao, Z.-A. Liu¹², V. Milosevic, F. Monti, R. Sharma, J. Tao, J. Thomas-Wilsker, J. Wang, H. Zhang, J. Zhao

Institute of High Energy Physics, Beijing, China

A. Agapitos, Y. An, Y. Ban, C. Chen, A. Levin, C. Li, Q. Li, X. Lyu, Y. Mao, S.J. Qian, X. Sun, D. Wang, J. Xiao, H. Yang

State Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Technology, Peking University, Beijing, China

M. Lu, Z. You

Sun Yat-Sen University, Guangzhou, China

X. Gao⁴, D. Leggat, H. Okawa, Y. Zhang

Institute of Modern Physics and Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Ion-beam Application (MOE) – Fudan University, Shanghai, China

Z. Lin, C. Lu, M. Xiao

Zhejiang University, Hangzhou, Zhejiang, China

C. Avila, D.A. Barbosa Trujillo, A. Cabrera, C. Florez, J. Fraga

Universidad de Los Andes, Bogota, Colombia

J. Mejia Guisao, F. Ramirez, M. Rodriguez, J.D. Ruiz Alvarez

Universidad de Antioquia, Medellin, Colombia

D. Giljanovic, N. Godinovic, D. Lelas, I. Puljak

University of Split, Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering and Naval Architecture, Split, Croatia

Z. Antunovic, M. Kovac, T. Sculac

University of Split, Faculty of Science, Split, Croatia

V. Brigljevic, B.K. Chitroda, D. Ferencek, S. Mishra, M. Roguljic, A. Starodumov¹³, T. Susa

Institute Rudjer Boskovic, Zagreb, Croatia

A. Attikis, K. Christoforou, M. Kolosova, S. Konstantinou, J. Mousa, C. Nicolaou, F. Ptochos, P.A. Razis, H. Rykaczewski, H. Saka, A. Stepennov

University of Cyprus, Nicosia, Cyprus

M. Finger¹³, M. Finger Jr.¹³, A. Kveton

Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic

E. Ayala

Escuela Politecnica Nacional, Quito, Ecuador

E. Carrera Jarrin

Universidad San Francisco de Quito, Quito, Ecuador

S. Elgammal¹⁴, A. Ellithi Kamel¹⁵

Academy of Scientific Research and Technology of the Arab Republic of Egypt, Egyptian Network of High Energy Physics, Cairo, Egypt

A. Lotfy, Y. Mohammed

Center for High Energy Physics (CHEP-FU), Fayoum University, El-Fayoum, Egypt

S. Bhowmik, R.K. Dewanjee, K. Ehataht, M. Kadastik, T. Lange, S. Nandan, C. Nielsen, J. Pata, M. Raidal, L. Tani, C. Veelken

National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia

P. Eerola, H. Kirschenmann, K. Osterberg, M. Voutilainen

Department of Physics, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, Finland

S. Bharthuar, E. Brücken, F. Garcia, J. Havukainen, M.S. Kim, R. Kinnunen, T. Lampén, K. Lassila-Perini, S. Lehti, T. Lindén, M. Lotti, L. Martikainen, M. Myllymäki, J. Ott, M.m. Rantanen, H. Siikonen, E. Tuominen, J. Tuominiemi

Helsinki Institute of Physics, Helsinki, Finland

P. Luukka, H. Petrow, T. Tuuva

Lappeenranta-Lahti University of Technology, Lappeenranta, Finland

C. Amendola, M. Besancon, F. Couderc, M. Dejardin, D. Denegri, J.L. Faure, F. Ferri, S. Ganjour, P. Gras, G. Hamel de Monchenault, P. Jarry, V. Lohezic, J. Malcles, J. Rander, A. Rosowsky, M.Ö. Sahin, A. Savoy-Navarro¹⁶, P. Simkina, M. Titov

IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France

C. Baldenegro Barrera, F. Beaudette, A. Buchot Perraguin, P. Busson, A. Cappati, C. Charlot, F. Damas, O. Davignon, B. Diab, G. Falmagne, B.A. Fontana Santos Alves, S. Ghosh, R. Granier de Cassagnac, A. Hakimi, B. Harikrishnan, G. Liu, J. Motta, M. Nguyen, C. Ochando, L. Portales, R. Salerno, U. Sarkar, J.B. Sauvan, Y. Sirois, A. Tarabini, E. Vernazza, A. Zabi, A. Zghiche

Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, CNRS/IN2P3, Ecole Polytechnique, Institut Polytechnique de Paris, Palaiseau, France

J.-L. Agram¹⁷, J. Andrea, D. Apparú, D. Bloch, G. Bourgatte, J.-M. Brom, E.C. Chabert, C. Collard, D. Darej, U. Goerlach, C. Grimault, A.-C. Le Bihan, P. Van Hove

Université de Strasbourg, CNRS, IPHC UMR 7178, Strasbourg, France

S. Beauceron, B. Blancon, G. Boudoul, A. Carle, N. Chanon, J. Choi, D. Contardo, P. Depasse, C. Dozen¹⁸, H. El Mamouni, J. Fay, S. Gascon, M. Gouzevitch, G. Grenier, B. Ille, I.B. Laktineh, M. Lethuillier, L. Mirabito, S. Perries, L. Torterotot, M. Vander Donckt, P. Verdier, S. Viret

Institut de Physique des 2 Infinis de Lyon (IP2I), Villeurbanne, France

A. Khvedelidze¹³, I. Lomidze, Z. Tsamalaidze¹³

Georgian Technical University, Tbilisi, Georgia

V. Botta, L. Feld, K. Klein, M. Lipinski, D. Meuser, A. Pauls, N. Röwert, M. Teroerde

RWTH Aachen University, I. Physikalisches Institut, Aachen, Germany

S. Diekmann, A. Dodonova, N. Eich, D. Eliseev, M. Erdmann, P. Fackeldey, D. Fasanella, B. Fischer, T. Hebbeker, K. Hoepfner, F. Ivone, M.y. Lee, L. Mastrolorenzo, M. Merschmeyer, A. Meyer, S. Mondal, S. Mukherjee, D. Noll, A. Novak, F. Nowotny, A. Pozdnyakov, Y. Rath, W. Redjeb, H. Reithler, A. Schmidt, S.C. Schuler, A. Sharma, A. Stein, L. Vigilante, S. Wiedenbeck, S. Zaleski

RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut A, Aachen, Germany

C. Dziwok, G. Flügge, W. Haj Ahmad¹⁹, O. Hlushchenko, T. Kress, A. Nowack, O. Pooth, A. Stahl, T. Ziemons, A. Zötz

RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut B, Aachen, Germany

H. Aarup Petersen, M. Aldaya Martin, P. Asmuss, S. Baxter, M. Bayatmakou, O. Behnke, A. Bermúdez Martínez, S. Bhattacharya, A.A. Bin Anuar, F. Blekman²⁰, K. Borras²¹, D. Brunner, A. Campbell, A. Cardini, C. Cheng, F. Colombina, S. Consuegra Rodríguez, G. Correia Silva, M. De Silva, L. Didukh, G. Eckerlin, D. Eckstein, L.I. Estevez Banos, O. Filatov, E. Gallo²⁰, A. Geiser, A. Giraldi, G. Greau, A. Grohsjean, V. Guglielmi, M. Guthoff, A. Jafari²², N.Z. Jomhari, B. Kaech, M. Kasemann, H. Kaveh, C. Kleinwort, R. Kogler, M. Komm, D. Krücker, W. Lange, D. Leyva Pernia, K. Lipka²³,

W. Lohmann²⁴, R. Mankel, I.-A. Melzer-Pellmann, M. Mendizabal Morentin, J. Metwally, A.B. Meyer, G. Milella, M. Mormile, A. Mussgiller, A. Nürnberg, Y. Otari, D. Pérez Adán, A. Raspereza, B. Ribeiro Lopes, J. Rübenach, A. Saggio, A. Saibel, M. Savitskyi, M. Scham^{25,21}, V. Scheurer, S. Schnake²¹, P. Schütze, C. Schwanenberger²⁰, M. Shchedrolosiev, R.E. Sosa Ricardo, D. Stafford, N. Tonon[†], M. Van De Klundert, F. Vazzoler, A. Ventura Barroso, R. Walsh, D. Walter, Q. Wang, Y. Wen, K. Wichmann, L. Wiens²¹, C. Wissing, S. Wuchterl, Y. Yang, A. Zimmermann Castro Santos

Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, Hamburg, Germany

A. Albrecht, S. Albrecht, M. Antonello, S. Bein, L. Benato, M. Bonanomi, P. Connor, K. De Leo, M. Eich, K. El Morabit, F. Feindt, A. Fröhlich, C. Garbers, E. Garutti, M. Hajheidari, J. Haller, A. Hinzmann, H.R. Jabusch, G. Kasieczka, P. Keicher, R. Klanner, W. Korcari, T. Kramer, V. Kutzner, F. Labe, J. Lange, A. Lobanov, C. Matthies, A. Mehta, L. Moureaux, M. Mrowietz, A. Nigamova, Y. Nissan, A. Paasch, K.J. Pena Rodriguez, T. Quadfasel, M. Rieger, O. Rieger, D. Savoie, J. Schindler, P. Schleper, M. Schröder, J. Schwandt, M. Sommerhalder, H. Stadie, G. Steinbrück, A. Tews, M. Wolf

University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany

S. Brommer, M. Burkart, E. Butz, R. Caspart, T. Chwalek, A. Dierlamm, A. Droll, N. Faltermann, M. Giffels, J.O. Gosewisch, A. Gottmann, F. Hartmann²⁶, M. Horzela, U. Husemann, M. Klute, R. Koppenhöfer, A. Lintuluoto, S. Maier, S. Mitra, Th. Müller, M. Neukum, M. Oh, G. Quast, K. Rabbertz, J. Rauser, M. Schnepf, D. Seith, I. Shvetsov, H.J. Simonis, N. Trevisani, R. Ulrich, J. van der Linden, R.F. Von Cube, M. Wassmer, S. Wieland, R. Wolf, S. Wozniewski, S. Wunsch, X. Zuo

Karlsruher Institut fuer Technologie, Karlsruhe, Germany

G. Anagnostou, P. Assiouras, G. Daskalakis, A. Kyriakis, A. Stakia

Institute of Nuclear and Particle Physics (INPP), NCSR Demokritos, Aghia Paraskevi, Greece

M. Diamantopoulou, D. Karasavvas, P. Kontaxakis, A. Manousakis-Katsikakis, A. Panagiotou, I. Papavergou, N. Saoulidou, K. Theofilatos, E. Tziaferi, K. Vellidis, I. Zisopoulos

National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece

G. Bakas, T. Chatzistavrou, K. Kousouris, I. Papakrivopoulos, G. Tsipolitis, A. Zacharopoulou

National Technical University of Athens, Athens, Greece

K. Adamidis, I. Bestintzanos, I. Evangelou, C. Foudas, P. Gianneios, C. Kamtsikis, P. Katsoulis, P. Kokkas, P.G. Kosmoglou Kioseglou, N. Manthos, I. Papadopoulos, J. Strologas

University of Ioánnina, Ioánnina, Greece

M. Csanád, K. Farkas, M.M.A. Gadallah²⁷, S. Lökös²⁸, P. Major, K. Mandal, G. Pásztor, A.J. Rádl²⁹, O. Surányi, G.I. Veres

MTA-ELTE Lendület CMS Particle and Nuclear Physics Group, Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest, Hungary

M. Bartók³⁰, G. Bencze, C. Hajdu, D. Horvath^{31,32}, F. Sikler, V. Veszpremi

Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary

N. Beni, S. Czellar, J. Karacsi³⁰, J. Molnar, Z. Szillasi, D. Teysier

Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary

P. Raics, B. Ujvari³³

Institute of Physics, University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary

T. Csorgo²⁹, F. Nemes²⁹, T. Novak

Karoly Robert Campus, MATE Institute of Technology, Gyongyos, Hungary

J. Babbar, S. Bansal, S.B. Beri, V. Bhatnagar, G. Chaudhary, S. Chauhan, N. Dhingra³⁴, R. Gupta, A. Kaur, A. Kaur, H. Kaur, M. Kaur, S. Kumar, P. Kumari, M. Meena, K. Sandeep, T. Sheokand, J.B. Singh³⁵, A. Singla, A.K. Virdi

Panjab University, Chandigarh, India

A. Ahmed, A. Bhardwaj, B.C. Choudhary, A. Kumar, M. Naimuddin, K. Ranjan, S. Saumya

University of Delhi, Delhi, India

S. Baradia, S. Barman³⁶, S. Bhattacharya, D. Bhowmik, S. Dutta, S. Dutta, B. Gomber³⁷, M. Maity³⁶, P. Palit, G. Saha, B. Sahu, S. Sarkar

Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics, HBNI, Kolkata, India

P.K. Behera, S.C. Behera, P. Kalbhor, J.R. Komaragiri³⁸, D. Kumar³⁸, A. Muhammad, L. Panwar³⁸, R. Pradhan, P.R. Pujahari, A. Sharma, A.K. Sikdar, P.C. Tiwari³⁸, S. Verma

Indian Institute of Technology Madras, Madras, India

K. Naskar³⁹

Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Mumbai, India

T. Aziz, I. Das, S. Dugad, M. Kumar, G.B. Mohanty, P. Suryadevara

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research-A, Mumbai, India

S. Banerjee, R. Chudasama, M. Guchait, S. Karmakar, S. Kumar, G. Majumder, K. Mazumdar, S. Mukherjee, A. Thachayath

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research-B, Mumbai, India

S. Bahinipati⁴⁰, A.K. Das, C. Kar, P. Mal, T. Mishra, V.K. Muraleedharan Nair Bindhu⁴¹, A. Nayak⁴¹, P. Saha, S.K. Swain, D. Vats⁴¹

National Institute of Science Education and Research, An OCC of Homi Bhabha National Institute, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India

A. Alpana, S. Dube, B. Kansal, A. Laha, S. Pandey, A. Rastogi, S. Sharma

Indian Institute of Science Education and Research (IISER), Pune, India

H. Bakhshiansohi^{42,43}, E. Khazaie⁴³, M. Zeinali⁴⁴

Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran

S. Chenarani⁴⁵, S.M. Etesami, M. Khakzad, M. Mohammadi Najafabadi

Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences (IPM), Tehran, Iran

M. Grunewald

University College Dublin, Dublin, Ireland

M. Abbrescia^{a,b}, R. Aly^{a,b,46}, C. Aruta^{a,b}, A. Colaleo^a, D. Creanza^{a,c}, N. De Filippis^{a,c}, M. De Palma^{a,b}, A. Di Florio^{a,b}, W. Elmetenawee^{a,b}, F. Errico^{a,b}, L. Fiore^a, G. Iaselli^{a,c}, M. Ince^{a,b}, G. Maggi^{a,c}, M. Maggi^a, I. Margjeka^{a,b}, V. Mastrapasqua^{a,b}, S. My^{a,b}, S. Nuzzo^{a,b}, A. Pellecchia^{a,b}, A. Pompili^{a,b}, G. Pugliese^{a,c}, R. Radogna^a, D. Ramos^a, A. Ranieri^a, G. Selvaggi^{a,b}, L. Silvestris^a, F.M. Simone^{a,b}, Ü. Sözbilir^a, A. Stamerra^a, R. Venditti^a, P. Verwilligen^a

^a INFN Sezione di Bari, Bari, Italy

^b Università di Bari, Bari, Italy

^c Politecnico di Bari, Bari, Italy

G. Abbiendi^a, C. Battilana^{a,b}, D. Bonacorsi^{a,b}, L. Borghonovi^a, L. Brigliadori^a, R. Campanini^{a,b}, P. Capiluppi^{a,b}, A. Castro^{a,b}, F.R. Cavallo^a, M. Cuffiani^{a,b}, G.M. Dallavalle^a, T. Diotallevi^{a,b}, F. Fabbri^a,

A. Fanfani ^{a,b}, P. Giacomelli ^a, L. Giommi ^{a,b}, C. Grandi ^a, L. Guiducci ^{a,b}, S. Lo Meo ^{a,47}, L. Lunerti ^{a,b}, S. Marcellini ^a, G. Masetti ^a, F.L. Navarria ^{a,b}, A. Perrotta ^a, F. Primavera ^{a,b}, A.M. Rossi ^{a,b}, T. Rovelli ^{a,b}, G.P. Siroli ^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Bologna, Bologna, Italy

^b Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy

S. Costa ^{a,b,48}, A. Di Mattia ^a, R. Potenza ^{a,b}, A. Tricomi ^{a,b,48}, C. Tuve ^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Catania, Catania, Italy

^b Università di Catania, Catania, Italy

G. Barbagli ^a, G. Bardelli ^{a,b}, B. Camaiani ^{a,b}, A. Cassese ^a, R. Ceccarelli ^{a,b}, V. Ciulli ^{a,b}, C. Civinini ^a, R. D'Alessandro ^{a,b}, E. Focardi ^{a,b}, G. Latino ^{a,b}, P. Lenzi ^{a,b}, M. Lizzo ^{a,b}, M. Meschini ^a, S. Paoletti ^a, R. Seidita ^{a,b}, G. Sguazzoni ^a, L. Viliani ^a

^a INFN Sezione di Firenze, Firenze, Italy

^b Università di Firenze, Firenze, Italy

L. Benussi, S. Bianco, S. Meola ²⁶, D. Piccolo

INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy

M. Bozzo ^{a,b}, P. Chatagnon ^a, F. Ferro ^a, R. Mulargia ^a, E. Robutti ^a, S. Tosi ^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Genova, Genova, Italy

^b Università di Genova, Genova, Italy

A. Benaglia ^a, G. Boldrini ^a, F. Brivio ^{a,b}, F. Cetorelli ^{a,b}, F. De Guio ^{a,b}, M.E. Dinardo ^{a,b}, P. Dini ^a, S. Gennai ^a, A. Ghezzi ^{a,b}, P. Govoni ^{a,b}, L. Guzzi ^{a,b}, M.T. Lucchini ^{a,b}, M. Malberti ^a, S. Malvezzi ^a, A. Massironi ^a, D. Menasce ^a, L. Moroni ^a, M. Paganoni ^{a,b}, D. Pedrini ^a, B.S. Pinolini ^a, S. Ragazzi ^{a,b}, N. Redaelli ^a, T. Tabarelli de Fatis ^{a,b}, D. Zuolo ^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Milano-Bicocca, Milano, Italy

^b Università di Milano-Bicocca, Milano, Italy

S. Buontempo ^a, F. Carnevali ^{a,b}, N. Cavallo ^{a,c}, A. De Iorio ^{a,b}, F. Fabozzi ^{a,c}, A.O.M. Iorio ^{a,b}, L. Lista ^{a,b,49}, P. Paolucci ^{a,26}, B. Rossi ^a, C. Sciacca ^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Napoli, Napoli, Italy

^b Università di Napoli 'Federico II', Napoli, Italy

^c Università della Basilicata, Potenza, Italy

^d Università G. Marconi, Roma, Italy

P. Azzi ^a, N. Bacchetta ^{a,50}, D. Bisello ^{a,b}, P. Bortignon ^a, A. Bragagnolo ^{a,b}, R. Carlin ^{a,b}, P. Checchia ^a, T. Dorigo ^a, F. Gasparini ^{a,b}, G. Grosso ^a, L. Layer ^{a,51}, E. Lusiani ^a, M. Margoni ^{a,b}, G. Maron ^{a,52}, A.T. Meneguzzo ^{a,b}, J. Pazzini ^{a,b}, P. Ronchese ^{a,b}, R. Rossin ^{a,b}, F. Simonetto ^{a,b}, G. Strong ^a, M. Tosi ^{a,b}, H. Yarar ^{a,b}, M. Zanetti ^{a,b}, P. Zotto ^{a,b}, A. Zucchetta ^{a,b}, G. Zumerle ^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Padova, Padova, Italy

^b Università di Padova, Padova, Italy

^c Università di Trento, Trento, Italy

S. Abu Zeid ^{a,53}, C. Aimè ^{a,b}, A. Braghieri ^a, S. Calzaferri ^{a,b}, D. Fiorina ^{a,b}, P. Montagna ^{a,b}, V. Re ^a, C. Riccardi ^{a,b}, P. Salvini ^a, I. Vai ^a, P. Vitulo ^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Pavia, Pavia, Italy

^b Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy

P. Asenov ^{a,54}, G.M. Bilei ^a, D. Ciangottini ^{a,b}, L. Fanò ^{a,b}, M. Magherini ^{a,b}, G. Mantovani ^{a,b}, V. Mariani ^{a,b}, M. Menichelli ^a, F. Moscatelli ^{a,54}, A. Piccinelli ^{a,b}, M. Presilla ^{a,b}, A. Rossi ^{a,b}, A. Santocchia ^{a,b}, D. Spiga ^a, T. Tedeschi ^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Perugia, Perugia, Italy

^b Università di Perugia, Perugia, Italy

P. Azzurri^a, G. Bagliesi^a, V. Bertacchi^{a,c}, R. Bhattacharya^a, L. Bianchini^{a,b}, T. Boccali^a, E. Bossini^{a,b}, D. Bruschini^{a,c}, R. Castaldi^a, M.A. Ciocci^{a,b}, V. D'Amante^{a,d}, R. Dell'Orso^a, M.R. Di Domenico^{a,d}, S. Donato^a, A. Giassi^a, F. Ligabue^{a,c}, G. Mandorli^{a,c}, D. Matos Figueiredo^a, A. Messineo^{a,b}, M. Musich^{a,b}, F. Palla^a, S. Parolia^{a,b}, G. Ramirez-Sanchez^{a,c}, A. Rizzi^{a,b}, G. Rolandi^{a,c}, S. Roy Chowdhury^a, T. Sarkar^a, A. Scribano^a, N. Shafiei^{a,b}, P. Spagnolo^a, R. Tenchini^a, G. Tonelli^{a,b}, N. Turini^{a,d}, A. Venturi^a, P.G. Verdini^a

^a INFN Sezione di Pisa, Pisa, Italy

^b Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy

^c Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa, Pisa, Italy

^d Università di Siena, Siena, Italy

P. Barria^a, M. Campana^{a,b}, F. Cavallari^a, D. Del Re^{a,b}, E. Di Marco^a, M. Diemoz^a, E. Longo^{a,b}, P. Meridiani^a, G. Organtini^{a,b}, F. Pandolfi^a, R. Paramatti^{a,b}, C. Quaranta^{a,b}, S. Rahatlou^{a,b}, C. Rovelli^a, F. Santanastasio^{a,b}, L. Soffi^a, R. Tramontano^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Roma, Roma, Italy

^b Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy

N. Amapane^{a,b}, R. Arcidiacono^{a,c}, S. Argiro^{a,b}, M. Arneodo^{a,c}, N. Bartosik^a, R. Bellan^{a,b}, A. Bellora^{a,b}, C. Biino^a, N. Cartiglia^a, M. Costa^{a,b}, R. Covarelli^{a,b}, N. Demaria^a, M. Grippo^{a,b}, B. Kiani^{a,b}, F. Legger^a, C. Mariotti^a, S. Maselli^a, A. Mecca^{a,b}, E. Migliore^{a,b}, E. Monteil^{a,b}, M. Monteno^a, M.M. Obertino^{a,b}, G. Ortona^a, L. Pacher^{a,b}, N. Pastrone^a, M. Pelliccioni^a, M. Ruspa^{a,c}, K. Shchelina^a, F. Siviero^{a,b}, V. Sola^a, A. Solano^{a,b}, D. Soldi^{a,b}, A. Staiano^a, M. Tornago^{a,b}, D. Trocino^a, G. Umoret^{a,b}, A. Vagnerini^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Torino, Torino, Italy

^b Università di Torino, Torino, Italy

^c Università del Piemonte Orientale, Novara, Italy

S. Belforte^a, V. Candelise^{a,b}, M. Casarsa^a, F. Cossutti^a, A. Da Rold^{a,b}, G. Della Ricca^{a,b}, G. Sorrentino^{a,b}

^a INFN Sezione di Trieste, Trieste, Italy

^b Università di Trieste, Trieste, Italy

S. Dogra, C. Huh, B. Kim, D.H. Kim, G.N. Kim, J. Kim, J. Lee, S.W. Lee, C.S. Moon, Y.D. Oh, S.I. Pak, M.S. Ryu, S. Sekmen, Y.C. Yang

Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Korea

H. Kim, D.H. Moon

Chonnam National University, Institute for Universe and Elementary Particles, Kwangju, Korea

E. Asilar, T.J. Kim, J. Park

Hanyang University, Seoul, Korea

S. Choi, S. Han, B. Hong, K. Lee, K.S. Lee, J. Lim, J. Park, S.K. Park, J. Yoo

Korea University, Seoul, Korea

J. Goh

Kyung Hee University, Department of Physics, Seoul, Korea

H.S. Kim, Y. Kim, S. Lee

Sejong University, Seoul, Korea

J. Almond, J.H. Bhyun, J. Choi, S. Jeon, J. Kim, J.S. Kim, S. Ko, H. Kwon, H. Lee, S. Lee, B.H. Oh, S.B. Oh, H. Seo, U.K. Yang, I. Yoon

Seoul National University, Seoul, Korea

W. Jang, D.Y. Kang, Y. Kang, D. Kim, S. Kim, B. Ko, J.S.H. Lee, Y. Lee, J.A. Merlin, I.C. Park, Y. Roh, D. Song, I.J. Watson, S. Yang

University of Seoul, Seoul, Korea

S. Ha, H.D. Yoo

Yonsei University, Department of Physics, Seoul, Korea

M. Choi, M.R. Kim, H. Lee, Y. Lee, Y. Lee, I. Yu

Sungkyunkwan University, Suwon, Korea

T. Beyrouthy, Y. Maghrbi

College of Engineering and Technology, American University of the Middle East (AUM), Dasman, Kuwait

K. Dreimanis, G. Pikurs, M. Seidel, V. Veckalns

Riga Technical University, Riga, Latvia

M. Ambrozas, A. Carvalho Antunes De Oliveira, A. Juodagalvis, A. Rinkevicius, G. Tamulaitis

Vilnius University, Vilnius, Lithuania

N. Bin Norjoharuddeen, S.Y. Hoh⁵⁵, I. Yusuff⁵⁵, Z. Zolkapli

National Centre for Particle Physics, Universiti Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

J.F. Benitez, A. Castaneda Hernandez, H.A. Encinas Acosta, L.G. Gallegos Maríñez, M. León Coello, J.A. Murillo Quijada, A. Sehrawat, L. Valencia Palomo

Universidad de Sonora (UNISON), Hermosillo, Mexico

G. Ayala, H. Castilla-Valdez, I. Heredia-De La Cruz⁵⁶, R. Lopez-Fernandez, C.A. Mondragon Herrera, D.A. Perez Navarro, A. Sánchez Hernández

Centro de Investigacion y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN, Mexico City, Mexico

C. Oropeza Barrera, F. Vazquez Valencia

Universidad Iberoamericana, Mexico City, Mexico

I. Pedraza, H.A. Salazar Ibarguen, C. Uribe Estrada

Benemerita Universidad Autonoma de Puebla, Puebla, Mexico

I. Bubanja, J. Mijuskovic⁵⁷, N. Raicevic

University of Montenegro, Podgorica, Montenegro

A. Ahmad, M.I. Asghar, A. Awais, M.I.M. Awan, M. Gul, H.R. Hoorani, W.A. Khan, M. Shoaib, M. Waqas

National Centre for Physics, Quaid-I-Azam University, Islamabad, Pakistan

V. Avati, L. Grzanka, M. Malawski

AGH University of Science and Technology Faculty of Computer Science, Electronics and Telecommunications, Krakow, Poland

H. Bialkowska, M. Bluj, B. Boimska, M. Górski, M. Kazana, M. Szleper, P. Zalewski

National Centre for Nuclear Research, Swierk, Poland

K. Bunkowski, K. Doroba, A. Kalinowski, M. Konecki, J. Krolikowski

Institute of Experimental Physics, Faculty of Physics, University of Warsaw, Warsaw, Poland

M. Araujo, P. Bargassa, D. Bastos, A. Boletti, P. Faccioli, M. Gallinaro, J. Hollar, N. Leonardo, T. Niknejad, M. Pisano, J. Seixas, J. Varela

Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas, Lisboa, Portugal

P. Adzic⁵⁸, M. Dordevic, P. Milenovic, J. Milosevic

VINCA Institute of Nuclear Sciences, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

M. Aguilar-Benitez, J. Alcaraz Maestre, A. Álvarez Fernández, M. Barrio Luna, Cristina F. Bedoya, C.A. Carrillo Montoya, M. Cepeda, M. Cerrada, N. Colino, B. De La Cruz, A. Delgado Peris, D. Fernández Del Val, J.P. Fernández Ramos, J. Flix, M.C. Fouz, O. Gonzalez Lopez, S. Goy Lopez, J.M. Hernandez, M.I. Josa, J. León Holgado, D. Moran, C. Perez Dengra, A. Pérez-Calero Yzquierdo, J. Puerta Pelayo, I. Redondo, D.D. Redondo Ferrero, L. Romero, S. Sánchez Navas, J. Sastre, L. Urda Gómez, J. Vazquez Escobar, C. Willmott

Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas Medioambientales y Tecnológicas (CIEMAT), Madrid, Spain

J.F. de Trocóniz

Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain

B. Alvarez Gonzalez, J. Cuevas, J. Fernandez Menendez, S. Folgueras, I. Gonzalez Caballero, J.R. González Fernández, E. Palencia Cortezon, C. Ramón Álvarez, V. Rodríguez Bouza, A. Soto Rodríguez, A. Trapote, C. Vico Villalba

Universidad de Oviedo, Instituto Universitario de Ciencias y Tecnologías Espaciales de Asturias (ICTEA), Oviedo, Spain

J.A. Brochero Cifuentes, I.J. Cabrillo, A. Calderon, J. Duarte Campderros, M. Fernandez, C. Fernandez Madrazo, A. García Alonso, G. Gomez, C. Lasiosa García, C. Martinez Rivero, P. Martinez Ruiz del Arbol, F. Matorras, P. Matorras Cuevas, J. Piedra Gomez, C. Prieels, A. Ruiz-Jimeno, L. Scodellaro, I. Vila, J.M. Vizán Garcia

Instituto de Física de Cantabria (IFCA), CSIC-Universidad de Cantabria, Santander, Spain

M.K. Jayananda, B. Kailasapathy⁵⁹, D.U.J. Sonnadara, D.D.C. Wickramarathna

University of Colombo, Colombo, Sri Lanka

W.G.D. Dharmaratna, K. Liyanage, N. Perera, N. Wickramage

University of Ruhuna, Department of Physics, Matara, Sri Lanka

D. Abbaneo, J. Alimena, E. Auffray, G. Auzinger, J. Baechler, P. Baillon[†], D. Barney, J. Bendavid, M. Bianco, B. Bilin, A. Bocci, E. Brondolin, C. Caillol, T. Camporesi, G. Cerminara, N. Chernyavskaya, S.S. Chhibra, S. Choudhury, M. Cipriani, L. Cristella, D. d'Enterria, A. Dabrowski, A. David, A. De Roeck, M.M. Defranchis, M. Deile, M. Dobson, M. Dünser, N. Dupont, F. Fallavollita⁶⁰, A. Florent, L. Forthomme, G. Franzoni, W. Funk, S. Ghosh, S. Giani, D. Gigi, K. Gill, F. Glege, L. Gouskos, E. Govorkova, M. Haranko, J. Hegeman, V. Innocente, T. James, P. Janot, J. Kaspar, J. Kieseler, N. Kratochwil, S. Laurila, P. Lecoq, E. Leutgeb, C. Lourenço, B. Maier, L. Malgeri, M. Mannelli, A.C. Marini, F. Meijers, S. Mersi, E. Meschi, F. Moortgat, M. Mulders, S. Orfanelli, L. Orsini, F. Pantaleo, E. Perez, M. Peruzzi, A. Petrilli, G. Petrucciani, A. Pfeiffer, M. Pierini, D. Piparo, M. Pitt, H. Qu, T. Quast, D. Rabad, A. Racz, G. Reales Gutiérrez, M. Rovere, H. Sakulin, J. Salfeld-Nebgen, S. Scarfi, M. Selvaggi, A. Sharma, P. Silva, P. Sphicas⁶¹, A.G. Stahl Leitner, S. Summers, K. Tatar, V.R. Tavolaro, D. Treille, P. Tropea, A. Tsirou, J. Wanczyk⁶², K.A. Wozniak, W.D. Zeuner

CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland

L. Caminada⁶³, A. Ebrahimi, W. Erdmann, R. Horisberger, Q. Ingram, H.C. Kaestli, D. Kotlinski, C. Lange, M. Missiroli⁶³, L. Noehte⁶³, T. Rohe

Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland

T.K. Aarrestad, K. Androsov⁶², M. Backhaus, P. Berger, A. Calandri, K. Datta, A. De Cosa, G. Dissertori, M. Dittmar, M. Donegà, F. Eble, M. Galli, K. Gedia, F. Glessgen, T.A. Gómez Espinosa, C. Grab, D. Hits, W. Lustermann, A.-M. Lyon, R.A. Manzoni, L. Marchese, C. Martin Perez, A. Mascellani⁶², F. Nessi-Tedaldi, J. Niedziela, F. Pauss, V. Perovic, S. Pigazzini, M.G. Ratti, M. Reichmann, C. Reissel, T. Reitenspiess, B. Ristic, F. Riti, D. Ruini, D.A. Sanz Becerra, J. Steggemann⁶², D. Valsecchi²⁶, R. Wallny

ETH Zurich – Institute for Particle Physics and Astrophysics (IPA), Zurich, Switzerland

C. Amsler⁶⁴, P. Bäertschi, C. Botta, D. Brzhechko, M.F. Canelli, K. Cormier, A. De Wit, R. Del Burgo, J.K. Heikkilä, M. Huwiler, W. Jin, A. Jofrehei, B. Kilminster, S. Leontsinis, S.P. Liechti, A. Macchiolo, P. Meiring, V.M. Mikuni, U. Molinatti, I. Neutelings, A. Reimers, P. Robmann, S. Sanchez Cruz, K. Schweiger, M. Senger, Y. Takahashi

Universität Zürich, Zurich, Switzerland

C. Adloff⁶⁵, C.M. Kuo, W. Lin, P.K. Rout, S.S. Yu

National Central University, Chung-Li, Taiwan

L. Ceard, Y. Chao, K.F. Chen, P.s. Chen, H. Cheng, W.-S. Hou, R. Khurana, G. Kole, Y.y. Li, R.-S. Lu, E. Paganis, A. Psallidas, A. Steen, H.y. Wu, E. Yazgan, P.r. Yu

National Taiwan University (NTU), Taipei, Taiwan

C. Asawatangtrakuldee, N. Srimanobhas

Chulalongkorn University, Faculty of Science, Department of Physics, Bangkok, Thailand

D. Agyel, F. Boran, Z.S. Demiroglu, F. Dolek, I. Dumanoglu⁶⁶, E. Eskut, Y. Guler⁶⁷, E. Gurpinar Guler⁶⁷, C. Isik, O. Kara, A. Kayis Topaksu, U. Kiminsu, G. Onengut, K. Ozdemir⁶⁸, A. Polatoz, A.E. Simsek, B. Tali⁶⁹, U.G. Tok, S. Turkcapar, E. Uslan, I.S. Zorbakir

Çukurova University, Physics Department, Science and Art Faculty, Adana, Turkey

G. Karapinar⁷⁰, K. Ocalan⁷¹, M. Yalvac⁷²

Middle East Technical University, Physics Department, Ankara, Turkey

B. Akgun, I.O. Atakisi, E. Gülmez, M. Kaya⁷³, O. Kaya⁷⁴, S. Tekten⁷⁵

Bogazici University, Istanbul, Turkey

A. Cakir, K. Cankocak⁶⁶, Y. Komurcu, S. Sen⁷⁶

Istanbul Technical University, Istanbul, Turkey

O. Aydilek, S. Cerci⁶⁹, B. Haciosahinoglu, I. Hos⁷⁷, B. Isildak⁷⁸, B. Kaynak, S. Ozkorucuklu, C. Simsek, D. Sunar Cerci⁶⁹

Istanbul University, Istanbul, Turkey

B. Grynyov

Institute for Scintillation Materials of National Academy of Science of Ukraine, Kharkiv, Ukraine

L. Levchuk

National Science Centre, Kharkiv Institute of Physics and Technology, Kharkiv, Ukraine

D. Anthony, E. Bhal, J.J. Brooke, A. Bundock, E. Clement, D. Cussans, H. Flacher, M. Glowacki, J. Goldstein, G.P. Heath, H.F. Heath, L. Kreczko, B. Krikler, S. Paramesvaran, S. Seif El Nasr-Storey, V.J. Smith, N. Stylianou⁷⁹, K. Walkingshaw Pass, R. White

University of Bristol, Bristol, United Kingdom

A.H. Ball, K.W. Bell, A. Belyaev⁸⁰, C. Brew, R.M. Brown, D.J.A. Cockerill, C. Cooke, K.V. Ellis, K. Harder, S. Harper, M.-L. Holmberg⁸¹, Sh. Jain, J. Linacre, K. Manolopoulos, D.M. Newbold, E. Olaiya, D. Petyt, T. Reis, G. Salvi, T. Schuh, C.H. Shepherd-Themistocleous, I.R. Tomalin, T. Williams

Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom

R. Bainbridge, P. Bloch, S. Bonomally, J. Borg, C.E. Brown, O. Buchmuller, V. Cacchio, V. Cepaitis, G.S. Chahal⁸², D. Colling, J.S. Dancu, P. Dauncey, G. Davies, J. Davies, M. Della Negra, S. Fayer, G. Fedi, G. Hall, M.H. Hassanshahi, A. Howard, G. Iles, J. Langford, L. Lyons, A.-M. Magnan, S. Malik, A. Martelli, M. Mieskolainen, D.G. Monk, J. Nash⁸³, M. Pesaresi, B.C. Radburn-Smith, D.M. Raymond, A. Richards, A. Rose, E. Scott, C. Seez, R. Shukla, A. Tapper, K. Uchida, G.P. Uttley, L.H. Vage, T. Virdee²⁶, M. Vojinovic, N. Wardle, S.N. Webb, D. Winterbottom

Imperial College, London, United Kingdom

K. Coldham, J.E. Cole, A. Khan, P. Kyberd, I.D. Reid

Brunel University, Uxbridge, United Kingdom

S. Abdullin, A. Brinkerhoff, B. Caraway, J. Dittmann, K. Hatakeyama, A.R. Kanuganti, B. McMaster, M. Saunders, S. Sawant, C. Sutantawibul, J. Wilson

Baylor University, Waco, TX, USA

R. Bartek, A. Dominguez, R. Uniyal, A.M. Vargas Hernandez

Catholic University of America, Washington, DC, USA

S.I. Cooper, D. Di Croce, S.V. Gleyzer, C. Henderson, C.U. Perez, P. Rumerio⁸⁴, C. West

The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, AL, USA

A. Akpinar, A. Albert, D. Arcaro, C. Cosby, Z. Demiragli, C. Erice, E. Fontanesi, D. Gastler, S. May, J. Rohlf, K. Salyer, D. Sperka, D. Spitzbart, I. Suarez, A. Tsatsos, S. Yuan

Boston University, Boston, MA, USA

G. Benelli, B. Burkle, X. Coubez²¹, D. Cutts, M. Hadley, U. Heintz, J.M. Hogan⁸⁵, T. Kwon, G. Landsberg, K.T. Lau, D. Li, J. Luo, M. Narain, N. Pervan, S. Sagir⁸⁶, F. Simpson, E. Usai, W.Y. Wong, X. Yan, D. Yu, W. Zhang

Brown University, Providence, RI, USA

J. Bonilla, C. Brainerd, R. Breedon, M. Calderon De La Barca Sanchez, M. Chertok, J. Conway, P.T. Cox, R. Erbacher, G. Haza, F. Jensen, O. Kukral, G. Mocellin, M. Mulhearn, D. Pellett, B. Regnery, Y. Yao, F. Zhang

University of California, Davis, Davis, CA, USA

M. Bachtis, R. Cousins, A. Datta, D. Hamilton, J. Hauser, M. Ignatenko, M.A. Iqbal, T. Lam, E. Manca, W.A. Nash, S. Regnard, D. Saltzberg, B. Stone, V. Valuev

University of California, Los Angeles, CA, USA

R. Clare, J.W. Gary, M. Gordon, G. Hanson, G. Karapostoli, O.R. Long, N. Manganelli, W. Si, S. Wimpenny

University of California, Riverside, Riverside, CA, USA

J.G. Branson, P. Chang, S. Cittolin, S. Cooperstein, D. Diaz, J. Duarte, R. Gerosa, L. Giannini, J. Guiang, R. Kansal, V. Krutelyov, R. Lee, J. Letts, M. Masciovecchio, F. Mokhtar, M. Pieri, B.V. Sathia Narayanan, V. Sharma, M. Tadel, E. Vourliotis, F. Würthwein, Y. Xiang, A. Yagil

University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, CA, USA

N. Amin, C. Campagnari, M. Citron, G. Collura, A. Dorsett, V. Dutta, J. Incandela, M. Kilpatrick, J. Kim, A.J. Li, P. Masterson, H. Mei, M. Oshiro, M. Quinnan, J. Richman, U. Sarica, R. Schmitz, F. Setti, J. Shephlock, P. Siddireddy, D. Stuart, S. Wang

University of California, Santa Barbara – Department of Physics, Santa Barbara, CA, USA

A. Bornheim, O. Cerri, I. Dutta, A. Latorre, J.M. Lawhorn, N. Lu, J. Mao, H.B. Newman, T.Q. Nguyen, M. Spiropulu, J.R. Vlimant, C. Wang, S. Xie, R.Y. Zhu

California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA, USA

J. Alison, S. An, M.B. Andrews, P. Bryant, T. Ferguson, A. Harilal, C. Liu, T. Mudholkar, S. Murthy, M. Paulini, A. Roberts, A. Sanchez, W. Terrill

Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA, USA

J.P. Cumalat, W.T. Ford, A. Hassani, G. Karathanasis, E. MacDonald, F. Marini, A. Perloff, C. Savard, N. Schonbeck, K. Stenson, K.A. Ulmer, S.R. Wagner, N. Zipper

University of Colorado Boulder, Boulder, CO, USA

J. Alexander, S. Bright-Thonney, X. Chen, D.J. Cranshaw, J. Fan, X. Fan, D. Gadkari, S. Hogan, J. Monroy, J.R. Patterson, D. Quach, J. Reichert, M. Reid, A. Ryd, J. Thom, P. Wittich, R. Zou

Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, USA

M. Albrow, M. Alyari, G. Apollinari, A. Apresyan, L.A.T. Bauerdick, D. Berry, J. Berryhill, P.C. Bhat, K. Burkett, J.N. Butler, A. Canepa, G.B. Cerati, H.W.K. Cheung, F. Chlebana, K.F. Di Petrillo, J. Dickinson, V.D. Elvira, Y. Feng, J. Freeman, A. Gandrakota, Z. Gecse, L. Gray, D. Green, S. Grünendahl, D. Guerrero, O. Gutsche, R.M. Harris, R. Heller, T.C. Herwig, J. Hirschauer, L. Horyn, B. Jayatilaka, S. Jindariani, M. Johnson, U. Joshi, T. Klijsma, B. Klima, K.H.M. Kwok, S. Lammel, D. Lincoln, R. Lipton, T. Liu, C. Madrid, K. Maeshima, C. Mantilla, D. Mason, P. McBride, P. Merkel, S. Mrenna, S. Nahn, J. Ngadiuba, D. Noonan, V. Papadimitriou, N. Pastika, K. Pedro, C. Pena⁸⁷, F. Ravera, A. Reinsvold Hall⁸⁸, L. Ristori, E. Sexton-Kennedy, N. Smith, A. Soha, L. Spiegel, J. Strait, L. Taylor, S. Tkaczyk, N.V. Tran, L. Uplegger, E.W. Vaandering, I. Zoi

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, IL, USA

P. Avery, D. Bourilkov, L. Cadamuro, V. Cherepanov, R.D. Field, M. Kim, E. Koenig, J. Konigsberg, A. Korytov, E. Kuznetsova, K.H. Lo, K. Matchev, N. Menendez, G. Mitselmakher, A. Muthirakalayil Madhu, N. Rawal, D. Rosenzweig, S. Rosenzweig, K. Shi, J. Wang, Z. Wu

University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA

T. Adams, A. Askew, R. Habibullah, V. Hagopian, T. Kolberg, G. Martinez, H. Prosper, O. Viazlo, M. Wulansatiti, R. Yohay, J. Zhang

Florida State University, Tallahassee, FL, USA

M.M. Baarmand, S. Butalla, T. Elkafrawy⁵³, M. Hohlmann, R. Kumar Verma, M. Rahmani, F. Yumiceva

Florida Institute of Technology, Melbourne, FL, USA

M.R. Adams, H. Becerril Gonzalez, R. Cavanaugh, S. Dittmer, O. Evdokimov, C.E. Gerber, D.J. Hofman, D.S. Lemos, A.H. Merrit, C. Mills, G. Oh, T. Roy, S. Rudrabhatla, M.B. Tonjes, N. Varelas, X. Wang, Z. Ye, J. Yoo

University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC), Chicago, IL, USA

M. Alhusseini, K. Dilsiz⁸⁹, L. Emediato, R.P. Gandrajula, G. Karaman, O.K. Köseyan, J.-P. Merlo, A. Mestvirishvili⁹⁰, J. Nachtman, O. Neogi, H. Ogul⁹¹, Y. Onel, A. Penzo, C. Snyder, E. Tiras⁹²

The University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA, USA

O. Amram, B. Blumenfeld, L. Corcodilos, J. Davis, A.V. Gritsan, S. Kyriacou, P. Maksimovic, J. Roskes, S. Sekhar, M. Swartz, T.Á. Vámi

Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD, USA

A. Abreu, L.F. Alcerro Alcerro, J. Anguiano, P. Baringer, A. Bean, Z. Flowers, T. Isidori, J. King, G. Krintiras, M. Lazarovits, C. Le Mahieu, C. Lindsey, J. Marquez, N. Minafra, M. Murray, M. Nickel, C. Rogan, C. Royon, R. Salvatico, S. Sanders, C. Smith, Q. Wang, J. Williams, G. Wilson

The University of Kansas, Lawrence, KS, USA

B. Allmond, S. Duric, A. Ivanov, K. Kaadze, D. Kim, Y. Maravin, T. Mitchell, A. Modak, K. Nam, D. Roy

Kansas State University, Manhattan, KS, USA

F. Rebassoo, D. Wright

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, CA, USA

E. Adams, A. Baden, O. Baron, A. Belloni, A. Bethani, S.C. Eno, N.J. Hadley, S. Jabeen, R.G. Kellogg, T. Koeth, Y. Lai, S. Lascio, A.C. Mignerey, S. Nabili, C. Palmer, C. Papageorgakis, L. Wang, K. Wong

University of Maryland, College Park, MD, USA

D. Abercrombie, W. Busza, I.A. Cali, Y. Chen, M. D'Alfonso, J. Eysermans, C. Freer, G. Gomez-Ceballos, M. Goncharov, P. Harris, M. Hu, D. Kovalskyi, J. Krupa, Y.-J. Lee, K. Long, C. Mironov, C. Paus, D. Rankin, C. Roland, G. Roland, Z. Shi, G.S.F. Stephens, J. Wang, Z. Wang, B. Wyslouch, T.J. Yang

Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA, USA

R.M. Chatterjee, B. Crossman, A. Evans, J. Hiltbrand, B.M. Joshi, C. Kapsiak, M. Krohn, Y. Kubota, J. Mans, M. Revering, R. Rusack, R. Saradhy, N. Schroeder, N. Strobbe, M.A. Wadud

University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN, USA

L.M. Cremaldi

University of Mississippi, Oxford, MS, USA

K. Bloom, M. Bryson, D.R. Claes, C. Fangmeier, L. Finco, F. Golf, C. Joo, R. Kamalieddin, I. Kravchenko, I. Reed, J.E. Siado, G.R. Snow[†], W. Tabb, A. Wightman, F. Yan, A.G. Zecchinelli

University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, NE, USA

G. Agarwal, H. Bandyopadhyay, L. Hay, I. Iashvili, A. Kharchilava, C. McLean, M. Morris, D. Nguyen, J. Pekkanen, S. Rappoccio, A. Williams

State University of New York at Buffalo, Buffalo, NY, USA

G. Alverson, E. Barberis, Y. Haddad, Y. Han, A. Krishna, J. Li, J. Lidrych, G. Madigan, B. Marzocchi, D.M. Morse, V. Nguyen, T. Orimoto, A. Parker, L. Skinnari, A. Tishelman-Charny, T. Wamorkar, B. Wang, A. Wisecarver, D. Wood

Northeastern University, Boston, MA, USA

S. Bhattacharya, J. Bueghly, Z. Chen, A. Gilbert, K.A. Hahn, Y. Liu, N. Odell, M.H. Schmitt, M. Velasco

Northwestern University, Evanston, IL, USA

R. Band, R. Bucci, M. Cremonesi, A. Das, R. Goldouzian, M. Hildreth, K. Hurtado Anampa, C. Jessop, K. Lannon, J. Lawrence, N. Loukas, L. Lutton, J. Mariano, N. Marinelli, I. Mcalister, T. McCauley, C. Mcgrady, K. Mohrman, C. Moore, Y. Musienko¹³, R. Ruchti, A. Townsend, M. Wayne, H. Yockey, M. Zarucki, L. Zygala

University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame, IN, USA

B. Bylsma, M. Carrigan, L.S. Durkin, B. Francis, C. Hill, M. Joyce, A. Lesauvage, M. Nunez Ornelas, K. Wei, B.L. Winer, B.R. Yates

The Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, USA

F.M. Addesa, P. Das, G. Dezoort, P. Elmer, A. Frankenthal, B. Greenberg, N. Haubrich, S. Higginbotham, A. Kalogeropoulos, G. Kopp, S. Kwan, D. Lange, D. Marlow, K. Mei, I. Ojalvo, J. Olsen, D. Stickland, C. Tully

Princeton University, Princeton, NJ, USA

S. Malik, S. Norberg

University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez, PR, USA

A.S. Bakshi, V.E. Barnes, R. Chawla, S. Das, L. Gutay, M. Jones, A.W. Jung, D. Kondratyev, A.M. Koshy, M. Liu, G. Negro, N. Neumeister, G. Paspalaki, S. Piperov, A. Purohit, J.F. Schulte, M. Stojanovic, J. Thieman, F. Wang, R. Xiao, W. Xie

Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN, USA

J. Dolen, N. Parashar

Purdue University Northwest, Hammond, IN, USA

D. Acosta, A. Baty, T. Carnahan, M. Decaro, S. Dildick, K.M. Ecklund, P.J. Fernández Manteca, S. Freed, P. Gardner, F.J.M. Geurts, A. Kumar, W. Li, B.P. Padley, R. Redjimi, J. Rotter, W. Shi, S. Yang, E. Yigitbasi, L. Zhang⁹³, Y. Zhang

Rice University, Houston, TX, USA

A. Bodek, P. de Barbaro, R. Demina, J.L. Dulemba, C. Fallon, T. Ferbel, M. Galanti, A. Garcia-Bellido, O. Hindrichs, A. Khukhunaishvili, E. Ranken, R. Taus, G.P. Van Onsem

University of Rochester, Rochester, NY, USA

K. Goulios

The Rockefeller University, New York, NY, USA

B. Chiarito, J.P. Chou, Y. Gershtein, E. Halkiadakis, A. Hart, M. Heindl, D. Jaroslowski, O. Karacheban²⁴, I. Laflotte, A. Lath, R. Montalvo, K. Nash, M. Osherson, H. Routray, S. Salur, S. Schnetzer, S. Somalwar, R. Stone, S.A. Thayil, S. Thomas, H. Wang

Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, Piscataway, NJ, USA

H. Acharya, A.G. Delannoy, S. Fiorendi, T. Holmes, E. Nibigira, S. Spanier

University of Tennessee, Knoxville, TN, USA

O. Bouhali⁹⁴, M. Dalchenko, A. Delgado, R. Eusebi, J. Gilmore, T. Huang, T. Kamon⁹⁵, H. Kim, S. Luo, S. Malhotra, R. Mueller, D. Overton, D. Rathjens, A. Safonov

Texas A&M University, College Station, TX, USA

N. Akchurin, J. Damgov, V. Hegde, K. Lamichhane, S.W. Lee, T. Mengke, S. Muthumuni, T. Peltola, I. Volobouev, A. Whitbeck

Texas Tech University, Lubbock, TX, USA

E. Appelt, S. Greene, A. Gurrola, W. Johns, A. Melo, F. Romeo, P. Sheldon, S. Tuo, J. Velkovska, J. Viinikainen

Vanderbilt University, Nashville, TN, USA

B. Cardwell, B. Cox, G. Cummings, J. Hakala, R. Hirosky, A. Ledovskoy, A. Li, C. Neu, C.E. Perez Lara, B. Tannenwald

University of Virginia, Charlottesville, VA, USA

P.E. Karchin, N. Poudyal

Wayne State University, Detroit, MI, USA

S. Banerjee, K. Black, T. Bose, S. Dasu, I. De Bruyn, P. Everaerts, C. Galloni, H. He, M. Herndon, A. Herve, C.K. Koraka, A. Lanaro, A. Loeliger, R. Loveless, J. Madhusudanan Sreekala, A. Mallampalli, A. Mohammadi, S. Mondal, G. Parida, D. Pinna, A. Savin, V. Shang, V. Sharma, W.H. Smith, D. Teague, H.F. Tsoi, W. Vetens

University of Wisconsin – Madison, Madison, WI, USA

S. Afanasiev, V. Andreev, Yu. Andreev, T. Aushev, M. Azarkin, A. Babaev, A. Belyaev, V. Blinov⁹⁶, E. Boos, V. Borshch, D. Budkouski, V. Chekhovsky, R. Chistov⁹⁶, A. Dermenev, T. Dimova⁹⁶, I. Dremin, V. Epshteyn, A. Ershov, G. Gavrilo, V. Gavrilo, S. Gninenko, V. Golovtsov, N. Golubev, I. Golutvin, I. Gorbunov, A. Gribushin, V. Ivanchenko, Y. Ivanov, V. Kachanov, A. Kaminskiy⁹⁷, L. Kardapoltsev⁹⁶, V. Karjavine, A. Karneyeu, L. Khein, V. Kim⁹⁶, M. Kirakosyan, D. Kirpichnikov, M. Kirsanov, O. Kodolova⁹⁸, D. Konstantinov, V. Korenkov, V. Korotkikh, A. Kozyrev⁹⁶, N. Krasnikov, A. Lanev, P. Levchenko, A. Litomin, N. Lychkovskaya, V. Makarenko, A. Malakhov, V. Matveev⁹⁶, V. Murzin, A. Nikitenko⁹⁹, S. Obraztsov, A. Oskin, I. Ovtin⁹⁶, V. Palichik, P. Parygin, V. Perelygin, S. Petrushanko, S. Polikarpov⁹⁶, V. Popov, E. Popova, O. Radchenko⁹⁶, M. Savina, V. Savrin, D. Selivanova, V. Shalaev, S. Shmatov, S. Shulha, Y. Skovpen⁹⁶, S. Slabospitskii, V. Smirnov, A. Snigirev, D. Sosnov, V. Sulimov, E. Tcherniaev, A. Terkulov, O. Teryaev, I. Tlisova, M. Toms, A. Toropin, L. Uvarov, A. Uzunian, I. Vardanyan, E. Vlasov, A. Vorobyev, N. Voytishin, B.S. Yuldashev¹⁰⁰, A. Zarubin, I. Zhizhin, A. Zhokin

Authors affiliated with an institute or an international laboratory covered by a cooperation agreement with CERN

† Deceased.

¹ Also at Yerevan State University, Yerevan, Armenia.

² Also at TU Wien, Vienna, Austria.

³ Also at Institute of Basic and Applied Sciences, Faculty of Engineering, Arab Academy for Science, Technology and Maritime Transport, Alexandria, Egypt.

⁴ Also at Université Libre de Bruxelles, Bruxelles, Belgium.

⁵ Also at Universidade Estadual de Campinas, Campinas, Brazil.

⁶ Also at Federal University of Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre, Brazil.

⁷ Also at UFMS, Nova Andradina, Brazil.

⁸ Also at The University of the State of Amazonas, Manaus, Brazil.

⁹ Also at University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China.

¹⁰ Also at Nanjing Normal University, Nanjing, China.

¹¹ Now at The University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, USA.

¹² Also at University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China.

¹³ Also at an institute or an international laboratory covered by a cooperation agreement with CERN.

¹⁴ Now at British University in Egypt, Cairo, Egypt.

¹⁵ Now at Cairo University, Cairo, Egypt.

¹⁶ Also at Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, USA.

¹⁷ Also at Université de Haute Alsace, Mulhouse, France.

¹⁸ Also at Department of Physics, Tsinghua University, Beijing, China.

¹⁹ Also at Erzincan Binali Yildirim University, Erzincan, Turkey.

²⁰ Also at University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany.

²¹ Also at RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut A, Aachen, Germany.

²² Also at Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran.

²³ Also at Bergische University Wuppertal (BUW), Wuppertal, Germany.

²⁴ Also at Brandenburg University of Technology, Cottbus, Germany.

²⁵ Also at Forschungszentrum Jülich, Jülich, Germany.

²⁶ Also at CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland.

²⁷ Also at Physics Department, Faculty of Science, Assiut University, Assiut, Egypt.

²⁸ Also at Karoly Robert Campus, MATE Institute of Technology, Gyongyos, Hungary.

²⁹ Also at Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary.

³⁰ Also at Institute of Physics, University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary.

³¹ Also at Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary.

³² Now at Universitatea Babeş-Bolyai – Facultatea de Fizica, Cluj-Napoca, Romania.

³³ Also at Faculty of Informatics, University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary.

- ³⁴ Also at Punjab Agricultural University, Ludhiana, India.
- ³⁵ Also at UPES – University of Petroleum and Energy Studies, Dehradun, India.
- ³⁶ Also at University of Visva-Bharati, Santiniketan, India.
- ³⁷ Also at University of Hyderabad, Hyderabad, India.
- ³⁸ Also at Indian Institute of Science (IISc), Bangalore, India.
- ³⁹ Also at Indian Institute of Technology (IIT), Mumbai, India.
- ⁴⁰ Also at IIT Bhubaneswar, Bhubaneswar, India.
- ⁴¹ Also at Institute of Physics, Bhubaneswar, India.
- ⁴² Also at Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, Hamburg, Germany.
- ⁴³ Now at Department of Physics, Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran.
- ⁴⁴ Also at Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran.
- ⁴⁵ Also at Department of Physics, University of Science and Technology of Mazandaran, Behshahr, Iran.
- ⁴⁶ Also at Helwan University, Cairo, Egypt.
- ⁴⁷ Also at Italian National Agency for New Technologies, Energy and Sustainable Economic Development, Bologna, Italy.
- ⁴⁸ Also at Centro Siciliano di Fisica Nucleare e di Struttura Della Materia, Catania, Italy.
- ⁴⁹ Also at Scuola Superiore Meridionale, Università di Napoli 'Federico II', Napoli, Italy.
- ⁵⁰ Also at Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, Illinois, USA.
- ⁵¹ Also at Università di Napoli 'Federico II', Napoli, Italy.
- ⁵² Also at Laboratori Nazionali di Legnaro dell'INFN, Legnaro, Italy.
- ⁵³ Also at Ain Shams University, Cairo, Egypt.
- ⁵⁴ Also at Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche – Istituto Officina dei Materiali, Perugia, Italy.
- ⁵⁵ Also at Department of Applied Physics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Bangi, Malaysia.
- ⁵⁶ Also at Consejo Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología, Mexico City, Mexico.
- ⁵⁷ Also at IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France.
- ⁵⁸ Also at Faculty of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia.
- ⁵⁹ Also at Trincomalee Campus, Eastern University, Sri Lanka, Nilaveli, Sri Lanka.
- ⁶⁰ Also at INFN Sezione di Pavia, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy.
- ⁶¹ Also at National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece.
- ⁶² Also at Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland.
- ⁶³ Also at Universität Zürich, Zurich, Switzerland.
- ⁶⁴ Also at Stefan Meyer Institute for Subatomic Physics, Vienna, Austria.
- ⁶⁵ Also at Laboratoire d'Annecy-le-Vieux de Physique des Particules, IN2P3-CNRS, Annecy-le-Vieux, France.
- ⁶⁶ Also at Near East University, Research Center of Experimental Health Science, Mersin, Turkey.
- ⁶⁷ Also at Konya Technical University, Konya, Turkey.
- ⁶⁸ Also at Izmir Bakircay University, Izmir, Turkey.
- ⁶⁹ Also at Adiyaman University, Adiyaman, Turkey.
- ⁷⁰ Also at Istanbul Gedik University, Istanbul, Turkey.
- ⁷¹ Also at Necmettin Erbakan University, Konya, Turkey.
- ⁷² Also at Bozok Universitetesi Rektörlüğü, Yozgat, Turkey.
- ⁷³ Also at Marmara University, Istanbul, Turkey.
- ⁷⁴ Also at Milli Savunma University, Istanbul, Turkey.
- ⁷⁵ Also at Kafkas University, Kars, Turkey.
- ⁷⁶ Also at Hacettepe University, Ankara, Turkey.
- ⁷⁷ Also at Istanbul University – Cerrahpasa, Faculty of Engineering, Istanbul, Turkey.
- ⁷⁸ Also at Ozyegin University, Istanbul, Turkey.
- ⁷⁹ Also at Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussel, Belgium.
- ⁸⁰ Also at School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom.
- ⁸¹ Also at University of Bristol, Bristol, United Kingdom.
- ⁸² Also at IPPP Durham University, Durham, United Kingdom.
- ⁸³ Also at Monash University, Faculty of Science, Clayton, Australia.
- ⁸⁴ Also at Università di Torino, Torino, Italy.
- ⁸⁵ Also at Bethel University, St. Paul, Minnesota, USA.
- ⁸⁶ Also at Karamanoğlu Mehmetbey University, Karaman, Turkey.
- ⁸⁷ Also at California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California, USA.
- ⁸⁸ Also at United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland, USA.
- ⁸⁹ Also at Bingol University, Bingol, Turkey.
- ⁹⁰ Also at Georgian Technical University, Tbilisi, Georgia.
- ⁹¹ Also at Sinop University, Sinop, Turkey.
- ⁹² Also at Erciyes University, Kayseri, Turkey.
- ⁹³ Also at Institute of Modern Physics and Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Ion-beam Application (MOE) – Fudan University, Shanghai, China.
- ⁹⁴ Also at Texas A&M University at Qatar, Doha, Qatar.
- ⁹⁵ Also at Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Republic of Korea.
- ⁹⁶ Also at another institute or international laboratory covered by a cooperation agreement with CERN.
- ⁹⁷ Also at INFN Sezione di Padova, Università di Padova, Padova, Italy; Università di Trento, Trento, Italy.
- ⁹⁸ Also at Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia.
- ⁹⁹ Also at Imperial College, London, United Kingdom.
- ¹⁰⁰ Also at Institute of Nuclear Physics of the Uzbekistan Academy of Sciences, Tashkent, Uzbekistan.