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Test 817: International B414 (Gasoline)

Nebraska Tractor Test Lab

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NEBRASKA TRACTOR TEST 817 - INTERNATIONAL B414 GASOLINE

The University of Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station

E. F. Frolik, Dean; H. H. Kramer, Director, Lincoln, Nebraska

POWER TAKE-OFF PERFORMANCE

Hp	Crank- shaft speed rpm	Fuel Consumption		Hp-hr per gal	Temperature Degrees F			Barometer inches of Mercury
		Gal per hr	Lb per hp-hr		Cooling medium	Air wet bulb	Air dry bulb	
MAXIMUM POWER AND FUEL CONSUMPTION								
Rated Engine Speed—Two Hours								
36.46	2000	3.024	0.505	12.06	179	66	76	28.798
VARYING POWER AND FUEL CONSUMPTION—TWO HOURS								
32.83	2118	2.865	0.531	11.46	175	68	80	.....
0.00	2246	1.134	.....	.....	151	68	80	.....
17.13	2211	2.017	0.716	8.49	168	69	82	.....
35.95	1999	3.008	0.509	11.95	182	70	84	.....
8.65	2235	1.563	1.099	5.53	161	70	84	.....
25.13	2163	2.426	0.587	10.36	176	71	85	.....
Av 19.95	2162	2.169	0.661	9.20	169	69	82	28.822

DRAWBAR PERFORMANCE

Hp	Draw-bar pull lbs	Speed miles per hr	Crank- shaft speed rpm	Slip of drivers %	Fuel Consumption			Temp Degrees F			Barometer inches of Mercury
					Gal per hr	Lb per hp-hr	Hp-hr per gal	Cool- ing med	Air wet bulb	Air dry bulb	
VARYING DRAWBAR POWER AND FUEL CONSUMPTION WITH BALLAST											
Maximum Available Power—Two Hours—4th Gear Low Range											
30.86	2249	5.15	1999	5.44	3.018	0.595	10.23	176	67	74	28.908
75% of Pull at Maximum Power—Ten Hours—4th Gear Low Range											
25.74	1732	5.57	2128	3.78	2.785	0.658	9.24	174	72	83	28.943
50% of Pull at Maximum Power—Two Hours—4th Gear Low Range											
17.53	1142	5.76	2177	2.89	2.243	0.778	7.82	169	70	86	28.833
MAXIMUM POWER WITH BALLAST											
29.13	4984	2.19	2005	14.58	2nd Gear Low Range			174	72	85	28.800
30.82	3482	3.32	1999	9.00	3rd Gear Low Range			179	69	75	28.930
30.78	2844	4.06	2004	7.19	1st Gear High Range			178	69	75	28.945
31.44	2295	5.14	1995	5.40	4th Gear Low Range			176	67	74	28.920
30.99	1627	7.14	1999	4.22	2nd Gear High Range			177	71	78	28.960
29.20	1058	10.35	2005	2.87	3rd Gear High Range			162	72	81	28.960
MAXIMUM POWER WITHOUT BALLAST											
29.99	2251	5.00	1998	11.16	4th Gear Low Range			181	70	83	28.770
VARYING DRAWBAR PULL AND TRAVEL SPEED WITH BALLAST											
4th Gear Low Range											
Pounds pull				2295	2413	2589	2698	2676	2558		
Horsepower				31.44	29.67	28.24	25.58	21.64	17.22		
Miles per hour				5.14	4.61	4.09	3.56	3.03	2.52		
Slip of Drivers, %				5.40	6.31	6.65	6.86	6.86	6.53		

Department of Agricultural Engineering

Dates of Test: May 3 to May 18, 1962

Manufacturer: INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Manufacturer's Power Rating: Not Rated

FUEL, OIL and TIME Fuel regular gasoline Octane No Motor 84.6 Research 92.2 (rating taken from oil company's typical inspection data) Specific gravity converted to 60°/60° 0.7309 Weight per gallon 6.084 lb Oil SAE 10W-30 API service classification MS, DM To motor 1.093 gal Drained from motor 0.963 gal Transmission and final-drive lubricant SAE 80 Total time engine was operated 48½ hours.

ENGINE Make International gasoline Type 4 cylinder vertical Serial No BC-144 1008 Crankshaft mounted lengthwise Rated rpm 2000 Bore and stroke 3⅝" x 4" Compression ratio 6.3 to 1 Displacement 143.1 cu in Carburetor size 30 mm Ignition system battery Cranking system 12 volt electric Lubrication pressure Air cleaner oil washed wire mesh Oil filter replaceable paper element Fuel filter strainer in fuel pump Muffler was used Cooling medium temperature control thermostat.

CHASSIS Type standard Serial No 502 Tread width rear 48" to 76" front 48" to 76" Wheel base 76.5" Center of gravity (without operator or ballast, with minimum tread, with fuel tank filled and tractor serviced for operation) Horizontal distance forward from center-line of rear wheels 25.7" Vertical distance above roadway 27.9" Horizontal distance from center of rear wheel tread 0.0" to the right/left Hydraulic control system direct engine drive Transmission selective gear fixed ratio Advertised speeds mph (low range) first 1.5 second 2.5 third 3.6 fourth 5.3 reverse 2.2 (high range) first 4.3 second 7.3 third 10.4 fourth 15.5 reverse 6.4 Clutch dry disc dual plate operated by foot pedal Brakes disc operated by hand lever or by two foot pedals which can be locked together Steering power assisted Turning radius (on concrete surface with brake applied) right 106" left 106" (on concrete surface without brake) right 133" left 133" Turning space diameter (on concrete surface with brake applied) right 226" left 226" (on concrete surface without brake) right 280" left 280" Belt pulley 1285 rpm at 2000 engine rpm diam 9.5" face 6.4" Belt speed 3190 fpm Power take-off 545.5 rpm at 2000 engine rpm.

REPAIRS and ADJUSTMENTS No repairs or adjustments.

REMARKS All test results were determined from observed data obtained in accordance with the SAE and ASAE test code.

First gear was not run as it was necessary to limit the pull in second gear to avoid excessive wheel slippage. Eighth gear was not run as it exceeded 15 mph.

We, the undersigned, certify that this is a true and correct report of official Tractor Test 817.

L. F. LARSEN
Engineer-in-Charge

L. W. HURLBUT
G. W. STEINBRUEGGE
J. J. SULEK
Board of Tractor Test
Engineers

TIRES, BALLAST and WEIGHT

		With Ballast	Without Ballast
Rear tires	—No, size, ply & psi	Two 13.6-28; 4; 14	Two 13.6-28; 4; 14
Ballast	—Liquid	530 lb each	None
	—Cast iron	675 lb each	None
Front tires	—No, size, ply & psi	Two 6.00-16; 4; 28	Two 6.00-16; 4; 28
Ballast	—Liquid	None	None
	—Cast iron	125 lb each	None
Height of drawbar		19 inches	20 inches
Static weight	—Rear	4850 lb	2440 lb
	—Front	1600 lb	1350 lb
Total weight with operator		6625 lb	3965 lb

EXPLANATION OF TEST REPORT

GENERAL CONDITIONS

Each tractor is a production model equipped for common usage. Power consuming accessories can be disconnected only when it is convenient for the operator to do so in practice. Additional weight can be added as ballast if the manufacturer regularly supplies it for sale. The static tire loads and the inflation pressures must conform to recommendations in the Tire Standards published by the Society of Automotive Engineers.

PREPARATION FOR PERFORMANCE RUNS

The engine crankcase is drained and refilled with a measured amount of new oil conforming to specifications in the operators manual. The fuel used and the maintenance operations must also conform to the published information delivered with the tractor. The tractor is then limbered-up for 12 hours on drawbar work in accordance with the manufacturer's published recommendations. The manufacturer's representative is present to make appropriate decisions regarding mechanical adjustments.

The tractor is equipped with approximately the amount of added ballast that is used during maximum drawbar tests. The tire tread-bar height must be at least 65% of new tread height prior to the maximum power run.

BELT OR POWER TAKE-OFF PERFORMANCE

Maximum Power and Fuel Consumption. The manufacturer's representative makes carburetor, fuel pump, ignition and governor control settings which remain unchanged throughout all subsequent runs. The governor and the manually operated governor control lever is set to provide the high-idle speed specified by the manufacturer for maximum power. Maximum power is measured by connecting the belt pulley or the power take-off to a dynamometer. The dynamometer load is then gradually increased until the engine is operating at the rated speed specified by the manufacturer for maximum power. The corresponding fuel consumption is measured.

Varying Power and Fuel Consumption. Six different horsepower levels are used to show corresponding fuel consumption rates and how the governor causes the engine to react to the following changes in dynamometer load: 85% of the dynamometer torque at maximum power; minimum dynamometer torque, $\frac{1}{2}$ the 85% torque; maximum power, $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of the 85% torque. Since a tractor is generally subjected to varying loads the average of the results in this test serve well for predicting the fuel consumption of a tractor in general usage.

DRAWBAR PERFORMANCE

All engine adjustments are the same as those used in the belt or power take-off tests. If the manufacturer specifies a different rated crankshaft speed for drawbar operations, then the position of the manually operated governor control is changed to provide the high-idle speed specified by the manufacturer in the operating instructions.

Varying Power and Fuel Consumption With Ballast. The varying power runs are made to show the effect of speed-control devices (engine governor, automatic trans-

mission, etc.) on horsepower, speed and fuel consumption. These runs are made around the entire test course which has two 180 degree turns with a minimum radius of 50 feet. The drawbar pull is set at 3 different levels as follows: (1) as near to the pull at maximum power as possible and still have the tractor maintain the travel speed at maximum horsepower on the straight sections of the test course; (2) 75% of the pull at maximum power; and (3) 50% of the pull at maximum power. Prior to 1958, fuel consumption data (10 hour test) were shown only for the pull obtained at maximum power for tractors having torque converters and at 75% of the pull obtained at maximum power for gear-type tractors.

Maximum Power with Ballast. Maximum power is measured on straight level sections of the test course. Data are shown for not more than 12 different gears or travel speeds. Some gears or travel speeds may be omitted because of high slippage of the traction members or because the travel speed may exceed the safe-limit for the test course. The maximum safe speed for the Nebraska Test Course has been set at 15 miles per hour. The slippage limits have been set at 15% and 7% for pneumatic tires and steel tracks or lugs, respectively. Higher slippage gives widely varying results.

Maximum Power Without Ballast. All added ballast is removed from the tractor. The maximum drawbar power of the tractor is determined by the same procedure used for getting maximum power with ballast. The gear (or travel speed) is the same as that used in the 10-hour test.

Varying Power and Travel Speed with Ballast. Travel speeds corresponding to drawbar pulls beyond the maximum power range are obtained to show the "lugging ability" of the tractor. The run starts with the pull at maximum power; then additional drawbar pull is applied to cause decreasing speeds. The run is ended by one of three conditions: (1) maximum pull is obtained, (2) the maximum slippage limit is reached, or (3) some other operating limit is reached.

For additional information about the Nebraska Tractor Tests write to the Department of Agricultural Engineering, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebraska.



International B414 Gasoline