#### University of Nebraska - Lincoln DigitalCommons@University of Nebraska - Lincoln

**Cornhusker Economics** 

Agricultural Economics Department

7-3-2016

### 2016 Nebraska Farmland Values and Rental Rates

Jim Jansen Nebraska Extension

Roger Wilson University of Nebraska-Lincoln

Follow this and additional works at: http://digitalcommons.unl.edu/agecon\_cornhusker Part of the <u>Agricultural Economics Commons</u>

Jansen, Jim and Wilson, Roger, "2016 Nebraska Farmland Values and Rental Rates" (2016). *Cornhusker Economics*. 782. http://digitalcommons.unl.edu/agecon\_cornhusker/782

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Agricultural Economics Department at DigitalCommons@University of Nebraska -Lincoln. It has been accepted for inclusion in Cornhusker Economics by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@University of Nebraska -Lincoln.



agecon.unl.edu/cornhuskereconomics

# **Cornhusker Economics**

### **2016 Nebraska Farmland Values and Rental Rates**

	Year	4 Wks		
Market Report	Ago	Ago	7/29/16	
Livestock and Products,				
Weekly Average				
Nebraska Slaughter Steers,	445 76		447.50	
35-65% Choice, Live Weight	145.76	116.11	117.50	
Nebraska Feeder Steers, Med. & Large Frame, 550-600 lb	268.16	177.63	167.07	
Nebraska Feeder Steers,	200.10	177.03	107.07	
Med. & Large Frame 750-800 lb	243.94	152.51	152.52	
Choice Boxed Beef,				
600-750 lb. Carcass	232.67	216.82	198.79	
Western Corn Belt Base Hog Price				
Carcass, Negotiated	75.24	81.88	66.74	
Pork Carcass Cutout, 185 lb. Carcass				
51-52% Lean	83.52	88.00	82.65	
Slaughter Lambs, wooled and shorn,				
135-165 lb. National National Carcass Lamb Cutout	155.80	149.07	167.15	
	355.32	338.48	346.84	
FOB	355.32	330.40	340.04	
<u>Crops.</u> Daily Spot Prices				
Wheat, No. 1, H.W.				
Imperial, bu	4.50	3.34	2.96	
Corn, No. 2, Yellow		0.01	2.50	
Nebraska City, bu	3.70	3.47	3.08	
Soybeans, No. 1, Yellow				
Nebraska City, bu	9.71	10.31	9.68	
Grain Sorghum, No.2, Yellow				
Dorchester, cwt	6.57	5.62	4.63	
Oats, No. 2, Heavy				
Minneapolis, Mn, bu	2.66	2.57	2.55	
Feed				
Alfalfa, Large Square Bales,				
Good to Premium, RFV 160-185				
Northeast Nebraska, ton	195.00	165.00	165.00	
Alfalfa, Large Rounds, Good				
Platte Valley, ton	85.00	75.00	70.00	
Grass Hay, Large Rounds, Good		<u> </u>	*	
Nebraska, ton	95.00	80.00		
Dried Distillers Grains, 10% Moisture	126 50	150.00	120.00	
Nebraska Average	136.50	159.00	120.00	
Nebraska Average	42.50	51.00	34.00	
	.2.00	01.00	0 1.00	
* No Market				

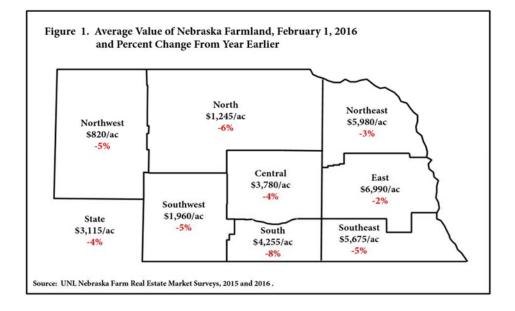
Landlords in Nebraska rent out nearly 20.1 million acres or nearly 45 percent of the 45 million acres of farmland across the state (USDA NASS, 2015). The Nebraska Farm Real Estate Market Highlights Report 2015-2016 provides recent trends on land values and rental rates for landlords, tenants, and stakeholders in the state. Findings from the survey summarize current market values and rental rates for agricultural land across the eight Nebraska Agricultural Statistic Districts.

Recent findings from the University of Nebraska –Lincoln Nebraska Farm Real Estate Market Survey for 2016 indicate that as of February 1, 2016 the weighted average farmland value declined by about 4 percent over the prior 12month period to \$3,115 per acre (Figure 1 and Table 1). This decline marks the second consecutive year of lower weighted average farmland values in Nebraska. The weighted average farmland value set the all-time record high in 2014.

Declines in cropland prices generally trended lower across the state. Gravity and center pivot irrigated cropland trended lower at \$6,480 and \$6,940 per acre for declines of 6 and 5 percent respectively. Dryland cropland with irrigation potential also fell 5 percent to an average of \$4,785 per acre, but dryland cropland without irrigation potential recorded a slight uptick of 2 percent to \$3,470 per acre.

It is the policy of the University of Nebraska–Lincoln not to discriminate based upon age, race, ethnicity, color, national origin, gender-identity, sex, pregnancy, disability, sexual orientation, genetic information, veteran's status, marital status, religion or political affiliation.





Current crop and livestock prices rank among the top factors weighing down agricultural land values in Nebraska for 2016. Purchasing land for farm expansion and 1031 tax exchanges were listed as two of the highest positive impacts on regional land values. Property tax levels and future property tax policies once again were ranked very negatively by panel members on the potential impact this landownership expense might have on agricultural ground.

Declining commodity prices in 2016 translated to lower cash rental rates for cropland and pasture rental rates across Nebraska (Table 2). Depending upon the region of the state, cash rental rates trended from 2 to 17 percent lower. Irrigated and dryland cropland in the Northeast, East, and Southeast Districts of Nebraska followed similar trends as the rate of decline for these districts were on average less than those of western regions. Rental rates for cow-calf pairs along with stockers in 2016 declined from record rental rates set in 2015. On average, cow-calf pairs and stockers fell about 10 percent compared to the prior year.

Survey results shown and discussed in this report are findings from the University of Nebraska–Lincoln 2016 Nebraska Farm Real Estate Market Survey. Land values and rental rates presented in this report are averages of survey panel members' responses by district. Actual land values and rental rates may vary depending upon the quality of the parcel and local market for an area. Complete results from the survey may be found at the Nebraska Farm Real Estate website: http:// agecon.unl.edu/realestate.

Land appraisers, farm managers, or agricultural finance professionals from Nebraska interested in participating in future Nebraska Farm Real Estate Market Surveys are invited to contact the Department of Agricultural Economics at the University of Nebraska–Lincoln. Interested parties can directly contact Jane Witte by phone: (402) 472-1913 or email: janewitte@unl.edu.

#### References

- Jansen, J. A., & R. Wilson. (2016, June). Nebraska Farm Real Estate Market Highlights Survey and Report. *Nebraska Farm Real Estate Market Highlights 2015-2016, 196, 1-56.* Department of Agricultural Economics, University of Nebraska–Lincoln.
- USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service. (2015, September). Farmland Ownership and Tenure: Results from the 2014 Tenure, Ownership, and Transition of Agricultural Land Survey. Retrieved July 29, 2016, from United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service: https:// www.agcensus.usda.gov/Publications/2012/ Online\_Resources/Highlights/TOTAL/ TOTAL\_Highlights.pdf.

Type of Land and Year	Agricultural Statistics District								
	Northwest	North	Northeast	Central	East	Southwest	South	Southeast	State
				De	ollars Per A	Acre			-
Dryland Crop	pland (No Irrig	ation Pote	ntial)						
\$/acre	745	1,650	5,760	3,235	6,360	1,955	3,575	4,845	3,470
% change	2	4	2	4	6	5	7	-4	2
Dryland Crop	pland (Irrigatio	n Potentia	l)						
\$/acre	790	2,150	6,715	3,850	7,165	1,815	4,315	6,450	4,785
% change	6	-6	-5	-6	-2	-7	-4	-7	-5
Grazing Land	l (Tillable)								
\$/acre	565	1,325	3,955	2,460	4,370	1,070	2,240	3,200	1,495
% change	6	-5	7	-6	4	-6	-5	5	-1
Grazing Land	l (Nontillable)								
\$/acre	480	740	2,475	1,925	2,795	915	1,690	2,205	975
% change	-2	-1	-4	-5	-7	-3	-7	-3	-3
Hayland									
\$/acre	890	1,460	3,430	2,585	3,200	1,700	2,340	2,780	1,965
% change	-20	-23	-6	-11	-22	-13	-21	-10	-17
Gravity Irriga	ated Cropland								
\$/acre	2,970	3,970	7,220	6,560	8,115	4,390	6,265	7,375	6,480
% change	-8	-4	-2	-5	-4	-1	-12	-8	-6
Center Pivot	Irrigated Cropl	land <sup>b</sup>							
\$/acre	3,290	4,350	7,880	7,530	9,410	5,330	7,240	9,185	6,940
% change	-9	-10	-3	-4	-2	-8	-12	-3	-5
All Land Ave	rage <sup>c</sup>								
\$/acre	820	1,245	5,980	3,780	6,990	1,960	4,255	5,675	3,115
% change	-5	-6	-3	-4	-2	-5	-8	-5	-4

## Table 1. Average Reported Value of Nebraska Farmland for Different Land Types and Sub-StateRegions, February 1, 2016a

Source: \* UNL Nebraska Farm Real Estate Market Surveys, 2015 and 2016.

<sup>b</sup> Value of pivot not included in per acre value.

<sup>c</sup> Weighted averages.

# Table 2. Reported Cash Rental Rates for Various Types of Nebraska Farmland and Pasture:2016 Averages, Percent Change from 2015 and Quality Ranges by Agricultural Statistics District<sup>a</sup>

Type of Land	Agricultural Statistics District								
	Northwest	North	Northeast	Central	East	Southwest	South	Southeast	
	Dollars Per Acre								
Dryland Cropland									
Average	32	60	225	96	200	42	80	165	
% Change	-9	-8	-4	-8	-2	-7	-6	-3	
High Third Quality.	45	70	290	125	250	57	110	225	
Low Third Quality	23	43	180	75	160	29	64	125	
<b>Gravity Irrigated Cro</b>	pland								
Average	125	175	275	230	285	180	215	250	
% Change	-7	-10	-4	-2	-5	-3	-2	-2	
High Third Quality.	175	195	325	265	340	220	260	305	
Low Third Quality	100	135	260	195	245	145	180	220	
Center Pivot Irrigated	d Cropland <sup>b</sup>								
Average	170	220	345	240	320	225	240	290	
% Change	-3	-6	-5	-2	-3	-10	-6	-3	
High Third Quality.	250	260	405	290	375	255	280	355	
Low Third Quality	145	195	275	205	270	210	195	255	
Pasture									
Average	12	26	75	36	61	24	37	54	
% Change	-11	-13	-17	-10	-5	-4	-8	-2	
High Third Quality.	21	38	98	52	76	34	48	69	
Low Third Quality	9	20	48	32	45	21	27	37	
	Dollars Per Pair								
Cow-Calf Pair Rates	a								
Average	36.15	63.80	59.70	58.10	56.40	57.20	49.10	52.00	
% Change	-12	-3	-4	-9	-13	-6	-15	-12	
High Third Quality.	48.35	77.20	75.50	69.30	71.20	67.85	57.50	66.00	
Low Third Quality	26.55	51.10	48.00	44.80	45.00	47.85	35.00	38.35	

Source: \* Reporters' estimated cash rental rates (both averages and ranges) from the UNL Nebraska Farm Real Estate Market Survey, 2015 and 2016.

<sup>b</sup> Cash rents on center pivot land assumes landowners own total irrigation system.

<sup>c</sup> A cow-calf pair is typically considered to be 1.25 to 1.30 animal units (animal unit being 1,000 lb. animal) for a five month grazing season. However, this can vary depending on weight of cow and age of calf.

Jim Jansen, (402) 254-6821 Nebraska Extension jjansen4@unl.edu

Roger Wilson, (402) 472-1771 Department of Agricultural Economics University of Nebraska-Lincoln