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## NF98-379 Ballpark Estimate of Retirement Financial Needs

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## Ballpark Estimate of Retirement Financial Needs

*Adapted by Kathy Prochaska-Cue, Extension Family Economist<sup>1</sup>*



Only 36 percent of workers have tried to determine how much they'll need to save for a comfortable retirement, says the seventh annual Retirement Confidence Survey sponsored by the American Savings Education Council (ASEC), the Employee Benefit Research Institute, and Matthew Greenwald & Associates. Of those who have tried, 24 percent of them still don't know how much they'd need to be secure in retirement.

To help plan retirement income, ASEC has developed a **Ballpark Estimate Worksheet**. The worksheet simplifies the process of determining how much you need to save assuming you want 70 percent of current income, you live to age 87, and you realize a constant real rate of annual return of 3 percent after inflation.

For example, Ann, a 35-year-old working woman, earns \$30,000 per year. To estimate her retirement needs using the **Ballpark Estimate**, Ann multiplies her current income by 70 percent to get \$21,000 as what she will need. She writes that figure in **line 1**. Since her income is \$30,000, she uses \$12,000 as an annual estimate of her Social Security income (**line 2a**). She expects no additional income, so she leaves **lines 2b and 2c** blank. To find out what amount she needs from other sources each year, she subtracts her expected income from her needed income (\$21,000 minus \$12,000 = \$9,000), and puts that figure on **line 2d**.

To find out how much she needs to save to have \$9,000 each year, Jane first determines she expects to retire at age 65. In checking the table in **section 3**, she finds her multiplier factor for a retirement age of 65 is 16.4. She multiplies \$9,000 by 16.4 to determine she needs to save a total of \$147,600 (**line 3**). She does not expect to retire before age 65 so she leaves line **4 blank**.

Ann has saved \$2,000 in her 401(k) plan. Since she plans to retire in 30 years, she multiplies her savings by the factor for 30 years in section 5 to get \$4,800 (**line 5a**). She subtracts this \$4,800 from the total amount she needs (\$147,600) to find out how much she needs yet to save for retirement (\$142,800 from **line 5b**). To determine what she needs to save annually to get this amount, she multiplies \$142,800 by

the factor for 30 years (0.20) in **section 6**. She finds she needs to save \$2,856 each year for the next 30 years to reach her goal of \$142,800.

Remember the assumptions noted earlier? Just one minor change can make a big difference in the bottom-line. ASED suggests re-calculating retirement needs annually. **Ballpark Estimate** is just that, not a final calculation of retirement needs. And, the closer you are to retirement, the less helpful such ballpark figures will be. Seek the assistance of a qualified financial professional for a more detailed analysis.

Get a free copy of two ASEC publications, *The Power to Choose* and *How Do I Get There From Here?* by sending a self-addressed, stamped (78 cents in July 1998), business-size envelope to ASEC, address in footnote below.

## Ballpark E\$timate of Retirement Needs

This worksheet will give you an idea of the savings you'll need when you do retire.

- 1 **How much annual income will you need in retirement?** (To maintain your current level of living, multiply current annual income by .70.) \$\_\_\_\_\_ (1)
- 2 **Subtract the income you expect to receive annually from:** \$-\_\_\_\_\_ (2a)  
**Social Security.** If you make **under \$25,000**, enter \$8,000; **\$25,00 - \$40,000**, enter \$12,000; **over \$40,000**, enter \$14,500.  
**Traditional employer pension**, a plan that pays a set dollar amount for life, depending on salary and years of service (in today's dollars) \$-\_\_\_\_\_ (2b)  
**Other** (part-time job, self-employment, investments, gifts, etc.) \$-\_\_\_\_\_ (2c)  
**Total amount needed for each retirement year (line 1 minus 2a, 2b, 2c)** \$\_\_\_\_\_ (2d)

*Next estimate how much money you need to save by retirement to provide what you'll need each year. Assumptions include you'll realize a constant real rate of return of 3% after inflation, live to age 87, and begin to receive income from Social Security at age 65.*

- 3 **To determine the total amount you need to save**, multiply the amount you need for each retirement year (**line 2d**) by the factor below. \$\_\_\_\_\_ (3)  
**Age you expect to retire: 55 Your factor is: 21.0**  
                                     60                                      18.9  
                                     65                                      16.4  
                                     70                                      13.6
- 4 If you **expect to retire before age 65**, multiply your Social Security benefit from line 2a by the factor below. \$+\_\_\_\_\_ (4)  
**Age you expect to retire: 55 Your factor is: 8.8**  
                                     60                                      4.7
- 5 Multiply what **retirement savings you now have** by the factor below (money accumulated in a 401(k), IRA, or similar retirement plan). \$-\_\_\_\_\_ (5a)  
**If you want to retire in: 10 years Your factor is: 1.3**  
                                     15                                      1.6  
                                     20                                      1.8  
                                     25                                      2.1  
                                     30                                      2.4

|    |     |
|----|-----|
| 35 | 2.8 |
| 40 | 3.3 |

**Total savings needed at retirement (line 3 plus line 4 minus line 5a):** \$+\_\_\_\_\_ (5b)

**Don't panic.** Figure compounding since not only will money earn interest, but interest will earn interest!

- 6** To determine the **annual amount you'll need to save**, multiply the total amount you'll need (**line 5b**) by the factor below. \$+\_\_\_\_\_ (6)

|                                  |                 |                        |             |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------|
| <b>If you want to retire in:</b> | <b>10 years</b> | <b>Your factor is:</b> | <b>.085</b> |
|                                  | 15              |                        | .052        |
|                                  | 20              |                        | .036        |
|                                  | 25              |                        | .027        |
|                                  | 30              |                        | .020        |
|                                  | 35              |                        | .016        |
|                                  | 40              |                        | .013        |

***The sooner you get started, the better off you'll be at retirement. Good luck!***

<sup>1</sup>Adapted with permission from "Get a Ballpark Estimate of Your Retirement Needs." (1998). American Savings Education Council, Suite 600, 2121 K Street NW, Washington, DC 20037-1896, Tel: (202) 775-9130, www.asec.org.

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***File NF379 under: HOME MANAGEMENT***  
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